



**GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND**  
Geotechnical & Environmental

Catherinestown House,  
Hazelhatch Road,  
Newcastle,  
Co. Dublin.  
D22 YD52

Tel: 01 601 5175 / 5176  
Email: [info@gii.ie](mailto:info@gii.ie)  
Web: [www.gii.ie](http://www.gii.ie)

# Ground Investigations Ireland

## Hackettstown, Skerries

### DBFL

# Waste Classification & Groundwater Assessment Report

## June 2020





**GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND**  
Geotechnical & Environmental

Catherinestown House,  
Hazelhatch Road,  
Newcastle,  
Co. Dublin.  
D22 YD52

Tel: 01 601 5175 / 5176  
Email: [info@gii.ie](mailto:info@gii.ie)  
Web: [www.gii.ie](http://www.gii.ie)

## **DOCUMENT CONTROL SHEET**

Project Title	Hackettstown, Skerries
Engineer	DBFL
Project No	9225-11-19
Document Title	Waste Classification & Groundwater Assessment Report

Rev.	Status	Author(s)	Reviewed By	Approved By	Office of Origin	Issue Date
A	Final	Nicholas Morgan	Barry Sexton	Barry Sexton	Dublin	11 June 2020

*Ground Investigations Ireland Ltd. present the results of the fieldworks and laboratory testing in accordance with the specification and related documents provided by or on behalf of the client. The possibility of variation in the ground and/or groundwater conditions between or below exploratory locations or due to the investigation techniques employed must be taken into account when this report and the appendices inform designs or decisions where such variation may be considered relevant. Ground and/or groundwater conditions may vary due to seasonal, man-made or other activities not apparent during the fieldworks and no responsibility can be taken for such variation. The data presented and the recommendations included in this report and associated appendices are intended for the use of the client and the client's geotechnical representative only and any duty of care to others is excluded unless approved in writing.*



Catherinestown House,  
Hazelhatch Road,  
Newcastle,  
Co. Dublin.  
D22 YD52

Tel: 01 601 5175 / 5176  
Email: [info@gii.ie](mailto:info@gii.ie)  
Web: [www.gii.ie](http://www.gii.ie)

**GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND**  
Geotechnical & Environmental

**CONTENTS**

1.0	Preamble.....	1
2.0	Purpose & Scope.....	1
3.0	Limitations.....	2
4.0	Site Location and Layout.....	2
5.0	Site History.....	2
6.0	Subsurface Exploration .....	3
6.1.	General .....	3
6.2.	Trial Pits.....	3
6.3.	Surveying .....	3
7.0	Ground Conditions.....	3
7.1.	General .....	3
8.0	Groundwater Quality .....	4
8.1.	Field Observations .....	5
8.2.	Laboratory Analysis .....	5
8.3.	Laboratory Results.....	6
9.0	Subsoil Laboratory Analysis .....	8
9.1.	Analysis Suite .....	8
9.2.	Asbestos.....	9
10.0	Waste Classification.....	9
11.0	Suitable for Use Assessment.....	12
12.0	Conclusions & Recommendations .....	13
12.1.	Conclusions .....	13
12.1.1.	Waste Classification .....	13
12.1.2.	Waste Categories .....	13
12.2.	S4UL Assessment .....	13
12.2.1.	Asbestos .....	13
12.2.2.	By-Product Suitability.....	13
12.2.3.	Groundwater .....	13



**GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND**  
Geotechnical & Environmental

Catherinestown House,  
Hazelhatch Road,  
Newcastle,  
Co. Dublin.  
D22 YD52

Tel: 01 601 5175 / 5176  
Email: [info@gii.ie](mailto:info@gii.ie)  
Web: [www.gii.ie](http://www.gii.ie)

<b>12.3. Recommendations</b> .....	<b>14</b>
<b>12.3.1. Waste Transfer</b> .....	<b>14</b>
<b>12.3.2. Removal of Material as a By-Product</b> .....	<b>14</b>
<b>13.0 References</b> .....	<b>15</b>

**APPENDICES**

<b>Appendix 1</b>	<b>Figures</b>
<b>Appendix 2</b>	<b>Trial Pit Records</b>
<b>Appendix 3</b>	<b>Laboratory Testing</b>
<b>Appendix 4</b>	<b>HazWasteOnLine™ Report</b>
<b>Appendix 5</b>	<b>WAC Data Summary</b>
<b>Appendix 6</b>	<b>S4UL Data</b>
<b>Appendix 7</b>	<b>Potential Material Outlets</b>

## 1.0 Preamble

Ground Investigations Ireland (GII) was appointed by DBFL Consulting Engineers to carry out a Waste Classification assessment for a proposed residential development at Hackettstown, Skerries, Co. Dublin. All site investigation works were carried out under the supervision of a GII Geo-Environmental Engineer. The site investigation works were completed between November 2019 and March 2020.

## 2.0 Purpose & Scope

It is understood that as part of the proposed development there may be an excavation to accommodate a foundations, services, access roads and car parking and as such the material which may be excavated and removed from site needs to be assessed in terms of waste disposal outlets. The waste classification was carried in parallel with a wider geotechnical site investigation.

The purpose of the waste classification exercise was as follows.

- Classification, in terms of waste management and final disposal outlets, of material that may require disposal following excavation during the construction phase; and
- Suitability for any material left on site for the proposed use following development; and
- Assess the materials suitability in terms of subsoil quality and potential environmental impact for removal from site as a by-product.

The scope of the work undertaken to facilitate the waste classification exercise included the following:

- Excavation of eight-teen (18 No.) trial pits;
- Collection of subsoil samples for chemical analysis;
- Environmental laboratory testing; and
- Waste classification;

The additional scope of the geotechnical investigation included the following:

- Visit project site to observe existing conditions
- Carry out 18 No. Trial Pits to a maximum depth of 4.0m BGL
- Carry out 8 No. Soakaways to determine a soil infiltration value to BRE digest 365
- Carry out 34 No. Dynamic Probes to determine soil strength/density characteristics
- Carry out 15 No. Cable Percussion boreholes to a maximum depth of 10.20m BGL
- Carry out 6 No Rotary boreholes
- Geotechnical Laboratory testing
- Report with recommendations

The geotechnical site investigation is discussed in the GII Site Investigation Report Dated April 2020.<sup>1</sup>

### **3.0 Limitations**

GII has prepared this report for the sole use of DBFL. No other warranty, express or implied, is made as to the professional advice included in this report or other services provided by GII.

The conclusions and recommendations contained in this report are based upon information provided by others and the assumption that all relevant information has been provided by those bodies from whom it has been requested. Information obtained from third parties has not been independently verified by GII, unless otherwise stated in this report.

This report has been prepared in line with best industry standards and within the project's budgetary and time constraints. The methodology adopted and the sources of information used by GII in providing its services are outlined in this report.

The work described was undertaken between November 2019 and March 2020, this report is based on the conditions encountered and the information available during that period. The scope of this Report and the services are accordingly factually limited by these circumstances.

Site investigations locations were selected by the consultant engineer.

GII disclaim any undertaking or obligation to advise any person of any change in any matter affecting the Report, which may come or be brought to GII's attention after the date of the Report.

The conclusions presented in this report represent GII's best professional judgement based on review of site conditions observed during any site visit and the relevant information available at the time of writing. The opinions and conclusions presented are valid only to the extent that the information provided was accurate and complete.

The investigation was focused on a broad assessment of the subsoil quality across the site. The assessment did not extend to the identification of asbestos containing materials associated with any on-site structures, ground gases or groundwater.

The waste classification exercise is reflective of and applicable to the ground conditions on site at the time of the site investigation and sampling. Alterations to the ground conditions or any further excavations carried out on site following the investigation are not reflected in this report.

### **4.0 Site Location and Layout**

The site is located on the outskirts of Skerries Village North County Dublin (Figure 1 Appendix 1). The northern part of the site is brownfield next to a recently constructed Balleygossan Park and appears to have been filled in places to raise the ground level. The southern part of the site is currently agricultural land.

### **5.0 Site History**

GII reviewed the aerial photographs and historical maps maintained by the Ordnance Survey of Ireland (OSI) and the google imagery records. These included the 6-inch maps that were produced between 1829

---

<sup>1</sup> Ground Investigations Ireland, Hackettstown, Skerries, Ground Investigation Report, April 2020.

and 1842, the 25-inch maps that were produced between 1888 and 1913 and the 6-inch Cassini Maps that were produced between the 1830's and 1930's. The site is undeveloped on the 6-inch with the Dublin to Drogheda railway line and Milverton Quarry located to the west of the site. The site is still undeveloped on the 25-inch and Cassini maps. Milverton Quarry and the railway line are present on the 25-inch and Cassini maps. On the 1995 and 2000 OSI aerial photos the site is undeveloped. There are some buildings located to the south of the site. On the remainder of the OSI photos the site is undeveloped. Based on the google earth imagery the site is still in its current state with surrounding housing developments indicated.

## **6.0 Subsurface Exploration**

### **6.1. General**

During the ground investigation a programme of intrusive investigation specified by the Consulting Engineer was undertaken to determine the sub surface conditions at the proposed site. Regular sampling and in-situ testing was undertaken in the exploratory holes to facilitate the geotechnical descriptions and to enable laboratory testing to be carried out on the soil samples recovered during excavation and drilling.

The procedures used in this site investigation are in accordance with Eurocode 7 Part 2: Ground Investigation and testing (ISEN 1997 – 2:2007) and B.S. 5930:2015.

### **6.2. Trial Pits**

The trial pits were excavated using an 8.5T tracked excavator at the locations shown in Figure 5. The locations were checked using a CAT scan to minimise the potential for encountering services during the excavation. The trial pits were sampled, logged and photographed by a Geotechnical Engineer/Engineering Geologist prior to backfilling with arisings. Notes were made of any services, inclusions, pit stability, groundwater encountered and the characteristics of the strata encountered and are presented on the trial pit logs which are provided in Appendix 2 of this Report.

### **6.3. Surveying**

The exploratory hole locations have been recorded using a Trimble R10 GNSS System which records the coordinates and elevation of the locations to ITM or Irish National Grid as required by the project specification. The coordinates and elevations are provided on the exploratory hole logs in the appendices of this Report.

## **7.0 Ground Conditions**

### **7.1. General**

The ground conditions encountered during the investigation are summarised below with reference to insitu and laboratory test results. The full details of the strata encountered during the ground investigation are provided in the exploratory hole logs included in the appendices of this report. For full geotechnical descriptions of the ground conditions refer to the geotechnical site investigation report referenced in Section 2.0.

The sequence of strata encountered were consistent across the site and are generally comprised;

- Topsoil
- Made Ground
- Cohesive Deposits
- Granular Deposits

**TOPSOIL:** Topsoil was encountered in all of the exploratory holes on the southern part of the site and was present to a maximum depth of 0.5m BGL. The topsoil in the investigation locations on the northern part of the site has been stripped and at these locations cohesive deposits or made ground was encountered from the surface.

**MADE GROUND:** Made Ground deposits were encountered in places on the northern part of the site beneath the Topsoil or from the surface and were present to varying depths of between 0.5m and 4.9m BGL. These deposits were described generally as *brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly Clay* or *slightly clayey sandy Gravel*. These deposits had some, occasional or frequent cobble and boulder content where noted on the exploratory hole logs. In some places these deposits contained *occasional fragments of tarmac, brick, plastic, and timber*

**COHESIVE DEPOSITS:** Cohesive deposits were encountered beneath the Made Ground or topsoil and were described typically as *brown sandy gravelly CLAY* or *silty CLAY with occasional cobbles and boulders*. The secondary sand and gravel constituents varied across the site and with depth, with granular lenses occasionally present in the glacial till matrix. These deposits had some, occasional or frequent cobble and boulder content where noted on the exploratory hole logs.

The strength of the cohesive deposits varied across the site but generally increased with depth and was typically soft to depths of between 1.7 and 3.4m BGL overlaying firm, firm to stiff or stiff in the majority of the exploratory holes.

**GRANULAR DEPOSITS:** The granular deposits were encountered within the cohesive deposits and were typically described as *grey or brown clayey sandy sub rounded to sub angular fine to coarse GRAVEL with occasional cobbles* or *gravelly fine to coarse SAND*. The secondary sand/gravel and silt/clay constituents varied across the site and with depth while occasional or frequent cobble and boulder content also present where noted on the exploratory hole logs.

## 8.0 Groundwater Quality

Groundwater monitoring wells were installed in BH-07, BH-101, BH-103 and RC-09 upon the completion of the boreholes. This was to enable sampling and the determination of the equilibrium groundwater level as well as enabling the collection of groundwater samples. The typical groundwater installation consists of a 50mm HDPE slotted pipe with a pea gravel response zone and bentonite seal installed to the Engineers specification. The installation details are provided on the exploratory hole logs in the appendices of this



Report. Groundwater samples were collected from the wells installed in BH-07, BH-101, BH-103 and RC-09 on the 20<sup>th</sup> May 2020 by a GII Geo-Environmental Engineer.

The groundwater level in each well was recorded using a Geotechnical Instruments water level probe after which, the well was purged to remove the stagnant water in the well and surrounding gravel pack. Purging is necessary to ensure that the groundwater parameters measured are representative of the formation and not the stagnant water in the monitoring well or surrounding gravel filter.

### 8.1. Field Observations

No evidence of contamination was noted during the sampling of the groundwater wells. Groundwater field parameters were measured in situ using calibrated hand probes. Measurement included pH, electrical conductivity, temperature and redox potential (ORP). The recorded field data is summarised in Table 1.

**Table 1 Groundwater Field Measurements**

Sample ID	Sample Date	pH (pH Units)	Electrical Conductivity (mS/cm)	Temperature (Celsius)	Redox Potential (mV)	Odour	Colour
BH-07	20/05/2020	6.85	0.77	12.7	159	None	Light brown
BH-101	20/05/2020	6.88	0.88	15.4	135	None	Light brown
BH-103	20/05/2020	7.30	0.95	13.9	107	None	Light brown
RC-09	20/05/2020	7.45	0.80	13.1	148	None	Light brown

### 8.2. Laboratory Analysis

The laboratory analysis undertaken on the samples collected from the boreholes included for dissolved arsenic, boron, cadmium, copper, chromium, cyanide, lead, mercury, nickel, manganese and zinc, aliphatic and aromatic petroleum hydrocarbons, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH), methyl tert butyl ether (MTBE), benzene toluene ethylbenzene and toluene (BTEX), total phenols, pH, electrical conductivity, nitrate, nitrite, chloride, sulphate, ammonia and potassium. The parameter range was based on the site history and the need to establish a comprehensive environmental baseline for the groundwater quality for the site. The samples collected from the trial pits were analysed for aliphatic and aromatic petroleum hydrocarbons, volatile organic compounds (VOCs), methyl tert butyl ether (MTBE), benzene toluene ethylbenzene and toluene (BTEX).

The laboratory testing was completed by Element Materials Technology in the UK; EMT is a UKAS accredited laboratory. The full laboratory reports are included in Appendix 7. The analytical methodologies are all ISO/CEN approved or equivalent.

### 8.3. Laboratory Results

The full laboratory test report is presented in Appendix 7 and the results are summarised in Tables 2 to 4. The tables include Interim Guideline Values (IGV) published by the EPA and the Groundwater Threshold Values (GTV) set out in the European Communities Environmental Objectives (Groundwater) Regulations (S.I. 9 of 2010).

The IGVs are not statutory but were developed to assist in the assessment of impacts on groundwater quality. The IGVs are based on, but are more conservative than, the Drinking Water quality standards. GTVs have only been established for core indicator parameters. To ensure a comprehensive assessment of the groundwater quality, the IGVs are presented for parameters for which there are no GTV.

The level of manganese in BH-07 and BH-103 exceeded the IGV. The level of nitrate in BH-101 and BH-103 exceeded the IGV. The elevated levels of nitrate are likely linked to local agricultural practices with the manganese likely to be naturally occurring.

**Table 2 Groundwater Metals and Inorganics**

Parameter	BH-07	BH101	BH103	RC09	LOD	Unit	EPA IGV <sup>2</sup>	GTV <sup>3</sup>
Dissolved Arsenic	<2.5	2.7	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	ug/l	-	7.5
Dissolved Boron	70	56	53	35	<12	ug/l	-	750
Dissolved Cadmium	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	ug/l	-	3.75
Total Dissolved Chromium	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	ug/l	-	37.5
Dissolved Copper	<7	<7	<7	<7	<7	ug/l	-	1,500
Dissolved Lead	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	ug/l	-	18.75
Dissolved Manganese	161	34	199	2	<2	ug/l	50	ne <sup>4</sup>
Dissolved Mercury	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	ug/l	-	0.75
Dissolved Nickel	2	2	6	<2	<2	ug/l	-	15
Dissolved Potassium	3.4	5.0	1.7	0.7	<0.1	mg/l	5	ne
Dissolved Zinc	<3	<3	<3	<3	<3	ug/l	100	ne
Sulphate	26.2	60.1	89.9	21.3	<0.5	mg/l	-	187.5
Chloride	31.2	27.0	49.6	51.2	<0.3	mg/l	-	187.5
Nitrate as NO <sub>3</sub>	26.2	45.4	65.2	26.8	<0.2	mg/l	-	37.5
Total Cyanide	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	mg/l	-	0.0375
Ammoniacal Nitrogen as NH <sub>3</sub>	<0.03	<0.03	0.13	<0.03	<0.03	mg/l	-	0.175
Electrical Conductivity @25C <sup>#</sup>	522	487	483	400	<2	µS/cm	1,000	1,875

<sup>2</sup> EPA Report – Towards Setting Guideline Values for the Protection of Groundwater in Ireland, Interim Report, 2003.

<sup>3</sup> Groundwater Threshold Values as set out in S.I. 9 of 2010.

<sup>4</sup> ne – not established.

Parameter	BH-07	BH101	BH103	RC09	LOD	Unit	EPA IGV <sup>2</sup>	GTV <sup>3</sup>
pH	7.64	7.82	7.79	7.63	<0.01	pH units	≥ 6.5 - ≤ 9.5	ne

**Table 3 Groundwater PAHs**

Parameter	BH-07	BH101	BH103	RC09	LOD	Unit	EPA IGV	GTV
Naphthalene	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.013	µg/l	1	ne
Acenaphthylene	<0.013	<0.013	<0.013	<0.013	<0.013	µg/l	ne	ne
Acenaphthene	<0.013	<0.013	<0.013	<0.013	<0.014	µg/l	ne	ne
Fluorene	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.011	µg/l	ne	ne
Phenanthrene	<0.011	<0.011	<0.011	<0.011	<0.013	µg/l	ne	ne
Anthracene	<0.013	<0.013	<0.013	<0.013	<0.012	µg/l	10,000	ne
Fluoranthene	<0.012	<0.012	0.012	<0.012	<0.013	µg/l	1	ne
Pyrene	0.030	<0.013	<0.013	<0.013	<0.015	µg/l	ne	ne
Benzo(a)anthracene	<0.015	<0.015	<0.015	<0.015	<0.011	µg/l	ne	ne
Chrysene	<0.011	<0.011	<0.011	<0.011	<0.018	µg/l	ne	ne
Benzo(bk)fluoranthene	<0.018	<0.018	<0.018	<0.018	<0.016	µg/l	ne	ne
Benzo(a)pyrene	<0.016	<0.016	<0.016	<0.016	<0.011	µg/l	0.01	0.0075
Indeno(123cd)pyrene	<0.011	<0.011	<0.011	<0.011	<0.01	µg/l	0.05	ne
Dibenzo(ah)anthracene	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.011	µg/l	ne	ne
Benzo(ghi)perylene	<0.011	<0.011	<0.011	<0.011	<0.195	µg/l	0.05	ne
PAH 16 Total	<0.195	<0.195	<0.195	<0.195	<0.01	µg/l	ne	0.075
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	µg/l	0.5	ne
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.1	µg/l	0.05	ne

**Table 4 Groundwater Hydrocarbons**

Parameter	BH-07	BH101	BH103	RC09	LOD	Unit	EPA IGV	GTV
TPH CWG								
Aliphatics								
>C5-C6	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	µg/l	ne	ne
>C6-C8	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	µg/l	ne	ne
>C8-C10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	µg/l	ne	ne
>C10-C12	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	µg/l	ne	ne
>C12-C16	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	µg/l	ne	ne
>C16-C21	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	µg/l	ne	ne
>C21-C35	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	µg/l	ne	ne
Total aliphatics C5-35	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	µg/l	0.01	ne
Aromatics								
>C5-EC7	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	µg/l	ne	ne
>EC7-EC8	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	µg/l	ne	ne
>EC8-EC10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	µg/l	ne	ne

Parameter	BH-07	BH101	BH103	RC09	LOD	Unit	EPA IGV	GTV
>EC10-EC12	<5	<5	<5	<5	<10	µg/l	ne	ne
>EC12-EC16	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	µg/l	ne	ne
>EC16-EC21	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	µg/l	ne	ne
>EC21-EC35	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	µg/l	ne	ne
Total aromatics C5-35	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	µg/l	0.01	ne
Total aliphatics and aromatics(C5-35)	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	µg/l	0.01	ne
Total Phenols HPLC	<0.15	<0.15	<0.15	<0.15	<0.15	mg/l	0.5	ne
MTBE	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	µg/l	30	ne
Benzene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	µg/l	ne	0.75
Toluene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	µg/l	10	ne
Ethylbenzene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	µg/l	10	ne
m/p-Xylene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	µg/l	10	ne
o-Xylene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	µg/l	10	ne

## 9.0 Subsoil Laboratory Analysis

### 9.1. Analysis Suite

In order to assess materials, which may be excavated and removed from site, in terms of waste classification, a selection of samples collected were analysed for a suite of parameters which allows for the assessment of the soils in terms of total pollutant content for classification of materials as *hazardous* or *non-hazardous* (RILTA Suite). The suite also allows for the assessment of the soils in terms of suitability for placement at various categories of landfill. The parameter list for the RILTA suite includes analysis of the solid samples for arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, copper, cyanide, lead, nickel, mercury, zinc, speciated aliphatic and aromatic petroleum hydrocarbons, pH, sulphate, sulphide, moisture content, soil organic matter and an asbestos screen.

The RILTA suite also includes those parameters specified in the EU Council Decision establishing criteria for the acceptance of waste at Landfills (Council Decision 2003/33/EC), which for the solid samples are pH, total organic carbon (TOC), speciated aliphatic and aromatic petroleum hydrocarbons, BTEX, phenol, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB) and PAH.

In line with the requirement of Council Decision 2003/33/EC a leachate was generated from the solid samples which was in turn analysed for antimony, arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, mercury, molybdenum, nickel, selenium, zinc, chloride, fluoride, soluble sulphate, sulphide, phenols, dissolved organic carbon (DOC) and total dissolved solids (TDS). The suite was selected due to the unknown origin of the material underlying the site and no evidence of specific contaminants of concern highlighted in the site history. The laboratory testing was completed by Element Materials Technology (EMT) in the UK; EMT is a UKAS accredited laboratory. The full laboratory reports are included in Appendix 3.

## 9.2. Asbestos

Asbestos fibres were **not** detected in the samples. The laboratory did **not** identify asbestos containing materials (ACMs) in the sample.

## 10.0 Waste Classification

GII understands that any materials which may be excavated from site would meet the definition of waste under the Waste Framework Directive. This may not be the case at the time of excavation when all or some of the materials may have been declared a by-product in line with Article 27 of the European Communities (Waste Directive) Regulations 2011<sup>5</sup>.

Excess soil and stone resulting from excavation works (the primary purpose of which is not the production of soil and stone) may be declared a by-product if all four by-product conditions are met.<sup>6</sup>

- a) further use of the soil and stone is certain;
- b) the soil and stone can be used directly without any further processing other than normal industrial practice;
- c) the soil and stone is produced as an integral part of a production process; and
- d) further use is lawful in that the soil and stone fulfils all relevant requirements for the specific use and will not lead to overall adverse environmental or human health impacts.

Due to the varying levels of anthropogenic materials encountered in the made ground there are potentially two sets of List of Waste (LoW)<sup>7</sup> codes with “mirror” entries which may be applied to excavated materials to be removed from site.

1. 17-05-03\* (soil and stone containing dangerous substances, classified as hazardous) or 17-05-04 (soil and stone other than those mentioned in 17-05-03, not hazardous); or
2. 17-09-03\* (other construction and demolition wastes (including mixed wastes) containing hazardous substances) or 17-09-04 (mixed construction and demolition wastes other than those mentioned in 17 09 01, 17 09 02 and 17 09 03).

Where waste is a mirror entry in the LoW, it can be classified via a process of analysis against standard criteria set out in the Waste Framework Directive. The assessment process is described in detail in guidance published by the Irish (EPA Waste Classification, List of Waste & Determining if Waste is Hazardous or Non-Hazardous, June 2015) and UK regulatory authorities (Guidance on the Classification

<sup>5</sup> S.I. No. 126/2011 - European Communities (Waste Directive) Regulations 2011 (Article 27).

<sup>6</sup> Irish EPA (June 2019), Guidance on Soil and Stone By-Products.

<sup>7</sup> Formerly European Waste Catalogue Codes (EWC Codes)

and Assessment of Waste: Technical Guidance WM3, 2015). The assessment involves comparison of the concentration of various parameters against defined threshold values.

The specific LoW code which should be applied to the material at each sample location is summarised in Table 1 below. These codes are only applicable where the material is being removed for site as a waste.

GII use HazWasteOnline™, a web-based commercial waste classification software tool which assists in the classification of potentially hazardous materials. This tool was used to determine whether the materials sampled are classified as hazardous or non-hazardous. The use of the online tool is accepted by the EPA (EPA 2014).

The conclusions presented in the report are based on GII's professional opinion. **It should be noted that the environmental regulator (in this case the EPA) and the waste acceptor (in this case a landfill operator) shall decide whether a waste is hazardous or non-hazardous and suitable for disposal at their facility.**

#### 10.1. HazWasteOnLine™ Results

In total, six (6 No.) samples were assessed using the HazWasteOnLine™ Tool. All samples were classified as being non-hazardous. The complete HazWasteOnLine™ report for all samples is included in Appendix 4.

The specific LoW code which should be applied to the material at each SI location is summarised in Table 5 below. The assigning of the LoW code is based on observations recorded in the trial pits an estimation of the % of anthropogenic material present and the results of the HazWasteOnline™ output. The final LoW codes applied at the time of disposal may vary due to variations in % of anthropogenic material observed in the excavation phase. Where there is in excess of 2%<sup>8</sup> anthropogenic material observed the LoW code 17 09 04 may be applied.

**Table 5 LoW Codes**

SI Location	Depth (m)	Hazardous/Non-Hazardous	Asbestos Type if Present	LoW Code
TP05	0.50	Non-Hazardous	NAD <sup>9</sup>	17 05 04
TP06	0.50	Non-Hazardous	NAD	17 05 04
TP10	0.50	Non-Hazardous	NAD	17 05 04
TP101	0.50	Non-Hazardous	NAD	17 05 04
TP101	0.50	Non-Hazardous	NAD	17 05 04
TP104	0.50	Non-Hazardous	NAD	17 05 04

<sup>8</sup> EPA (2020) - Guidance on Waste Acceptance Criteria at Authorised Soil Recovery Facilities.

<sup>9</sup> NAD – no asbestos detected.

## 10.2. Landfill Waste Acceptance Criteria

Waste Acceptance Criteria (WAC) have been agreed by the EU (Council Decision 2003/33/EC) and are only applicable to material if it is to be disposed of as a waste at a landfill facility. Each individual member state and licensed operators of landfills may apply more stringent WAC. WAC limits and the associated laboratory analysis are not suitable for use in the determination of whether a waste is hazardous or non-hazardous. The data have been compared to the WAC limits set out in Council Decision 2003/33/EC as well as the specific WAC which the EPA have applied to the Integrated Materials Solutions (IMS) Landfill in north County Dublin. The IMS landfill has higher limits for a range of parameters while still operating under an inert landfill licence. The WAC data considered in combination with the waste classification outlined in Section 12.0 allows the most suitable waste category to be applied to the material tested. The applicable waste categories are summarised in Table 6. A summary of the WAC data is presented in Appendix 5. The waste category assigned to each sample is summarised in Table 7.

**Table 6 Waste Category for Disposal/Recovery**

Waste Category	Classification Criteria
Category A Unlined Soil Recovery Facilities	Soil and Stone only which are free from <sup>10</sup> anthropogenic materials such as concrete, brock timber. Soil must be free from “contamination” e.g. PAHs, Hydrocarbons <sup>11</sup> .
Category B1 Inert Landfill	Reported concentrations within inert waste limits, which are set out by the adopted EU Council Decision 2003/33/EC establishing criteria and procedures for the acceptance of waste at landfills pursuant to Article 16 and Annex II of Directive 1999/31/EC (2002). Results also found to be non-hazardous using the HWOL <sup>12</sup> application.
Category B2 Inert Landfill	Reported concentrations greater than Category B1 criteria but less than IMS Hollywood Landfill acceptance criteria, as set out in their Waste Licence W0129-02. Results also found to be non-hazardous using the HWOL application.
Category C Non-Haz Landfill	Reported concentrations greater than Category B2 criteria but within non-haz landfill waste acceptance limits set out by the adopted EU Council Decision 2003/33/EC establishing criteria and procedures for the acceptance of waste at landfills pursuant to Article 16 and Annex II of Directive 1999/31/EC (2002). Results also found to be non-hazardous using the HWOL application.
Category C 1 Non-Haz Landfill	As Category C but containing < 0.001% w/w asbestos fibres.
Category C 2 Non-Haz Landfill	As Category C but containing >0.001% and <0.01% w/w asbestos fibres

<sup>10</sup> Free from equates to less than 2%.

<sup>11</sup> Total BTEX 0.05mg/kg, Mineral Oil 50mg/kg, Total PAHs 1mg/kg, Total PCBs 0.05mg/kg and Asbestos No Asbestos Detected – EPA Guidance on Waste Acceptance Criteria at Authorised Soil Recovery Facilities, 2020.

<sup>12</sup> HazWasteOnLine™ Tool.

Category C 3 Non-Haz Landfill	As Category C but containing >0.01% and <0.1% w/w asbestos fibres.
Category D Hazardous Treatment	Results found to be hazardous using HWOL Application.
Category D 1 Hazardous Disposal	Results found to be hazardous due to the presence of asbestos (>0.1%).

### 10.3. Final Waste Categorisation

All samples were assessed in terms of waste classification using the HazWasteOnLine™ tool and also the WAC set out in Council Decision 2003/33/EC and the IMS specific WAC to give a final waste categorisation to determine the most appropriate disposal route for any waste generated. The final and most applicable waste category for each sample is summarised in Table 7.

**Table 7 Individual Sample Waste Category**

Sample ID	Sample Depth (m)	Material Type	Waste Category	LoW Code
TP-05	0.50	Sand	Category A	17 05 04
TP-06	0.50	Clay	Category A	17 05 04
TP-10	0.50	Made Ground	Category A	17 05 04
TPI-101	0.50	Made Ground	Category A	17 05 04
TP-101	0.50	Made Ground	Category A	17 05 04
TP-104	0.50	Made Ground	Category A	17 05 04

### 11.0 Suitable for Use Assessment

GII assessed the soil data collected from the trial pits against the LQM/CIEH S4ULs for Human Health Risk Assessment (S4ULs)<sup>13</sup>. The S4ULs present soil assessment criteria for an extended range of 89 substances. For each substance, S4ULs have been derived for a range of generic land uses and Soil Organic Matter (%SOM) contents. All toxicological and physical-chemical inputs used in the derivation of the S4ULs are clearly identified and discussed. For each substance, S4ULs have been derived for six generic land uses (including the two Public Open Space land uses defined in C4SL guidance) and a range of Soil Organic Matter contents (organic contaminants only). All toxicological and physical-chemical data inputs used in the derivation of the S4ULs are presented and discussed in the publication. The proposed future use of the site is residential. In order to be conservative in terms of assessing any potential risk to future site users, the residential with homegrown produce S4UL criteria have been applied to the data. All samples were all within the residential without homegrown produce S4ULs. A full summary of the S4UL data is presented in Appendix 6.

<sup>13</sup> LQM/CIEH 'Suitable 4 Use Levels' (S4ULs). Copyright Land Quality Management Limited reproduced with permission; Publication Number S4UL3746. All rights reserved.



## 12.0 Conclusions & Recommendations

The conclusions and recommendations given and opinions expressed in this report are based on the findings of the site investigation works and laboratory testing undertaken. Where any opinion is expressed on the classification of material between site investigations locations, this is for guidance only and no liability can be accepted for its accuracy. No responsibility can be accepted for conditions which have not been revealed by the findings at the site investigation locations.

### 12.1. Conclusions

#### 12.1.1. Waste Classification

Based on the results of the HazWasteOnLine™ tool the material sampled across the site can be classified as non-hazardous.

#### 12.1.2. Waste Categories

The most applicable waste category for each of the samples has been presented in Table 3.

### 12.2. S4UL Assessment

The material analysed is suitable for retention on site post development.

#### 12.2.1. Asbestos

Asbestos was **not** detected in the soil samples.

#### 12.2.2. By-Product Suitability

The material sampled is suitable for removal from site as a by-product which will *not lead to overall adverse environmental or human health impacts*.

#### 12.2.3. Groundwater

The analytical data from the four wells samples does not indicate contamination of concern of the underlying groundwater.

## 12.3. Recommendations

### 12.3.1. Waste Transfer

In the event that material is excavated for removal from site, any firm engaged to transport waste material from site and the operator of any waste facility that will accept subsoils excavated from this site should be furnished with, at a minimum, copies of the **full unabridged** laboratory reports and HazWasteOnLine™ report for all samples presented in this report.

The material on site if excavated should be removed to the most appropriate facility under the waste categories and LoW codes identified in Table 3. Potential outlets for the various waste categories are presented in Appendix 7, this list is not exhaustive and applicable at the time of the writing this report.

The non-hazardous material across the site if excavated should be removed from site to an appropriate facility under either the LoW codes 17 05 04 or 17 09 04. Where during excavation there is noted to be in excess of 2% anthropogenic material the appropriate LoW code which should be applied is 17 09 04.

### 12.3.2. Removal of Material as a By-Product

The material sampled is suitable from an environmental impact perspective for removal from site as a by-product in line with Article 27 of the European Communities (Waste Directive) Regulations 2011. The material may only be declared a by-product if all four by-product conditions are met.

- a) further use of the soil and stone is certain;
- b) the soil and stone can be used directly without any further processing other than normal industrial practice;
- c) the soil and stone is produced as an integral part of a production process; and
- d) further use is lawful in that the soil and stone fulfils all relevant requirements for the specific use and will not lead to overall adverse environmental or human health impacts.

### 13.0 References

Environment Agency (2013). *Waste Sampling and Testing for Disposal to Landfill*. Available at: [https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\\_data/file/321207/Sampling\\_and\\_testing\\_of\\_waste\\_for\\_landfill.pdf](https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/321207/Sampling_and_testing_of_waste_for_landfill.pdf)

Environment Agency (2015). *Technical Guidance WM3 - Guidance on the classification and assessment of waste (1st edition 2015) Technical Guidance WM3*. Available at: [https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\\_data/file/427077/LIT\\_10121.pdf](https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/427077/LIT_10121.pdf)

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) (2014). Letter to Licences *Re: Waste Classification & Haz Waste On-Line™*. Available at: <https://www.hazwasteonline.com/marketing/media/downloads/EPA%20Waste%20classification%20communication%2020may14.pdf>

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) (2015). *Waste Classification List of Waste & Determining if Waste is Hazardous or Non-hazardous*. Available at: [https://www.epa.ie/pubs/reports/waste/stats/wasteclassification/EPA\\_Waste\\_Classification\\_2015\\_Web.pdf](https://www.epa.ie/pubs/reports/waste/stats/wasteclassification/EPA_Waste_Classification_2015_Web.pdf)

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) (2020). *Guidance on Waste Acceptance Criteria at Authorised Soil Recovery Facilities*. <https://www.epa.ie/pubs/advice/waste/waste/wasteacceptancecriteria.html>

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) (June 2019). *Guidance on Soil and Stone By-products in the context of article 27 of the European Communities (Waste Directive) Regulations 2011 Version 3*. Available at: [https://www.epa.ie/pubs/advice/waste/product/Guidance\\_on\\_Soil\\_and\\_Stone\\_By\\_Product.pdf](https://www.epa.ie/pubs/advice/waste/product/Guidance_on_Soil_and_Stone_By_Product.pdf)

Association of Geotechnical and Geoenvironmental Specialists (2019). *Waste Classification for Soils – A Practitioners Guide*.

Nathanial, C.P.; McCaffrey, C.; Gillett, A.G.; Ogden, R.C. & Nathanial, J.F., *The LQM/CIEH S4ULs for Human Health Risk Assessment*, Land Quality Press, Nottingham (2015).

# APPENDIX 1 - Figures





**GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND**  
Geotechnical & Environmental

Ground Investigations Ireland Ltd.  
Catherinstown House,  
Hazelhatch Road,  
Newcastle, Co. Dublin  
www.gii.ie 01-6015175/5176

**Client:**

**Project Title:**  
Hackettstown, Skerries

**Drawing Title:**  
Figure 1 Site Location

**GII Project Reference:**  
9225-11-19

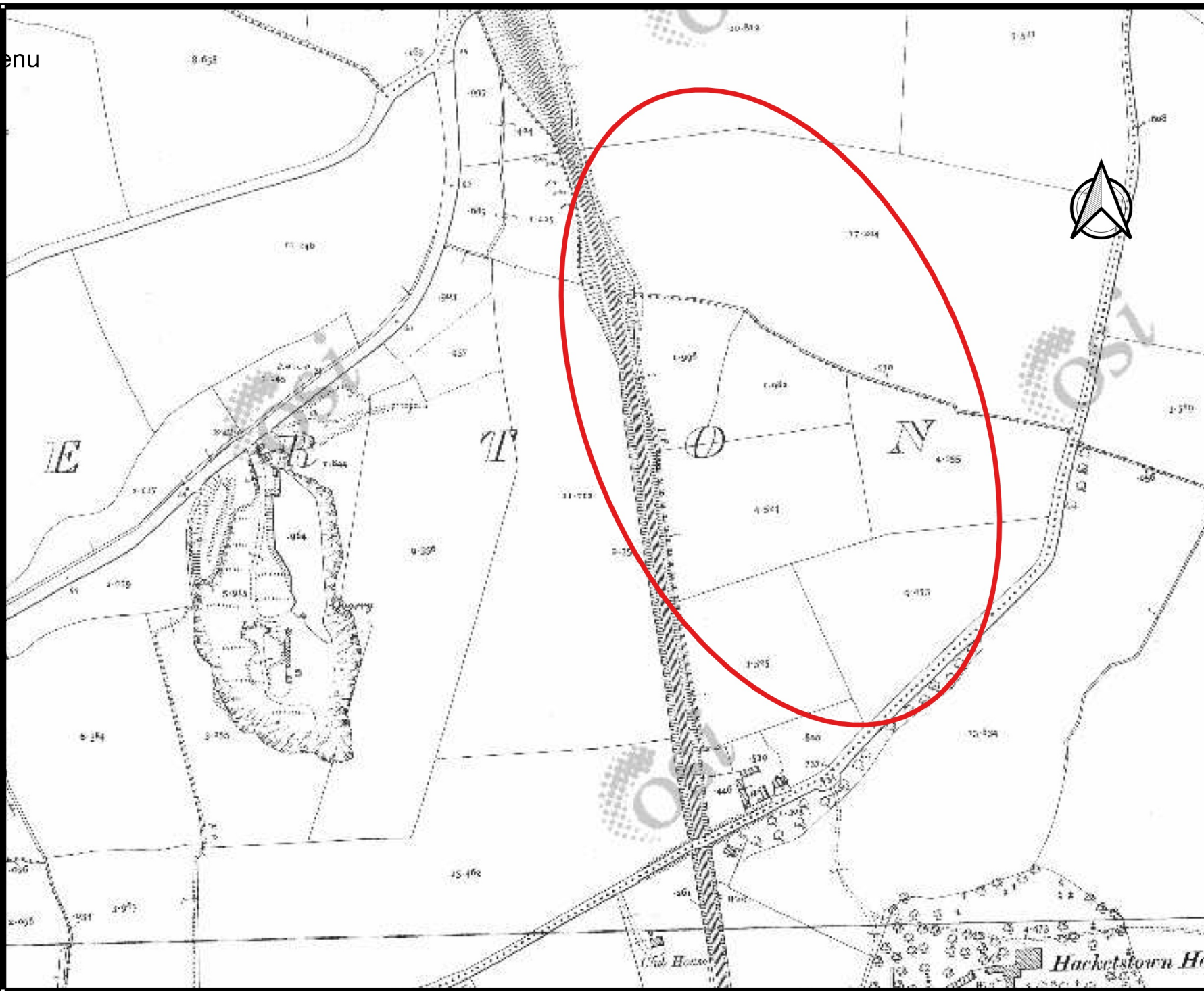
0 50 100 150 m


Drawn By:  
NM

Date:  
20/04/2020

**Legend**

- Site Location
- Indicative Site Boundary



 Indicative Site Boundary

**Client:**



**Project Code:**

9225-11-19

**Project Title:**

Hacketstown, Skerries

**Drawing Title:**

Figure 2 OSI 25 Inch Map



**GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND**  
Geotechnical & Environmental

Ground Investigations Ireland Ltd.  
Catherinstown House,  
Hazelhatch Road,  
Newcastle, Co. Dublin  
www.gii.ie 01-6015175/5176

Drawn By:  
NM

Date:  
20/04/2020



 Indicative Site Boundary

**Client:**



**Project Code:**

9225-11-19

**Project Title:**

Hacketstown, Skerries

**Drawing Title:**

Figure 3 OSI 6 Inch Map

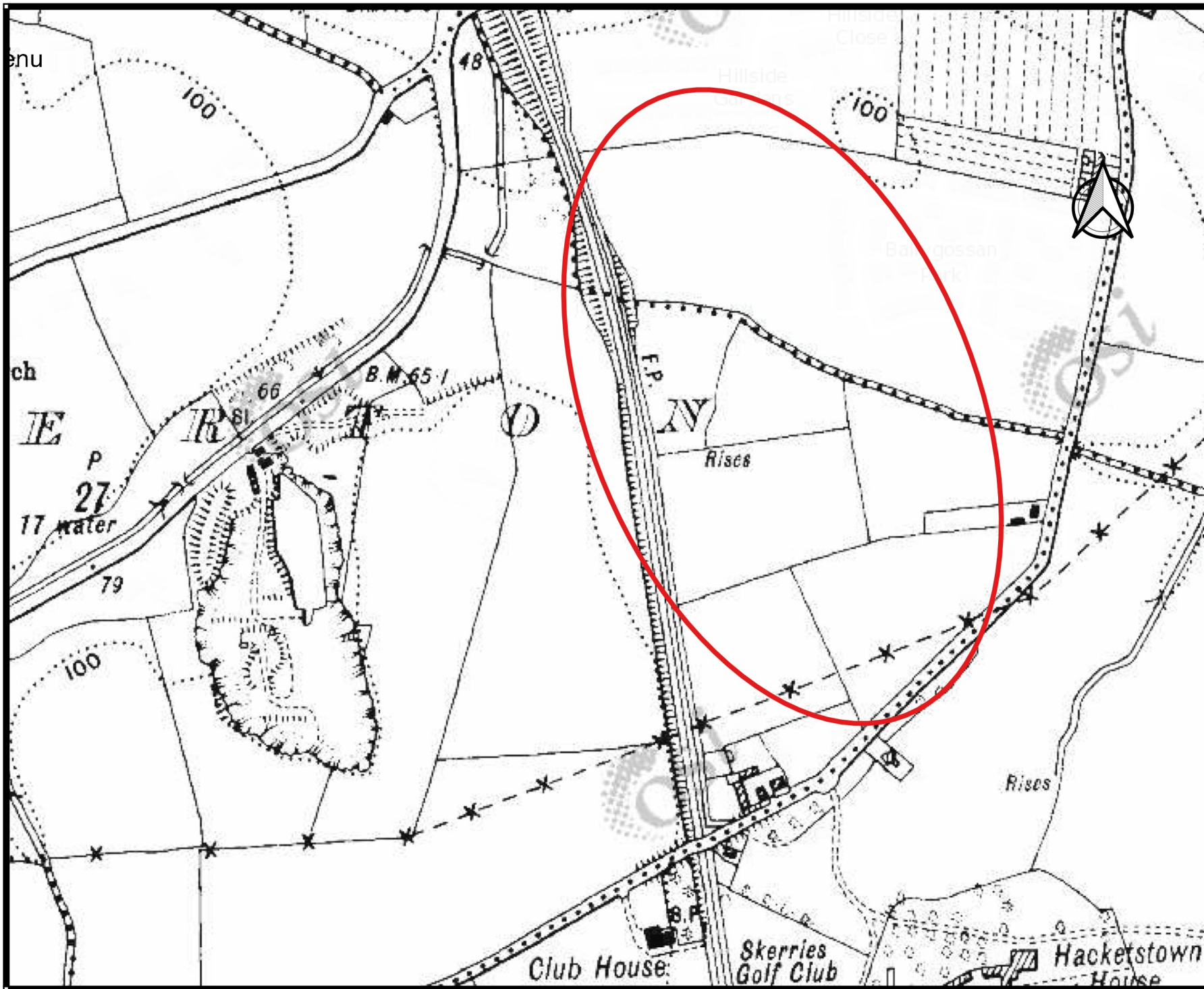


**GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND**  
Geotechnical & Environmental

Ground Investigations Ireland Ltd.  
Catherinstown House,  
Hazelhatch Road,  
Newcastle, Co. Dublin  
www.gii.ie 01-6015175/5176

Drawn By:  
NM

Date:  
20/04/2020



 Indicative Site Boundary

**Client:**



**Project Code:**

9225-11-19

**Project Title:**

Hacketstown, Skerries

**Drawing Title:**

Figure 4 OSI Cassini Map



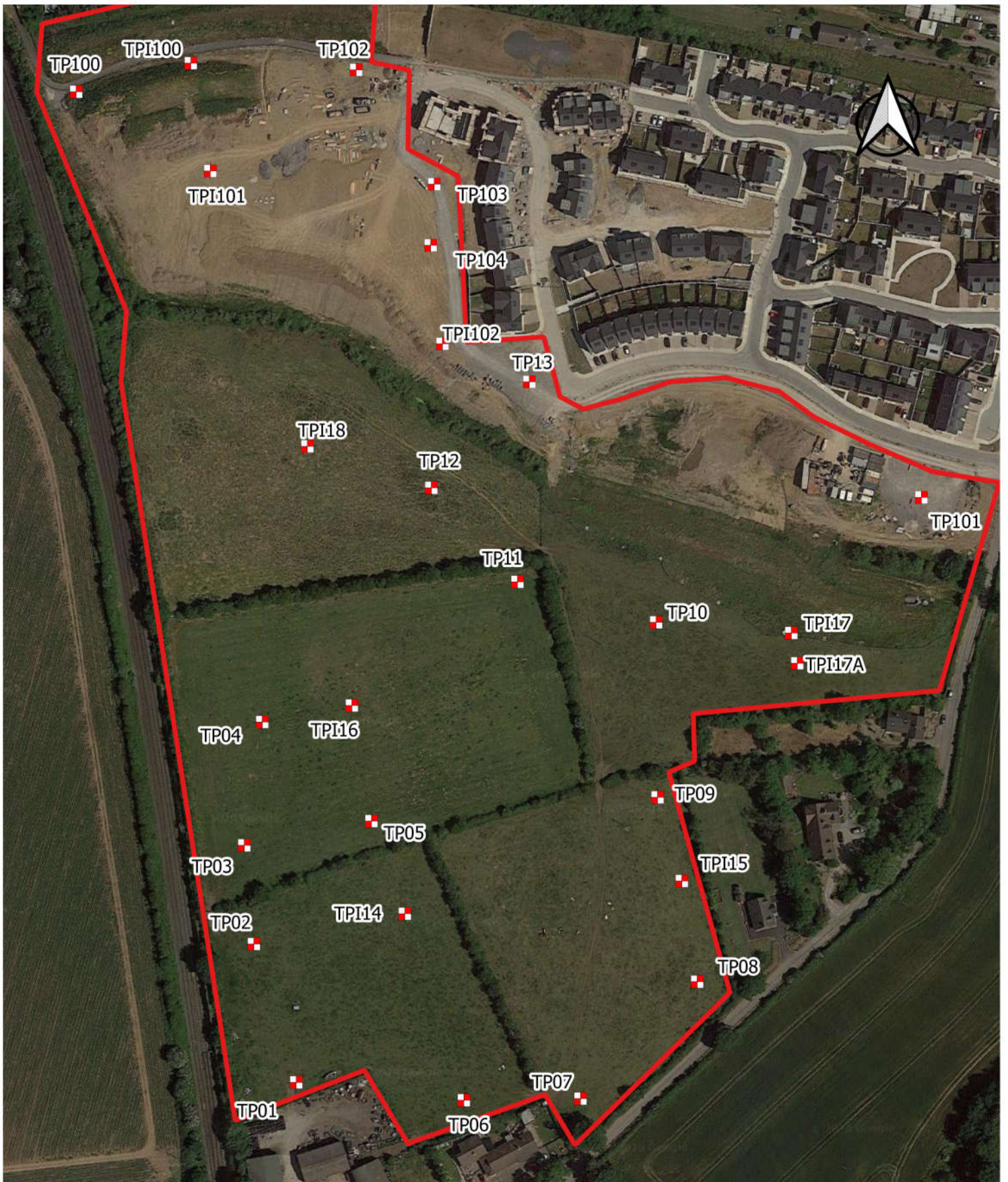
**GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND**  
Geotechnical & Environmental





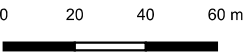
Ground Investigations Ireland Ltd.  
Catherinstown House,  
Hazelhatch Road,  
Newcastle, Co. Dublin  
www.gii.ie 01-6015175/5176

Drawn By:  
NM

Date:  
20/04/2020





 <p><b>GROUND INVESTIGATIONS IRELAND</b> Geotechnical &amp; Environmental</p> <p>Ground Investigations Ireland Ltd. Catherinstown House, Hazelhatch Road, Newcastle, Co. Dublin www.gii.ie 01-6015175/5176</p>	<p><b>Client:</b></p> 	<p><b>Project Title:</b> Hackettstown</p>		<p> Indicative Site Boundary</p> <p> Trial Pit</p>
	<p><b>Drawing Title:</b> Figure 5 Trial Pit Locations</p> <p><b>GII Project Reference:</b> 9225-11-19</p>	<p><b>Drawn By:</b> BS</p>	<p><b>Date:</b> 23/04/2020</p>	
<p>0 20 40 60 m</p> 				

# APPENDIX 2 – Trial Pit Records





Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit	Dimensions 1.0m x 2.5m x 3.40m	Ground Level (mOD) 24.45	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
	Location (dGPS) 724937.8 E 758999.6 N	Dates 28/11/2019	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.70	B			24.25	(0.20)	Brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly TOPSOIL.		
					0.20	Soft to firm orange brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY. Gravel is sub-angular to sub rounded fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
1.50	B		Water strike(1) at 1.50m.	23.25	(1.00)			
					1.20	Firm brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with some cobbles and occasional boulders. (Band of clayey gravel at 1.5m-2.30m). Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
2.70	B			22.65	(0.60)			V1
					1.80	Firm to stiff brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with some cobbles and occasional boulders. (Band of clayey gravel at 1.5m-2.30m). Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
					2.30	Firm to stiff reddish brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly silty CLAY with occasional cobbles and boulders. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
				21.35	(0.80)			
					3.10	Stiff reddish brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional cobbles and boulders. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
				21.05	3.40	Complete at 3.40m		

<b>Plan</b> .	<b>Remarks</b>  Trial pit side wall collapse from 0.5-3.0m Trial pit complete at 3.40m due to collapse. Trial pit backfilled on completion. Groundwater seepage from 1.5-2.0m					
	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Scale (approx)</td> <td>Logged By</td> <td>Figure No.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1:25</td> <td>MS</td> <td>9225-11-19.TP01</td> </tr> </table>	Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No.	1:25	MS
Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No.				
1:25	MS	9225-11-19.TP01				



Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit	Dimensions 10m x 2.5m x 3.6m	Ground Level (mOD) 23.91	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
	Location (dGPS) 724920.1 E 759057.4 N	Dates 28/11/2019	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.50	B1			23.61	(0.30)	Brown slightly gravelly slightly sandy TOPSOIL.		
					(0.70)	Soft to firm brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
1.20	B2			22.91	(1.00)	Soft to firm brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
					(2.00)	Firm reddish brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse.		
2.80	B3			21.91	(0.50)	Firm reddish brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse.		
					(1.10)	Stiff reddish brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse.		
			Water strike(1) at 3.30m.	21.41				
				20.31	3.60	Complete at 3.60m		

<b>Plan</b> .	<b>Remarks</b>  Moderate water inflow from 3.30m. Trial pit terminated due to collapse and water inflow. Trial pit sidewall collapse from all sides. Trial pit backfilled on completion.	
		<b>Scale (approx)</b> 1:25



Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit	Dimensions 1m x 2.5m x 3.7m	Ground Level (mOD) 23.76	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
	Location (dGPS) 724916.1 E 759098.7 N	Dates 28/11/2019	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.50	B			23.46	0.30	Brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly TOPSOIL.		
					0.40	Soft brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly silty CLAY. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
1.00	B			23.06	0.70	Soft orangey brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
1.20	B				(1.30)			
2.00	B			21.76	2.00	Soft slightly gravelly sandy CLAY with occasional sub-angular to rounded cobbles. Gravel is sub-angular to rounded fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
					(0.50)			
3.00	B			21.26	2.50	Loose red brown very clayey gravelly fine to coarse SAND with occasional sub-angular to rounded cobbles. Gravel is sub-angular to rounded fine to coarse.		
					(0.90)			
				20.36	3.40	Medium dense red brown very clayey gravelly fine to coarse SAND with occasional sub-angular to rounded cobbles. Gravel is sub-angular to rounded fine to coarse.		
				20.06	(0.30)			
					3.70	Complete at 3.70m		

<b>Plan</b> .	<b>Remarks</b> Trial pit side wall collapse. Trial pit terminated due to collapse. Trial pit backfilled on completion. No groundwater encountered during excavation.	
		<b>Scale (approx)</b> 1:25



Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit		Dimensions 1.0m x 2.5m x 3.30m	Ground Level (mOD) 23.11	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
		Location (dGPS) 724923.6 E 759150.2 N	Dates 29/11/2019	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.50	B		Water strike(1) at 0.90m.	22.91	(0.20)	TOPSOIL.		∇1
					0.20	Soft brown sandy gravelly silty CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles and occasional sandy lenses. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
1.50	B		Water strike(1) at 0.90m.	22.01	(0.90)			∇1
					1.10	Soft to firm brown sandy gravelly silty CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles and occasional sandy lenses. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
2.50	B		Water strike(2) at 3.30m.	20.31	(1.70)			∇2
					2.80	Firm to stiff brown sandy gravelly silty CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles and occasional sandy lenses. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
				19.81	3.30	Complete at 3.30m		

<b>Plan</b> .	<b>Remarks</b> Groundwater encountered at 0.9m. Steady trickle. Groundwater encountered at 3.30m. Trial pit side wall collapse. Trial pit terminated due to instability. Trial pit backfilled on completion.	
		<b>Scale (approx)</b> 1:25



Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit	Dimensions 1.0m x 2.5m x 3.5m	Ground Level (mOD) 24.89	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
	Location (dGPS) 724969.3 E 759108.8 N	Dates 28/11/2019	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.60	B			24.49	0.40	Dark brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly TOPSOIL		
					(0.90)	Loose reddish brown clayey gravelly fine to coarse SAND. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse.		
1.50	B			23.59	1.30	Firm to stiff brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
					(0.90)			
2.50	B			22.69	2.20	Yellow brown clayey gravelly fine to coarse SAND with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded fine to coarse. Sand is predominantly fine to medium.		
					(1.30)			
3.50	B			21.39	3.50	Complete at 3.50m		

<b>Plan</b> .	<b>Remarks</b> Trial pit terminated due to difficult excavation. No groundwater encountered during excavation. Trial pit stable. Trial pit backfilled on completion.		
	<b>Scale (approx)</b> 1:25	<b>Logged By</b> MS	<b>Figure No.</b> 9225-11-19.TP05



Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit		Dimensions	Ground Level (mOD) 24.90	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
		Location (dGPS) 725007.9 E 758992.1 N	Dates 28/11/2019	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.50	B			24.70	(0.20)	Brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly TOPSOIL.		
					0.20	Soft to firm brown slightly gravelly very sandy CLAY. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
1.50	B		Water strike(1) at 1.00m.  Water strike(2) at 1.50m.	24.00	(0.70)			
					0.90	Soft to firm slightly gravelly sandy CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles and occasional lenses of yellow brown fine sand. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse.		∇1
2.50	B			23.10	(0.90)			
					1.80	Firm slightly gravelly sandy CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles and occasional lenses of yellow brown fine sand. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse.		∇2
					(0.40)			
				22.70	2.20	Firm to Stiff slightly gravelly sandy CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles and occasional lenses of yellow brown fine sand. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse.		
				22.40	2.50	Complete at 2.50m		

<b>Plan</b> .	<b>Remarks</b>  Moderate groundwater inflow from 1.0m and 1.5m. Collapse from all sides of trial pit. Trial pit terminated due to collapse. Trial pit backfilled on completion.					
	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Scale (approx)</td> <td>Logged By</td> <td>Figure No.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1:25</td> <td>MS</td> <td>9225-11-19.TP06</td> </tr> </table>	Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No.	1:25	MS
Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No.				
1:25	MS	9225-11-19.TP06				





Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit	Dimensions 1.0m x 2.5m x 3.4m	Ground Level (mOD) 25.04	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
	Location (dGPS) 725056.8 E 758992.8 N	Dates 28/11/2019	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.50	B			24.74	(0.30) 0.30	Brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly TOPSOIL.		
1.20	B			23.54	(1.20) 1.50	Soft to firm orange brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
2.20	B		Water strike(1) at 1.50m.	22.74	(0.80) 2.30	Firm orange brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		▽1
3.00	B			22.04	(0.70) 3.00	Stiff brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles and boulders. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
				21.64	(0.40) 3.40	Very stiff brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles and boulders. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse.		
						Complete at 3.40m		

<b>Plan</b> .	<b>Remarks</b> Groundwater seepage from 1.5m to 2.6m from all faces. Minor trial pit side wall collapse. Trial pit terminated at 3.4m due to hard digging.					
	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Scale (approx)</td> <td>Logged By</td> <td>Figure No.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1:25</td> <td>MS</td> <td>9225-11-19.TP07</td> </tr> </table>	Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No.	1:25	MS
Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No.				
1:25	MS	9225-11-19.TP07				



Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit	Dimensions 1.0m x 2.5m x 4.0m	Ground Level (mOD) 23.42	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
	Location (dGPS) 725105.6 E 759041.7 N	Dates 28/11/2019	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.50	B1			23.32	(0.10)	TOPSOIL.		
					(0.35)	Soft brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly silty CLAY. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
1.00	B2			22.97	0.45	Soft to firm orange brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded fine to coarse.		
					(1.05)			
2.00	B3			21.92	1.50	Firm orange brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded fine to coarse.		
					(1.00)			
3.50	B4		Water strike(1) at 2.50m.	20.92	2.50	Firm to stiff orange brown sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded fine to coarse.		∇ <sub>1</sub>
					(0.40)			
				20.52	2.90	Stiff orange brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles and boulders. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
					(1.10)			
				19.42	4.00			

<b>Plan</b> .	<b>Remarks</b>		
	Trial pit backfilled on completion. Minor groundwater seepage from 2.5m to 3.5m. Minor trial pit side wall collapse from 2.5m to 3.5m.		
	<b>Scale (approx)</b> 1:25	<b>Logged By</b> MS	<b>Figure No.</b> 9225-11-19.TP08



Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit	Dimensions 1.0m x 2.5m x 2.7m	Ground Level (mOD) 21.94	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
	Location (dGPS) 725089.1 E 759118.7 N	Dates 29/11/2019	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.50	B			21.74	(0.20)	Brown slightly gravelly slightly sandy TOPSOIL.		
					0.20	Soft brown sandy gravelly silty CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles. Gravels are sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
1.50	B		Water strike(1) at 1.80m.		(2.30)			∇1
				19.44	2.50	Stiff brown sandy gravelly silty CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles. Gravels are sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
				19.24	(0.20)			
					2.70	Complete at 2.70m		

<b>Plan</b> .	<b>Remarks</b>  Groundwater encountered at 1.8m. High amount of water causing weakness and major sidewall collapse. Trial pit terminated due to instability. Trial pit backfilled on completion.	
		<b>Scale (approx)</b> 1:25



Ground Investigations Ireland Ltd  
www.gii.ie

Site  
Hackettstown, Skerries

Trial Pit Number  
**TP10**

Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit		Dimensions	Ground Level (mOD) 17.33	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
		Location (dGPS) 725088.4 E 759191.9 N	Dates 29/11/2019	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.50	B			17.13	(0.20)	TOPSOIL.		
					0.20	MADE GROUND: Brown sandy gravelly CLAY with some angular to sub-rounded cobbles. Fragments of red bricks. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
1.50	B			16.33	(0.80)			
					1.00	Firm to stiff brown slightly sandy gravelly silty CLAY with some sub-rounded cobbles and occasional sub-rounded boulders. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
2.50	B			15.23	(1.10)			
					2.10	Stiff brown slightly sandy gravelly silty CLAY with some sub-rounded cobbles and occasional sub-rounded boulders. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
3.50	B		Water strike(1) at 3.00m.	14.13	(1.10)			
					3.20	Stiff dark brown/grey slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with some sub-rounded cobbles. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse.		
				13.33	4.00			

<b>Plan</b>	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

<b>Remarks</b>		
Groundwater seepage encountered at 3.00m. Trial pit stable. Trial pit backfilled on completion.		
<b>Scale (approx)</b>	<b>Logged By</b>	<b>Figure No.</b>
1:25	MMC	9225-11-19.TP10



Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit		Dimensions		Ground Level (mOD) 19.24		Client DBFL		Job Number 9225-11-19	
		Location (dGPS) 725030.4 E 759208.9 N		Dates 29/11/2019		Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland		Sheet 1/1	

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.50	B			19.14	(0.10) 0.10	TOPSOIL with rootlets. Soft brown sandy gravelly silty CLAY with some angular to sub-angular cobbles. Gravels are sub-angular to sub-rounded fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
			Water strike(1) at 1.00m.		(1.70)			∇1
1.50	B		Water strike(2) at 1.50m.					∇2
				17.44	1.80	Firm brown sandy gravelly silty CLAY with some angular to sub-angular cobbles. Gravels are sub-angular to sub-rounded fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
					(0.70)			
2.50	B			16.74	2.50	Stiff brown sandy gravelly silty CLAY with some angular to sub-angular cobbles. Gravels are sub-angular to sub-rounded fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
					(0.90)			
				15.84	3.40	Complete at 3.40m		

<b>Plan</b>				<b>Remarks</b>					
<p>Groundwater seepage encountered at 1.00m and at 1.50m. Trial pit unstable. Trial pit terminated due to instability. Trial pit backfilled on completion.</p>									
				<b>Scale (approx)</b>		<b>Logged By</b>		<b>Figure No.</b>	
				1:25		MMC		9225-11-19.TP11	



Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit	Dimensions	Ground Level (mOD) 16.16	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
	Location 724994.3 E 759248.2 N	Dates 27/11/2019	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.50	B			15.96	(0.20)	Brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly TOPSOIL.		
					0.20	Soft brown sandy gravelly silty CLAY. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
1.00	B		Water strike(1) at 1.50m, rose to 1.30m in 5 mins.	15.36	(0.60)			
					0.80	Loose greyish brown clayey slightly gravelly SAND. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse.		
				14.66	1.50	Complete at 1.50m		▼1

<b>Plan</b> .	<b>Remarks</b>  Groundwater encountered at 1.5m. Water filled back to 1.3m BGL after 5min. Trial pit terminated at 1.5m due to groundwater inflow. Trial pit backfilled on completion.					
	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Scale (approx)</td> <td>Logged By</td> <td>Figure No.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1:25</td> <td>MMC</td> <td>9225-11-19.TP12</td> </tr> </table>	Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No.	1:25	MMC
Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No.				
1:25	MMC	9225-11-19.TP12				



Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit	Dimensions 1.0m x 2.5m x 2.6m	Ground Level (mOD) 19.43	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
	Location (dGPS) 725035.4 E 759292.5 N	Dates 29/11/2019	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.50	B			19.28	(0.15) 0.15	MADE GROUND: Angular fine to coarse gravel.		
					(0.65)	MADE GROUND: Brown sandy very gravelly CLAY with many cobbles. Fragments of plastic present. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse.		
1.00	B			18.63	0.80	Medium dense brown slightly clayey gravelly SAND with some sub-rounded cobbles. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse.		
					(1.80)			
				16.83	2.60	Complete at 2.60m		

<b>Plan</b> .	<b>Remarks</b> Trial pit stable. Trial pit backfilled on completion. No groundwater encountered during excavation.					
	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Scale (approx)</td> <td>Logged By</td> <td>Figure No.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1:25</td> <td>MMC</td> <td>9225-11-19.TP13</td> </tr> </table>	Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No.	1:25	MMC
Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No.				
1:25	MMC	9225-11-19.TP13				



Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit		Dimensions 2.1m x 0.6m x 2.0m (L x W x D)	Ground Level (mOD) 25.54	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
		Location 724983.3 E 759070.1 N	Dates 27/11/2019	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.50	B			25.39	(0.15)	TOPSOIL.		
					0.15	Soft brown sandy gravelly silty CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
1.50	B			24.54	(0.85)			
					1.00	Medium dense brown gravelly slightly clayey SAND with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles and occasional sub-rounded boulders. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
					(1.00)			
				23.54	2.00	Dense brown gravelly slightly clayey SAND with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles and occasional sub-rounded boulders. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
					(0.60)			
				22.94	2.60	Brown slightly clayey gravelly SAND with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles and occasional sub-rounded boulders. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
					(1.40)			
				21.54	4.00			

<b>Plan</b> .	<b>Remarks</b>  No groundwater encountered during excavation. Trial pit stable. Soakaway test carried out in pit at 2.00m BGL. Trial pit backfilled on completion.	
		<b>Scale (approx)</b> 1:25





Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit	Dimensions 2.5m x 0.5m x 2.0m (L x W x D)	Ground Level (mOD) 23.15	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
	Location 725099.2 E 759083.8 N	Dates 27/11/2019	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.50	B			23.00	(0.15)	TOPSOIL.		
					0.15	Soft brown sandy gravelly/silty CLAY with occasional angular to sub-angular cobbles. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
1.50	B				(1.65)			
2.50	B			21.35	1.80	Firm to stiff brown sandy gravelly/silty CLAY with occasional angular to sub-angular cobbles. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
					(0.30)			
				21.05	2.10	Stiff brown sandy gravelly silty CLAY with occasional angular to sub-angular cobbles. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
					(0.90)			
				20.15	3.00	Complete at 3.00m		

<b>Plan</b> .	<b>Remarks</b>  No groundwater encountered during excavation. Trial pit stable. Soakaway test carried out in pit at 2.0mBGL Trial pit terminated due to hard digging at 3m.	
		<b>Scale (approx)</b> 1:25



<b>Machine :</b> 8.5T Excavator <b>Method :</b> Trial Pit		<b>Dimensions</b> 2.2m x 0.6m x 2.00m (L x W x D)	<b>Ground Level (mOD)</b> 24.06	<b>Client</b> DBFL	<b>Job Number</b> 9225-11-19
		<b>Location (dGPS)</b> 724961.1 E 759157.1 N	<b>Dates</b> 27/11/2019	<b>Project Contractor</b> Ground Investigations Ireland	<b>Sheet</b> 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.50	B			23.91	(0.15)	TOPSOIL.		
					0.15	Soft brown sandy gravelly silty CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
1.50	B			23.06	(0.85)			
					1.00	Brown slightly clayey gravelly SAND with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		
2.50	B			21.96	2.10	Brown very gravelly slightly clayey SAND with many sub-rounded cobbles.		
					(1.90)			
3.50	B		Water strike(1) at 3.70m.	20.06	4.00			∇1

<b>Plan</b>	<p>Remarks</p> <p>Moderate groundwater encountered at 3.7m, moderate flow. Trial Pit Stable. Soakaway test carried out in pit at 2.0m Trial Pit backfilled on completion.</p>	
	<b>Scale (approx)</b> 1:25	<b>Logged By</b> MMC
	<b>Figure No.</b> 9225-11-19.TPI16	



Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit		Dimensions	Ground Level (mOD) 15.13	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
		Location (dGPS) 725145 E 759187.4 N	Dates 27/11/2019	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.50	B			14.98	(0.15) 0.15	TOPSOIL		
					(0.55)	MADE GROUND: Brown sandy slightly gravelly silty clay. Fragments of bricks/clay pipe.		
1.50	B		Water strike(1) at 1.40m.	14.43	0.70	Soft to firm grey mottled orange sandy slightly gravelly silty CLAY. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse.		V1
					(1.00)			
2.00	B			13.43	1.70	Brownish grey clayey sandy GRAVEL. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded.		
					(0.40)			
				13.03	2.10	Complete at 2.10m		

<b>Plan</b> .	<b>Remarks</b>  Trial Pit terminated due to collapse in gravel with presence of water. Pit filling with water - unsuitable for soakaway. Groundwater encountered at 1.40m. Fast flow.	
		<b>Scale (approx)</b> 1:25



Machine : 8T 360 Method : Trial Pit	Dimensions 2.2m x 0.5m x 1.70m (L x W x D)	Ground Level (mOD) 15.74	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
	Location (dGPS) 725147.5 E 759174.8 N	Dates 27/11/2019	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
				15.59	(0.15) 0.15	TOPSOIL.		
					(0.45)	MADE GROUND: Brown sandy slightly gravelly silty CLAY. Fragments of rope and clay pipe.		
			Water strike(1) at 1.20m.	15.14	0.60	Soft brown sandy slightly gravelly silty CLAY with occasional angular to sub-rounded cobbles. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		∇ <sub>1</sub>
			Water strike(2) at 1.70m.	14.04	1.70	Complete at 1.70m		∇ <sub>2</sub>

<b>Plan</b> .	<b>Remarks</b> Groundwater seepage encountered at 1.20m. Moderate groundwater flow encountered at 1.70m. Re dig of Trial Pit TPI17. Soakaway test carried out in pit at 1.70m BGL Trial pit backfilled on completion. Trial pit stable.					
	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Scale (approx)</td> <td>Logged By</td> <td>Figure No.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1:25</td> <td>MMC</td> <td>9225-11-19.TPI17A</td> </tr> </table>	Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No.	1:25	MMC
Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No.				
1:25	MMC	9225-11-19.TPI17A				



Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit		Dimensions 2.4m x 0.5m x 2.00m (L x W x D)	Ground Level (mOD) 16.10	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
		Location (dGPS) 724942.5 E 759265.5 N	Dates 27/11/2019	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.50	B			15.90	(0.20) 0.20	TOPSOIL.		
				15.40	(0.50) 0.70	Soft brown sandy gravelly CLAY. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse.		
1.50	B		Water strike(1) at 1.00m.		(1.30) 2.00	Soft to firm grey matt brown sandy silty CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded, fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse.		∇1
				14.10	2.00	Complete at 2.00m		

<b>Plan</b> .	<b>Remarks</b> Groundwater seepage encountered at 1.00m. Trial pit stable. Soakway test carried out in pit at 2.0 mBGL Trial pit backfilled on completion.		
	<b>Scale (approx)</b> 1:25	<b>Logged By</b> MMC	<b>Figure No.</b> 9225-11-19.TPI18



Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit	Dimensions 2.80m X 1.05m X 3.60m	Ground Level (mOD) 22.95	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
	Location (dGPS) 724845.8 E 759413.7 N	Dates 29/01/2020	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.50	B			22.35	(0.60)	MADE GROUND: Brown slightly clayey sandy angular to subangular fine to coarse Gravel with some angular cobbles and fragments of crushed tarmac present. Sand is fine to coarse		
1.50	B			21.65	(0.70)	Medium dense brown slightly gravelly fine to coarse SAND with occasional subrounded cobbles. Gravel is subrounded fine to coarse. (Possible Made Ground - Reworked?)		
2.50	B			20.15	(1.50)	Brown slightly gravelly fine to coarse SAND with occasional subrounded cobbles. Gravel is subrounded fine to coarse. (Possible Made Ground - Reworked?)		
3.50	B			19.35	(0.80)	Brown gravelly fine to coarse SAND. Gravel is subrounded fine to coarse		
					3.60	Complete at 3.60m		

<b>Plan</b> .	<b>Remarks</b>  No Groundwater encountered during excavation Trial Pit Stable Trial Pit backfilled on completion					
	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Scale (approx)</td> <td>Logged By</td> <td>Figure No.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1:25</td> <td>MMC</td> <td>9225-11-19.TP100</td> </tr> </table>	Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No.	1:25	MMC
Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No.				
1:25	MMC	9225-11-19.TP100				



Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit	Dimensions 3.80m X 1.05m X 3.00m	Ground Level (mOD) 16.08	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
	Location (dGPS) 725199.4 E 759244.2 N	Dates 30/01/2020	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.10	B			15.88	(0.20)	MADE GROUND: Grey sandy angular fine to coarse Gravel with Geotextile membrane underlying. Sand is fine to coarse		
0.50	B				(0.90)	MADE GROUND: Brown slightly sandy gravelly Clay with occasional subangular cobbles and fragments of bricks present. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular fine to coarse		
1.50	B			14.98	(0.90)	Soft brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly silty CLAY. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subrounded fine to coarse		
2.50	B			14.08	(1.00)	Soft brown slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with occasional subrounded cobbles. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subrounded fine to coarse		
				13.08	3.00	Complete at 3.00m		

<b>Plan</b> .	<b>Remarks</b>  No Groundwater encountered during excavation Trial Pit stable Terminated due to boulders Trial Pit backfilled on completion	<b>Scale (approx)</b> 1:25	<b>Logged By</b> MMC	<b>Figure No.</b> 9225-11-19.TP101
--	--	-------------------------------	-------------------------	---------------------------------------



Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit	Dimensions 3.80m X 1.05m X 3.50m	Ground Level (mOD) 23.19	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
	Location (dGPS) 724962.9 E 759422.9 N	Dates 29/01/2020	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.30	B			23.14	0.05	MADE GROUND: Grey angular fine to coarse Gravel		
					(0.40)	MADE GROUND: Brown slightly silty gravelly fine to coarse Sand with fragments of tarmac present. Gravel is subangular fine to coarse		
1.00	B			22.74	0.45	Firm grey slightly sandy gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular fine to coarse		
					(0.65)			
1.50	B			22.09	1.10	Firm brown slightly sandy gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular fine to coarse		
					(0.70)			
2.00	B			21.39	1.80	Medium dense brown slightly clayey gravelly fine to coarse SAND with occasional subrounded cobbles		
					(1.70)			
3.50	B			19.69	3.50	Complete at 3.50m		

<b>Plan</b> .	<b>Remarks</b>  No Groundwater encountered during excavation Slight sidewall collapse in Sand strata Hard digging in Clay strata Trial Pit backfilled on completion	
		<b>Scale (approx)</b> 1:25





Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit	Dimensions 3.10m X 1.05m X 3.50m	Ground Level (mOD) 22.56	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
	Location (dGPS) 724995.6 E 759375.1 N	Dates 30/01/2020	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.50	B			22.36	0.20	MADE GROUND: Brownish grey slightly sandy angular fine to coarse Gravel with Geotextile membrane underlying and fragments of concrete present. Sand is fine to coarse		
1.50	B				(1.70)	Brown gravelly fine to coarse SAND with occasional subrounded cobbles and lenses of brown sandy Clay present. Gravel is subangular fine to coarse		
2.50	B			20.66	1.90	Yellowish brown silty gravelly fine to coarse SAND. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse		
3.50	B			19.06	3.50	Complete at 3.50m		

<b>Plan</b> .	<b>Remarks</b>  No Groundwater encountered during excavation Trial Pit stable Trail Pit backfilled on completion					
	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Scale (approx)</td> <td>Logged By</td> <td>Figure No.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1:25</td> <td>MMC</td> <td>9225-11-19.TP103</td> </tr> </table>	Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No.	1:25	MMC
Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No.				
1:25	MMC	9225-11-19.TP103				



Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit	Dimensions 2.90m X 1.05m X 2.70m	Ground Level (mOD) 20.88	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
	Location (dGPS) 724994.1 E 759349.6 N	Dates 30/01/2020	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.50	B			20.28	0.60	MADE GROUND: Greyish brown slightly sandy clayey subangular fine to coarse Gravel with fragments of domestic refuse and plastic present. Sand is fine to coarse		
1.50	B			19.28	1.60	Firm brown slightly gravelly sandy CLAY. Gravel is subangular fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse (Possible Made Ground - Reworked?)		
2.50	B		Water strike(1) at 2.70m.	18.18	2.70	Medium dense brownish grey slightly clayey gravelly fine to coarse SAND. Gravel is sub angular fine to coarse		
						Complete at 2.70m		∇1

<b>Plan</b> .	<b>Remarks</b> Groundwater seepage at 2.70m BGL - Fast flow Pit collapsing in Sand strata Terminated due to collapse Trial Pit backfilled on completion					
	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Scale (approx)</td> <td>Logged By</td> <td>Figure No.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1:25</td> <td>MMC</td> <td>9225-11-19.TP104</td> </tr> </table>	Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No.	1:25	MMC
Scale (approx)	Logged By	Figure No.				
1:25	MMC	9225-11-19.TP104				



Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit	Dimensions 2.00m X 0.40m X 2.30m	Ground Level (mOD) 21.29	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
	Location (dGPS) 724901.9 E 759380.6 N	Dates 29/01/2020	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.50	B			20.59	0.70	MADE GROUND: Greyish brown slightly clayey sandy angular to subangular Gravel with occasional subangular cobbles and timber fragments. Sand is fine to coarse		
1.50	B			19.59	1.70	Firm brown slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with occasional subrounded cobbles and occasional subangular boulders. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular fine to coarse		
2.30	B			19.29	2.00	Stiff brown slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with occasional subrounded cobbles and occasional subangular boulders. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular fine to coarse		
				18.99	2.30	Dense brown slightly gravelly slightly silty fine to coarse SAND with occasional subrounded cobbles. Gravel is subrounded fine to coarse		
						Complete at 2.30m		

<b>Plan</b> .	<b>Remarks</b>  No Groundwater encountered during excavation Trial Pit Stable Soakaway Test carried out in Pit Trial Pit backfilled on completion	
		<b>Scale (approx)</b> 1:25



<b>Machine</b> : 8.5T Excavator <b>Method</b> : Trial Pit	<b>Dimensions</b> 2.10m X 0.40m X 2.50m	<b>Ground Level (mOD)</b> 21.29	<b>Client</b> DBFL	<b>Job Number</b> 9225-11-19
	<b>Location (dGPS)</b> 724901.9 E 759380.6 N	<b>Dates</b> 29/01/2020	<b>Project Contractor</b> Ground Investigations Ireland	<b>Sheet</b> 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.50	B				(1.00)	MADE GROUND: Brown slightly sandy gravelly Clay with some subangular cobbles and fragments of timber. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular fine to coarse		
1.50	B			20.29	1.00	MADE GROUND: Greyish brown slightly silty gravelly fine to coarse Sand with occasional subrounded cobbles and occasional lenses of grey sandy Clay with fragments of red bricks and plastic. Gravel is subrounded fine to coarse		
2.00	B			18.79	2.50	Complete at 2.50m		

<b>Plan</b>	<b>Remarks</b>		
.	No Groundwater encountered during excavation		
.	Trial Pit Stable		
.	Soakaway Test carried out in Pit		
.	Trial Pit backfilled on completion		
.	<b>Scale (approx)</b>	<b>Logged By</b>	<b>Figure No.</b>
.	1:25	MMC	9225-11-19.TPI101



Machine : 8.5T Excavator Method : Trial Pit	Dimensions 3.00m X 1.05m X 2.50m	Ground Level (mOD) 19.20	Client DBFL	Job Number 9225-11-19
	Location (dGPS) 724999 E 759308.4 N	Dates 29/01/2020	Project Contractor Ground Investigations Ireland	Sheet 1/1

Depth (m)	Sample / Tests	Water Depth (m)	Field Records	Level (mOD)	Depth (m) (Thickness)	Description	Legend	Water
0.50	B			18.20	(1.00)	MADE GROUND: Greyish brown slightly silty sandy subangular fine to coarse Gravel with some subangular cobbles and fragments of rubbish and timber present. Sand is fine to coarse		
1.50	B			17.40	(0.80)	MADE GROUND: Brown slightly gravelly sandy Clay with fragments of timber present. Gravel is subangular fine to coarse. Sand is fine to coarse		
2.00	B			16.70	(0.70)	Brown slightly gravelly slightly clayey fine to coarse SAND with some subrounded cobbles. Gravel is subrounded fine to coarse		
					2.50	Complete at 2.50m		

<b>Plan</b> .	<b>Remarks</b> No Groundwater encountered during excavation Trial Pit Stable Soakaway Test carried out in Pit Terminated due to hard digging Trial Pit backfilled on completion	
		<b>Scale (approx)</b> 1:25

# APPENDIX 3 – Laboratory Testing



Ground Investigations Ireland  
Catherinestown House  
Hazelhatch Road  
Newcastle  
Co. Dublin  
Ireland



**Attention :** Mike Sutton  
**Date :** 16th December, 2019  
**Your reference :** 9225-11-19  
**Our reference :** Test Report 19/19841 Batch 1  
**Location :** Hackettstown  
**Date samples received :** 4th December, 2019  
**Status :** Final report  
**Issue :** 1

Three samples were received for analysis on 4th December, 2019 of which three were scheduled for analysis. Please find attached our Test Report which should be read with notes at the end of the report and should include all sections if reproduced. Interpretations and opinions are outside the scope of any accreditation, and all results relate only to samples supplied.

All analysis is carried out on as received samples and reported on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. Results are not surrogate corrected.

**Authorised By:**



**Phil Sommerton BSc**  
Senior Project Manager

Please include all sections of this report if it is reproduced

# Element Materials Technology

**Client Name:** Ground Investigations Ireland  
**Reference:** 9225-11-19  
**Location:** Hackettstown  
**Contact:** Mike Sutton  
**EMT Job No:** 19/19841

**Report : Solid**

**Solids:** V=60g VOC jar, J=250g glass jar, T=plastic tub

EMT Sample No.	1-3	4-6	7-9																			
Sample ID	TP05	TP06	TP10																			
Depth	0.50	0.50	0.50																			
COC No / misc																						
Containers	V J T	V J T	V J T																			
Sample Date	29/11/2019	29/11/2019	29/11/2019																			
Sample Type	Soil	Soil	Soil																			
Batch Number	1	1	1																			
Date of Receipt	04/12/2019	04/12/2019	04/12/2019																			
																				LOD/LOR	Units	Method No.
Antimony	1	2	1																	<1	mg/kg	TM30/PM15
Arsenic #	10.7	8.4	9.3																	<0.5	mg/kg	TM30/PM15
Barium #	58	65	67																	<1	mg/kg	TM30/PM15
Cadmium #	0.5	0.4	0.5																	<0.1	mg/kg	TM30/PM15
Chromium #	53.4	63.6	64.5																	<0.5	mg/kg	TM30/PM15
Copper #	20	14	15																	<1	mg/kg	TM30/PM15
Lead #	10	15	10																	<5	mg/kg	TM30/PM15
Mercury #	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1																	<0.1	mg/kg	TM30/PM15
Molybdenum #	1.2	2.6	1.2																	<0.1	mg/kg	TM30/PM15
Nickel #	45.1	27.9	39.1																	<0.7	mg/kg	TM30/PM15
Selenium #	1	<1	<1																	<1	mg/kg	TM30/PM15
Zinc #	53	53	47																	<5	mg/kg	TM30/PM15
PAH MS																						
Naphthalene #	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04																	<0.04	mg/kg	TM4/PM8
Acenaphthylene	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03																	<0.03	mg/kg	TM4/PM8
Acenaphthene #	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05																	<0.05	mg/kg	TM4/PM8
Fluorene #	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04																	<0.04	mg/kg	TM4/PM8
Phenanthrene #	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03																	<0.03	mg/kg	TM4/PM8
Anthracene #	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04																	<0.04	mg/kg	TM4/PM8
Fluoranthene #	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03																	<0.03	mg/kg	TM4/PM8
Pyrene #	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03																	<0.03	mg/kg	TM4/PM8
Benzo(a)anthracene #	<0.06	<0.06	<0.06																	<0.06	mg/kg	TM4/PM8
Chrysene #	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02																	<0.02	mg/kg	TM4/PM8
Benzo(bk)fluoranthene #	<0.07	<0.07	<0.07																	<0.07	mg/kg	TM4/PM8
Benzo(a)pyrene #	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04																	<0.04	mg/kg	TM4/PM8
Indeno(123cd)pyrene	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04																	<0.04	mg/kg	TM4/PM8
Dibenzo(ah)anthracene #	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04																	<0.04	mg/kg	TM4/PM8
Benzo(ghi)perylene #	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04																	<0.04	mg/kg	TM4/PM8
Coronene	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04																	<0.04	mg/kg	TM4/PM8
PAH 6 Total #	<0.22	<0.22	<0.22																	<0.22	mg/kg	TM4/PM8
PAH 17 Total	<0.64	<0.64	<0.64																	<0.64	mg/kg	TM4/PM8
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05																	<0.05	mg/kg	TM4/PM8
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02																	<0.02	mg/kg	TM4/PM8
Benzo(j)fluoranthene	<1	<1	<1																	<1	mg/kg	TM4/PM8
PAH Surrogate % Recovery	97	98	92																	<0	%	TM4/PM8
Mineral Oil (C10-C40)	<30	<30	<30																	<30	mg/kg	TM5/PM8/PM16

Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms



# Element Materials Technology

Client Name: Ground Investigations Ireland  
 Reference: 9225-11-19  
 Location: Hacketstown  
 Contact: Mike Sutton  
 EMT Job No: 19/19841

Report : Solid

Solids: V=60g VOC jar, J=250g glass jar, T=plastic tub

EMT Sample No.	1-3	4-6	7-9									
Sample ID	TP05	TP06	TP10									
Depth	0.50	0.50	0.50									
COC No / misc												
Containers	V J T	V J T	V J T									
Sample Date	29/11/2019	29/11/2019	29/11/2019									
Sample Type	Soil	Soil	Soil									
Batch Number	1	1	1									
Date of Receipt	04/12/2019	04/12/2019	04/12/2019									
										LOD/LOR	Units	Method No.
TPH CWG												
<b>Aliphatics</b>												
>C5-C6 #	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1							<0.1	mg/kg	TM36/PM12
>C6-C8 #	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1							<0.1	mg/kg	TM36/PM12
>C8-C10	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1							<0.1	mg/kg	TM36/PM12
>C10-C12 #	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2							<0.2	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16
>C12-C16 #	<4	<4	<4							<4	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16
>C16-C21 #	<7	<7	<7							<7	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16
>C21-C35 #	<7	<7	<7							<7	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16
>C35-C40	<7	<7	<7							<7	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16
Total aliphatics C5-40	<26	<26	<26							<26	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16/PM12/PM15
>C6-C10	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1							<0.1	mg/kg	TM36/PM12
>C10-C25	<10	<10	<10							<10	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16
>C25-C35	<10	<10	<10							<10	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16
<b>Aromatics</b>												
>C5-EC7 #	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1							<0.1	mg/kg	TM36/PM12
>EC7-EC8 #	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1							<0.1	mg/kg	TM36/PM12
>EC8-EC10 #	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1							<0.1	mg/kg	TM36/PM12
>EC10-EC12 #	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2							<0.2	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16
>EC12-EC16 #	<4	<4	<4							<4	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16
>EC16-EC21 #	<7	<7	<7							<7	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16
>EC21-EC35 #	<7	<7	<7							<7	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16
>EC35-EC40	<7	<7	<7							<7	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16
Total aromatics C5-40	<26	<26	<26							<26	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16/PM12/PM15
Total aliphatics and aromatics(C5-40)	<52	<52	<52							<52	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16/PM12/PM15
>EC6-EC10 #	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1							<0.1	mg/kg	TM36/PM12
>EC10-EC25	<10	<10	<10							<10	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16
>EC25-EC35	<10	<10	<10							<10	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16
MTBE #	<5	<5	<5							<5	ug/kg	TM31/PM12
Benzene #	<5	<5	<5							<5	ug/kg	TM31/PM12
Toluene #	<5	<5	<5							<5	ug/kg	TM31/PM12
Ethylbenzene #	<5	<5	<5							<5	ug/kg	TM31/PM12
m/p-Xylene #	<5	<5	<5							<5	ug/kg	TM31/PM12
o-Xylene #	<5	<5	<5							<5	ug/kg	TM31/PM12
PCB 28 #	<5	<5	<5							<5	ug/kg	TM17/PM8
PCB 52 #	<5	<5	<5							<5	ug/kg	TM17/PM8
PCB 101 #	<5	<5	<5							<5	ug/kg	TM17/PM8
PCB 118 #	<5	<5	<5							<5	ug/kg	TM17/PM8
PCB 138 #	<5	<5	<5							<5	ug/kg	TM17/PM8
PCB 153 #	<5	<5	<5							<5	ug/kg	TM17/PM8
PCB 180 #	<5	<5	<5							<5	ug/kg	TM17/PM8
Total 7 PCBs #	<35	<35	<35							<35	ug/kg	TM17/PM8

Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms

# Element Materials Technology

**Client Name:** Ground Investigations Ireland  
**Reference:** 9225-11-19  
**Location:** Hacketstown  
**Contact:** Mike Sutton  
**EMT Job No:** 19/19841

**Report :** Solid

**Solids:** V=60g VOC jar, J=250g glass jar, T=plastic tub

EMT Sample No.	1-3	4-6	7-9							Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms		
	Sample ID	TP05	TP06	TP10							LOD/LOR	Units
Depth	0.50	0.50	0.50									
COC No / misc												
Containers	V J T	V J T	V J T									
Sample Date	29/11/2019	29/11/2019	29/11/2019									
Sample Type	Soil	Soil	Soil									
Batch Number	1	1	1									
Date of Receipt	04/12/2019	04/12/2019	04/12/2019									
Natural Moisture Content	10.5	14.7	11.8							<0.1	%	PM4/PM0
Moisture Content (% Wet Weight)	9.5	12.8	10.5							<0.1	%	PM4/PM0
Hexavalent Chromium #	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3							<0.3	mg/kg	TM38/PM20
Chromium III	53.4	63.6	64.5							<0.5	mg/kg	NONE/NONE
Total Organic Carbon #	0.18	1.75	0.25							<0.02	%	TM21/PM24
pH #	7.30	7.12	7.04							<0.01	pH units	TM73/PM11
Mass of raw test portion	0.1006	0.1154	0.1056								kg	NONE/PM17
Mass of dried test portion	0.09	0.09	0.09								kg	NONE/PM17



**Element Materials Technology**

**Client Name:** Ground Investigations Ireland  
**Reference:** 9225-11-19  
**Location:** Hackettstown  
**Contact:** Mike Sutton  
**EMT Job No:** 19/19841

**Report :** EN12457\_2  
**Solids:** V=60g VOC jar, J=250g glass jar, T=plastic tub

EMT Sample No.	1-3	4-6	7-9													
<b>Sample ID</b>	TP05	TP06	TP10													
<b>Depth</b>	0.50	0.50	0.50													
<b>COC No / misc</b>																
<b>Containers</b>	V J T	V J T	V J T													
<b>Sample Date</b>	29/11/2019	29/11/2019	29/11/2019													
<b>Sample Type</b>	Soil	Soil	Soil													
<b>Batch Number</b>	1	1	1													
<b>Date of Receipt</b>	04/12/2019	04/12/2019	04/12/2019													
Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms																
<b>Solid Waste Analysis</b>																
Total Organic Carbon #	0.18	1.75	0.25							3	5	6	<0.02	%	TM21/PM24	
Sum of BTEX	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025							6	-	-	<0.025	mg/kg	TM31/PM12	
Sum of 7 PCBs #	<0.035	<0.035	<0.035							1	-	-	<0.035	mg/kg	TM17/PM8	
Mineral Oil	<30	<30	<30							500	-	-	<30	mg/kg	TM5/PM8/PM16	
PAH Sum of 6 #	<0.22	<0.22	<0.22							-	-	-	<0.22	mg/kg	TM4/PM8	
PAH Sum of 17	<0.64	<0.64	<0.64							100	-	-	<0.64	mg/kg	TM4/PM8	
<b>CEN 10:1 Leachate</b>																
Arsenic #	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025							0.5	2	25	<0.025	mg/kg	TM30/PM17	
Barium #	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03							20	100	300	<0.03	mg/kg	TM30/PM17	
Cadmium #	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005							0.04	1	5	<0.005	mg/kg	TM30/PM17	
Chromium #	<0.015	<0.015	<0.015							0.5	10	70	<0.015	mg/kg	TM30/PM17	
Copper #	<0.07	<0.07	<0.07							2	50	100	<0.07	mg/kg	TM30/PM17	
Mercury #	<0.0001	0.0002	<0.0001							0.01	0.2	2	<0.0001	mg/kg	TM61/PM0	
Molybdenum #	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02							0.5	10	30	<0.02	mg/kg	TM30/PM17	
Nickel #	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02							0.4	10	40	<0.02	mg/kg	TM30/PM17	
Lead #	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05							0.5	10	50	<0.05	mg/kg	TM30/PM17	
Antimony #	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02							0.06	0.7	5	<0.02	mg/kg	TM30/PM17	
Selenium #	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03							0.1	0.5	7	<0.03	mg/kg	TM30/PM17	
Zinc #	0.04	0.05	0.04							4	50	200	<0.03	mg/kg	TM30/PM17	
Total Dissolved Solids #	420	440	500							4000	60000	100000	<350	mg/kg	TM20/PM0	
Dissolved Organic Carbon	60	40	30							500	800	1000	<20	mg/kg	TM60/PM0	
Mass of raw test portion	0.1006	0.1154	0.1056							-	-	-		kg	NONE/PM17	
Dry Matter Content Ratio	89.4	77.9	85.1							-	-	-	<0.1	%	NONE/PM4	
Leachant Volume	0.889	0.875	0.884							-	-	-		l	NONE/PM17	
Eluate Volume	0.8	0.78	0.8							-	-	-		l	NONE/PM17	
pH #	7.30	7.12	7.04							-	-	-	<0.01	pH units	TM73/PM11	
Phenol	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1							1	-	-	<0.1	mg/kg	TM26/PM0	
Fluoride	<3	<3	<3							-	-	-	<3	mg/kg	TM173/PM0	
Sulphate as SO4 #	7	<5	<5							1000	20000	50000	<5	mg/kg	TM38/PM0	
Chloride #	<3	<3	<3							800	15000	25000	<3	mg/kg	TM38/PM0	



**Client Name:** Ground Investigations Ireland  
**Reference:** 19/11/9225  
**Location:** Hackettstown  
**Contact:** Mike Sutton

**Note:**  
 Asbestos Screen analysis is carried out in accordance with our documented in-house methods PM042 and TM065 and HSG 248 by Stereo and Polarised Light Microscopy using Dispersion Staining Techniques and is covered by our UKAS accreditation. Detailed Gravimetric Quantification and PCOM Fibre Analysis is carried out in accordance with our documented in-house methods PM042 and TM131 and HSG 248 using Stereo and Polarised Light Microscopy and Phase Contrast Optical Microscopy (PCOM). Samples are retained for not less than 6 months from the date of analysis unless specifically requested.

Opinions, including ACM type and Asbestos level less than 0.1%, lie outside the scope of our UKAS accreditation.

Where the sample is not taken by a Element Materials Technology consultant, Element Materials Technology cannot be responsible for inaccurate or unrepresentative sampling.

EMT Job No.	Batch	Sample ID	Depth	EMT Sample No.	Date Of Analysis	Analysis	Result
19/19841	1	TP05	0.50	2	05/12/2019	General Description (Bulk Analysis)	Soil/Stone
					05/12/2019	Asbestos Fibres	NAD
					05/12/2019	Asbestos ACM	NAD
					05/12/2019	Asbestos Type	NAD
					05/12/2019	Asbestos Level Screen	NAD
19/19841	1	TP06	0.50	5	05/12/2019	General Description (Bulk Analysis)	Soil/Stone
					05/12/2019	Asbestos Fibres	NAD
					05/12/2019	Asbestos ACM	NAD
					05/12/2019	Asbestos Type	NAD
					05/12/2019	Asbestos Level Screen	NAD
19/19841	1	TP10	0.50	8	05/12/2019	General Description (Bulk Analysis)	Soil/Stone
					05/12/2019	Asbestos Fibres	NAD
					05/12/2019	Asbestos ACM	NAD
					05/12/2019	Asbestos Type	NAD
					05/12/2019	Asbestos Level Screen	NAD

**Client Name:** Ground Investigations Ireland  
**Reference:** 9225-11-19  
**Location:** Hackettstown  
**Contact:** Mike Sutton

EMT Job No.	Batch	Sample ID	Depth	EMT Sample No.	Analysis	Reason
No deviating sample report results for job 19/19841						

Please note that only samples that are deviating are mentioned in this report. If no samples are listed it is because none were deviating. Only analyses which are accredited are recorded as deviating if set criteria are not met.

# NOTES TO ACCOMPANY ALL SCHEDULES AND REPORTS

EMT Job No.: 19/19841

## SOILS

Please note we are only MCERTS accredited (UK soils only) for sand, loam and clay and any other matrix is outside our scope of accreditation.

Where an MCERTS report has been requested, you will be notified within 48 hours of any samples that have been identified as being outside our MCERTS scope. As validation has been performed on clay, sand and loam, only samples that are predominantly these matrices, or combinations of them will be within our MCERTS scope. If samples are not one of a combination of the above matrices they will not be marked as MCERTS accredited.

It is assumed that you have taken representative samples on site and require analysis on a representative subsample. Stones will generally be included unless we are requested to remove them.

All samples will be discarded one month after the date of reporting, unless we are instructed to the contrary.

If you have not already done so, please send us a purchase order if this is required by your company.

Where appropriate please make sure that our detection limits are suitable for your needs, if they are not, please notify us immediately.

All analysis is reported on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. Limits of detection for analyses carried out on as received samples are not moisture content corrected. Results are not surrogate corrected. Samples are dried at 35°C ±5°C unless otherwise stated. Moisture content for CEN Leachate tests are dried at 105°C ±5°C.

Where Mineral Oil or Fats, Oils and Grease is quoted, this refers to Total Aliphatics C10-C40.

Where a CEN 10:1 ZERO Headspace VOC test has been carried out, a 10:1 ratio of water to wet (as received) soil has been used.

% Asbestos in Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs) is determined by reference to HSG 264 The Survey Guide - Appendix 2 : ACMs in buildings listed in order of ease of fibre release.

Sufficient amount of sample must be received to carry out the testing specified. Where an insufficient amount of sample has been received the testing may not meet the requirements of our accredited methods, as such accreditation may be removed.

Negative Neutralization Potential (NP) values are obtained when the volume of NaOH (0.1N) titrated (pH 8.3) is greater than the volume of HCl (1N) to reduce the pH of the sample to 2.0 - 2.5. Any negative NP values are corrected to 0.

The calculation of Pyrite content assumes that all oxidisable sulphides present in the sample are pyrite. This may not be the case. The calculation may be an overestimate when other sulphides such as Barite (Barium Sulphate) are present.

## WATERS

Please note we are not a UK Drinking Water Inspectorate (DWI) Approved Laboratory .

ISO17025 accreditation applies to surface water and groundwater and usually one other matrix which is analysis specific, any other liquids are outside our scope of accreditation.

As surface waters require different sample preparation to groundwaters the laboratory must be informed of the water type when submitting samples.

Where Mineral Oil or Fats, Oils and Grease is quoted, this refers to Total Aliphatics C10-C40.

## DEVIATING SAMPLES

All samples should be submitted to the laboratory in suitable containers with sufficient ice packs to sustain an appropriate temperature for the requested analysis. The temperature of sample receipt is recorded on the confirmation schedules in order that the client can make an informed decision as to whether testing should still be undertaken.

## SURROGATES

Surrogate compounds are added during the preparation process to monitor recovery of analytes. However low recovery in soils is often due to peat, clay or other organic rich matrices. For waters this can be due to oxidants, surfactants, organic rich sediments or remediation fluids. Acceptable limits for most organic methods are 70 - 130% and for VOCs are 50 - 150%. When surrogate recoveries are outside the performance criteria but the associated AQC passes this is assumed to be due to matrix effect. Results are not surrogate corrected.

## DILUTIONS

A dilution suffix indicates a dilution has been performed and the reported result takes this into account. No further calculation is required.

## BLANKS

Where analytes have been found in the blank, the sample will be treated in accordance with our laboratory procedure for dealing with contaminated blanks.

## NOTE

Data is only reported if the laboratory is confident that the data is a true reflection of the samples analysed. Data is only reported as accredited when all the requirements of our Quality System have been met. In certain circumstances where all the requirements of the Quality System have not been met, for instance if the associated AQC has failed, the reason is fully investigated and documented. The sample data is then evaluated alongside the other quality control checks performed during analysis to determine its suitability. Following this evaluation, provided the sample results have not been effected, the data is reported but accreditation is removed. It is a UKAS requirement for data not reported as accredited to be considered indicative only, but this does not mean the data is not valid.

Where possible, and if requested, samples will be re-extracted and a revised report issued with accredited results. Please do not hesitate to contact the laboratory if further details are required of the circumstances which have led to the removal of accreditation.

Please include all sections of this report if it is reproduced



**REPORTS FROM THE SOUTH AFRICA LABORATORY**

Any method number not prefixed with SA has been undertaken in our UK laboratory unless reported as subcontracted.

**Measurement Uncertainty**

Measurement uncertainty defines the range of values that could reasonably be attributed to the measured quantity. This range of values has not been included within the reported results. Uncertainty expressed as a percentage can be provided upon request.

**ABBREVIATIONS and ACRONYMS USED**

#	ISO17025 (UKAS Ref No. 4225) accredited - UK.
SA	ISO17025 (SANAS Ref No.T0729) accredited - South Africa
B	Indicates analyte found in associated method blank.
DR	Dilution required.
M	MCERTS accredited.
NA	Not applicable
NAD	No Asbestos Detected.
ND	None Detected (usually refers to VOC and/SVOC TICs).
NDP	No Determination Possible
SS	Calibrated against a single substance
SV	Surrogate recovery outside performance criteria. This may be due to a matrix effect.
W	Results expressed on as received basis.
+	AQC failure, accreditation has been removed from this result, if appropriate, see 'Note' on previous page.
>>	Results above calibration range, the result should be considered the minimum value. The actual result could be significantly higher, this result is not accredited.
*	Analysis subcontracted to an Element Materials Technology approved laboratory.
AD	Samples are dried at 35°C ±5°C
CO	Suspected carry over
LOD/LOR	Limit of Detection (Limit of Reporting) in line with ISO 17025 and MCERTS
ME	Matrix Effect
NFD	No Fibres Detected
BS	AQC Sample
LB	Blank Sample
N	Client Sample
TB	Trip Blank Sample
OC	Outside Calibration Range

EMT Job No: 19/19841

Test Method No.	Description	Prep Method No. (if appropriate)	Description	ISO 17025 (UKAS/S ANAS)	MCERTS (UK soils only)	Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD)	Reported on dry weight basis
PM4	Gravimetric measurement of Natural Moisture Content and % Moisture Content at either 35°C or 105°C. Calculation based on ISO 11465 and BS1377.	PM0	No preparation is required.			AR	
TM4	Modified USEPA 8270 method for the solvent extraction and determination of PAHs by GC-MS.	PM8	End over end extraction of solid samples for organic analysis. The solvent mix varies depending on analysis required.			AR	Yes
TM4	Modified USEPA 8270 method for the solvent extraction and determination of PAHs by GC-MS.	PM8	End over end extraction of solid samples for organic analysis. The solvent mix varies depending on analysis required.	Yes		AR	Yes
TM5	Modified 8015B method for the determination of solvent Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (EPH) within the range C8-C40 by GCFID. For waters the solvent extracts dissolved phase plus a sheen if present.	PM16	Fractionation into aliphatic and aromatic fractions using a Rapid Trace SPE.			AR	
TM5	Modified 8015B method for the determination of solvent Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (EPH) within the range C8-C40 by GCFID. For waters the solvent extracts dissolved phase plus a sheen if present.	PM8/PM16	End over end extraction of solid samples for organic analysis. The solvent mix varies depending on analysis required/Fractionation into aliphatic and aromatic fractions using a Rapid Trace SPE.			AR	Yes
TM5	Modified 8015B method for the determination of solvent Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (EPH) within the range C8-C40 by GCFID. For waters the solvent extracts dissolved phase plus a sheen if present.	PM8/PM16	End over end extraction of solid samples for organic analysis. The solvent mix varies depending on analysis required/Fractionation into aliphatic and aromatic fractions using a Rapid Trace SPE.	Yes		AR	Yes
TM5/TM36	please refer to TM5 and TM36 for method details	PM8/PM12/PM16	please refer to PM8/PM16 and PM12 for method details			AR	Yes
TM17	Modified US EPA method 8270. Determination of specific Polychlorinated Biphenyl congeners by GC-MS.	PM8	End over end extraction of solid samples for organic analysis. The solvent mix varies depending on analysis required.	Yes		AR	Yes
TM20	Modified BS 1377-3: 1990/USEPA 160.3 Gravimetric determination of Total Dissolved Solids/Total Solids	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes		AR	Yes
TM21	Modified BS 7755-3:1995, ISO10694:1995 Determination of Total Organic Carbon or Total Carbon by combustion in an Eltra TOC furnace/analyser in the presence of oxygen. The CO2 generated is quantified using infra-red detection. Organic Matter (SOM) calculated as per EA MCERTS Chemical Testing of Soil, March 2012 v4.	PM24	Dried and ground solid samples are washed with hydrochloric acid, then rinsed with deionised water to remove the mineral carbon before TOC analysis.	Yes		AD	Yes

EMT Job No: 19/19841

Test Method No.	Description	Prep Method No. (if appropriate)	Description	ISO 17025 (UKAS/S ANAS)	MCERTS (UK soils only)	Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD)	Reported on dry weight basis
TM26	Determination of phenols by Reversed Phased High Performance Liquid Chromatography and Electro-Chemical Detection.	PM0	No preparation is required.			AR	Yes
TM30	Determination of Trace Metal elements by ICP-OES (Inductively Coupled Plasma - Optical Emission Spectrometry). Modified US EPA Method 200.7, 6010B and BS EN ISO 11885 2009	PM15	Acid digestion of dried and ground solid samples using Aqua Regia refluxed at 112.5 °C. Samples containing asbestos are not dried and ground.			AD	Yes
TM30	Determination of Trace Metal elements by ICP-OES (Inductively Coupled Plasma - Optical Emission Spectrometry). Modified US EPA Method 200.7, 6010B and BS EN ISO 11885 2009	PM15	Acid digestion of dried and ground solid samples using Aqua Regia refluxed at 112.5 °C. Samples containing asbestos are not dried and ground.	Yes		AD	Yes
TM30	Determination of Trace Metal elements by ICP-OES (Inductively Coupled Plasma - Optical Emission Spectrometry). Modified US EPA Method 200.7, 6010B and BS EN ISO 11885 2009	PM17	Modified method BS EN12457-2 As received solid samples are leached with water in a 10:1 water to soil ratio for 24 hours, the moisture content of the sample is included in the ratio.	Yes		AR	Yes
TM31	Modified USEPA 8015B. Determination of Methylterbutylether, Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and Xylene by headspace GC-FID.	PM12	Modified US EPA method 5021. Preparation of solid and liquid samples for GC headspace analysis.			AR	Yes
TM31	Modified USEPA 8015B. Determination of Methylterbutylether, Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and Xylene by headspace GC-FID.	PM12	Modified US EPA method 5021. Preparation of solid and liquid samples for GC headspace analysis.	Yes		AR	Yes
TM36	Modified US EPA method 8015B. Determination of Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) in the carbon chain range of C4-12 by headspace GC-FID. MTBE by GCFID co-elutes with 3-methylpentane if present and therefore can give a false positive. Positive MTBE results can be confirmed using GCMS.	PM12	Modified US EPA method 5021. Preparation of solid and liquid samples for GC headspace analysis.			AR	Yes
TM36	Modified US EPA method 8015B. Determination of Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) in the carbon chain range of C4-12 by headspace GC-FID. MTBE by GCFID co-elutes with 3-methylpentane if present and therefore can give a false positive. Positive MTBE results can be confirmed using GCMS.	PM12	Modified US EPA method 5021. Preparation of solid and liquid samples for GC headspace analysis.	Yes		AR	Yes
TM38	Soluble Ion analysis using Discrete Analyser. Modified US EPA methods 325.2 (Chloride), 375.4 (Sulphate), 365.2 (o-Phosphate), 353.1 (TON), 354.1 (Nitrite), 350.1 (NH4+) comparable to BS ISO 15923-1, 7196A (Hex Cr)	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes		AR	Yes
TM38	Soluble Ion analysis using Discrete Analyser. Modified US EPA methods 325.2 (Chloride), 375.4 (Sulphate), 365.2 (o-Phosphate), 353.1 (TON), 354.1 (Nitrite), 350.1 (NH4+) comparable to BS ISO 15923-1, 7196A (Hex Cr)	PM20	Extraction of dried and ground or as received samples with deionised water in a 2:1 water to solid ratio using a reciprocal shaker for all analytes except hexavalent chromium. Extraction of as received sample using 10:1 ratio of 0.2M sodium hydroxide to soil for hexavalent chromium using a reciprocal shaker.	Yes		AR	Yes

EMT Job No: 19/19841

Test Method No.	Description	Prep Method No. (if appropriate)	Description	ISO 17025 (UKAS/S ANAS)	MCERTS (UK soils only)	Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD)	Reported on dry weight basis
TM60	TC/TOC analysis of Waters by High Temperature Combustion followed by NDIR detection. Based on the following modified standard methods: USEPA 9060, APHA Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Wastewater 5310B, ASTM D 7573, and USEPA 415.1.	PM0	No preparation is required.			AR	Yes
TM61	Modified US EPA methods 245.7 and 200.7. Determination of Mercury by Cold Vapour Atomic Fluorescence.	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes		AR	Yes
TM65	Asbestos Bulk Identification method based on HSG 248.	PM42	Solid samples undergo a thorough visual inspection for asbestos fibres prior to asbestos identification using TM065.	Yes		AR	
TM73	Modified US EPA methods 150.1 and 9045D and BS1377:1990. Determination of pH by Metrohm automated probe analyser.	PM0	No preparation is required.			AR	Yes
TM73	Modified US EPA methods 150.1 and 9045D and BS1377:1990. Determination of pH by Metrohm automated probe analyser.	PM11	Extraction of as received solid samples using one part solid to 2.5 parts deionised water.	Yes		AR	No
TM173	Analysis of fluoride by ISE (Ion Selective Electrode) using modified ISE method 340.2	PM0	No preparation is required.			AR	Yes
NONE	No Method Code	NONE	No Method Code			AD	Yes
NONE	No Method Code	PM17	Modified method BS EN12457-2 As received solid samples are leached with water in a 10:1 water to soil ratio for 24 hours, the moisture content of the sample is included in the ratio.				
NONE	No Method Code	PM17	Modified method BS EN12457-2 As received solid samples are leached with water in a 10:1 water to soil ratio for 24 hours, the moisture content of the sample is included in the ratio.			AR	
NONE	No Method Code	PM4	Gravimetric measurement of Natural Moisture Content and % Moisture Content at either 35°C or 105°C. Calculation based on ISO 11465 and BS1377.			AR	

Ground Investigations Ireland  
Catherinestown House  
Hazelhatch Road  
Newcastle  
Co. Dublin  
Ireland



**Attention :** Mike Sutton  
**Date :** 13th February, 2020  
**Your reference :** 9225-11-19  
**Our reference :** Test Report 20/1623 Batch 1  
**Location :** Hackettstown  
**Date samples received :** 3rd February, 2020  
**Status :** Final report  
**Issue :** 1

Five samples were received for analysis on 3rd February, 2020 of which five were scheduled for analysis. Please find attached our Test Report which should be read with notes at the end of the report and should include all sections if reproduced. Interpretations and opinions are outside the scope of any accreditation, and all results relate only to samples supplied.  
All analysis is carried out on as received samples and reported on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. Results are not surrogate corrected.

**Authorised By:**



**Bruce Leslie**  
Project Manager

Please include all sections of this report if it is reproduced

# Element Materials Technology

Client Name: Ground Investigations Ireland  
 Reference: 9225-11-19  
 Location: Hackettstown  
 Contact: Mike Sutton  
 EMT Job No: 20/1623

Report : Solid

Solids: V=60g VOC jar, J=250g glass jar, T=plastic tub

EMT Sample No.	1	2-4	5-7	8-10	11					Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms				
	Sample ID	TPI 100	TPI 101	TP 101	TP 104	TP 101								
Depth	1.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	1.50									
COC No / misc														
Containers	T	V J T	V J T	V J T	T									
Sample Date	29/01/2020	29/01/2020	30/01/2020	30/01/2020	30/01/2020									
Sample Type	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil									
Batch Number	1	1	1	1	1									
Date of Receipt	03/02/2020	03/02/2020	03/02/2020	03/02/2020	03/02/2020									
											LOD/LOR	Units	Method No.	
Antimony	-	2	2	2	-						<1	mg/kg	TM30/PM15	
Arsenic #	-	11.9	9.1	12.4	-						<0.5	mg/kg	TM30/PM15	
Barium #	-	59	96	67	-						<1	mg/kg	TM30/PM15	
Cadmium #	-	0.3	0.3	0.2	-						<0.1	mg/kg	TM30/PM15	
Chromium #	-	83.7	92.9	82.1	-						<0.5	mg/kg	TM30/PM15	
Copper #	-	22	19	26	-						<1	mg/kg	TM30/PM15	
Lead #	-	12	12	18	-						<5	mg/kg	TM30/PM15	
Mercury #	-	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	-						<0.1	mg/kg	TM30/PM15	
Molybdenum #	-	5.2	4.2	4.9	-						<0.1	mg/kg	TM30/PM15	
Nickel #	-	42.8	38.3	37.4	-						<0.7	mg/kg	TM30/PM15	
Selenium #	-	2	1	2	-						<1	mg/kg	TM30/PM15	
Zinc #	-	57	62	57	-						<5	mg/kg	TM30/PM15	
<b>PAH MS</b>														
Naphthalene #	-	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	-						<0.04	mg/kg	TM4/PM8	
Acenaphthylene	-	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	-						<0.03	mg/kg	TM4/PM8	
Acenaphthene #	-	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	-						<0.05	mg/kg	TM4/PM8	
Fluorene #	-	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	-						<0.04	mg/kg	TM4/PM8	
Phenanthrene #	-	0.08	<0.03	<0.03	-						<0.03	mg/kg	TM4/PM8	
Anthracene #	-	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	-						<0.04	mg/kg	TM4/PM8	
Fluoranthene #	-	0.16	<0.03	<0.03	-						<0.03	mg/kg	TM4/PM8	
Pyrene #	-	0.12	<0.03	<0.03	-						<0.03	mg/kg	TM4/PM8	
Benzo(a)anthracene #	-	0.11	<0.06	<0.06	-						<0.06	mg/kg	TM4/PM8	
Chrysene #	-	0.09	<0.02	<0.02	-						<0.02	mg/kg	TM4/PM8	
Benzo(bk)fluoranthene #	-	0.10	<0.07	<0.07	-						<0.07	mg/kg	TM4/PM8	
Benzo(a)pyrene #	-	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	-						<0.04	mg/kg	TM4/PM8	
Indeno(123cd)pyrene	-	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	-						<0.04	mg/kg	TM4/PM8	
Dibenzo(ah)anthracene #	-	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	-						<0.04	mg/kg	TM4/PM8	
Benzo(ghi)perylene #	-	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	-						<0.04	mg/kg	TM4/PM8	
Coronene	-	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	-						<0.04	mg/kg	TM4/PM8	
PAH 6 Total #	-	0.26	<0.22	<0.22	-						<0.22	mg/kg	TM4/PM8	
PAH 17 Total	-	0.66	<0.64	<0.64	-						<0.64	mg/kg	TM4/PM8	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	-	0.07	<0.05	<0.05	-						<0.05	mg/kg	TM4/PM8	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	-	0.03	<0.02	<0.02	-						<0.02	mg/kg	TM4/PM8	
Benzo(j)fluoranthene	-	<1	<1	<1	-						<1	mg/kg	TM4/PM8	
PAH Surrogate % Recovery	-	108	99	99	-						<0	%	TM4/PM8	
Mineral Oil (C10-C40)	-	<30	<30	<30	-						<30	mg/kg	TM5/PM8/PM16	

# Element Materials Technology

Client Name: Ground Investigations Ireland  
 Reference: 9225-11-19  
 Location: Hackettstown  
 Contact: Mike Sutton  
 EMT Job No: 20/1623

Report : Solid

Solids: V=60g VOC jar, J=250g glass jar, T=plastic tub

EMT Sample No.	1	2-4	5-7	8-10	11	Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms						LOD/LOR	Units	Method No.			
						Sample ID	Depth	COC No / misc	Containers	Sample Date	Sample Type				Batch Number	Date of Receipt	
TPH CWG																	
<b>Aliphatics</b>																	
>C5-C6 #	-	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	-	<0.1	mg/kg	TM36/PM12									
>C6-C8 #	-	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	-	<0.1	mg/kg	TM36/PM12									
>C8-C10	-	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	-	<0.1	mg/kg	TM36/PM12									
>C10-C12 #	-	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	-	<0.2	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16									
>C12-C16 #	-	<4	<4	<4	-	<4	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16									
>C16-C21 #	-	<7	<7	<7	-	<7	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16									
>C21-C35 #	-	<7	<7	<7	-	<7	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16									
>C35-C40	-	<7	<7	<7	-	<7	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16									
Total aliphatics C5-40	-	<26	<26	<26	-	<26	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16/PM12/PM15									
>C6-C10	-	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	-	<0.1	mg/kg	TM36/PM12									
>C10-C25	-	<10	<10	<10	-	<10	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16									
>C25-C35	-	<10	<10	<10	-	<10	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16									
<b>Aromatics</b>																	
>C5-EC7 #	-	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	-	<0.1	mg/kg	TM36/PM12									
>EC7-EC8 #	-	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	-	<0.1	mg/kg	TM36/PM12									
>EC8-EC10 #	-	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	-	<0.1	mg/kg	TM36/PM12									
>EC10-EC12 #	-	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	-	<0.2	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16									
>EC12-EC16 #	-	<4	<4	<4	-	<4	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16									
>EC16-EC21 #	-	<7	<7	<7	-	<7	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16									
>EC21-EC35 #	-	<7	<7	<7	-	<7	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16									
>EC35-EC40	-	<7	<7	<7	-	<7	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16									
Total aromatics C5-40	-	<26	<26	<26	-	<26	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16/PM12/PM15									
Total aliphatics and aromatics(C5-40)	-	<52	<52	<52	-	<52	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16/PM12/PM15									
>EC6-EC10 #	-	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	-	<0.1	mg/kg	TM36/PM12									
>EC10-EC25	-	<10	<10	<10	-	<10	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16									
>EC25-EC35	-	<10	<10	<10	-	<10	mg/kg	TMS/PM8/PM16									
MTBE #	-	<5	<5	<5	-	<5	ug/kg	TM31/PM12									
Benzene #	-	<5	<5	<5	-	<5	ug/kg	TM31/PM12									
Toluene #	-	<5	<5	<5	-	<5	ug/kg	TM31/PM12									
Ethylbenzene #	-	<5	<5	<5	-	<5	ug/kg	TM31/PM12									
m/p-Xylene #	-	<5	<5	<5	-	<5	ug/kg	TM31/PM12									
o-Xylene #	-	<5	<5	<5	-	<5	ug/kg	TM31/PM12									
PCB 28 #	-	<5	<5	<5	-	<5	ug/kg	TM17/PM8									
PCB 52 #	-	<5	<5	<5	-	<5	ug/kg	TM17/PM8									
PCB 101 #	-	<5	<5	<5	-	<5	ug/kg	TM17/PM8									
PCB 118 #	-	<5	<5	<5	-	<5	ug/kg	TM17/PM8									
PCB 138 #	-	<5	<5	<5	-	<5	ug/kg	TM17/PM8									
PCB 153 #	-	<5	<5	<5	-	<5	ug/kg	TM17/PM8									
PCB 180 #	-	<5	<5	<5	-	<5	ug/kg	TM17/PM8									
Total 7 PCBs #	-	<35	<35	<35	-	<35	ug/kg	TM17/PM8									

**Element Materials Technology**

**Client Name:** Ground Investigations Ireland  
**Reference:** 9225-11-19  
**Location:** Hacketstown  
**Contact:** Mike Sutton  
**EMT Job No:** 20/1623

**Report : Solid**

**Solids:** V=60g VOC jar, J=250g glass jar, T=plastic tub

EMT Sample No.	1	2-4	5-7	8-10	11											
<b>Sample ID</b>	TPI 100	TPI 101	TP 101	TP 104	TP 101											
<b>Depth</b>	1.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	1.50											
<b>COC No / misc</b>																
<b>Containers</b>	T	V J T	V J T	V J T	T											
<b>Sample Date</b>	29/01/2020	29/01/2020	30/01/2020	30/01/2020	30/01/2020											
<b>Sample Type</b>	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil											
<b>Batch Number</b>	1	1	1	1	1											
<b>Date of Receipt</b>	03/02/2020	03/02/2020	03/02/2020	03/02/2020	03/02/2020											
Natural Moisture Content	-	9.1	11.7	11.8	-									<0.1	%	PM4/PM0
Moisture Content (% Wet Weight)	-	8.3	10.5	10.6	-									<0.1	%	PM4/PM0
Hexavalent Chromium #	-	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3	-									<0.3	mg/kg	TM38/PM20
Sulphate as SO <sub>4</sub> (2:1 Ext) #	0.0125	-	-	-	0.0148									<0.0015	g/l	TM38/PM20
Chromium III	-	83.7	92.9	82.1	-									<0.5	mg/kg	NONE/NONE
Total Organic Carbon #	-	0.18	0.27	0.30	-									<0.02	%	TM21/PM24
pH #	7.75	8.27	7.91	8.11	6.94									<0.01	pH units	TM73/PM11
Mass of raw test portion	-	0.1006	0.1042	0.1032	-										kg	NONE/PM17
Mass of dried test portion	-	0.09	0.09	0.09	-										kg	NONE/PM17

Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms



# Element Materials Technology

**Client Name:** Ground Investigations Ireland  
**Reference:** 9225-11-19  
**Location:** Hackettstown  
**Contact:** Mike Sutton  
**EMT Job No:** 20/1623

**Report : CEN 10:1 1 Batch**

**Solids:** V=60g VOC jar, J=250g glass jar, T=plastic tub

EMT Sample No.	2-4	5-7	8-10							Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms			
	<b>Sample ID</b>	TPI 101	TP 101	TP 104									
<b>Depth</b>	0.50	0.50	0.50										
<b>COC No / misc</b>													
<b>Containers</b>	V J T	V J T	V J T										
<b>Sample Date</b>	29/01/2020	30/01/2020	30/01/2020										
<b>Sample Type</b>	Soil	Soil	Soil										
<b>Batch Number</b>	1	1	1										
<b>Date of Receipt</b>	03/02/2020	03/02/2020	03/02/2020										
<b>Dissolved Antimony #</b>	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002							<0.002	mg/l	TM30/PM17	
<b>Dissolved Antimony (A10) #</b>	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02							<0.02	mg/kg	TM30/PM17	
<b>Dissolved Arsenic #</b>	0.0040	0.0027	0.0033							<0.0025	mg/l	TM30/PM17	
<b>Dissolved Arsenic (A10) #</b>	0.040	0.027	0.033							<0.025	mg/kg	TM30/PM17	
<b>Dissolved Barium #</b>	<0.003	<0.003	0.003							<0.003	mg/l	TM30/PM17	
<b>Dissolved Barium (A10) #</b>	<0.03	<0.03	0.03							<0.03	mg/kg	TM30/PM17	
<b>Dissolved Cadmium #</b>	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005							<0.0005	mg/l	TM30/PM17	
<b>Dissolved Cadmium (A10) #</b>	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005							<0.005	mg/kg	TM30/PM17	
<b>Dissolved Chromium #</b>	<0.0015	<0.0015	<0.0015							<0.0015	mg/l	TM30/PM17	
<b>Dissolved Chromium (A10) #</b>	<0.015	<0.015	<0.015							<0.015	mg/kg	TM30/PM17	
<b>Dissolved Copper #</b>	<0.007	<0.007	<0.007							<0.007	mg/l	TM30/PM17	
<b>Dissolved Copper (A10) #</b>	<0.07	<0.07	<0.07							<0.07	mg/kg	TM30/PM17	
<b>Dissolved Lead #</b>	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005							<0.005	mg/l	TM30/PM17	
<b>Dissolved Lead (A10) #</b>	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05							<0.05	mg/kg	TM30/PM17	
<b>Dissolved Molybdenum #</b>	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002							<0.002	mg/l	TM30/PM17	
<b>Dissolved Molybdenum (A10) #</b>	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02							<0.02	mg/kg	TM30/PM17	
<b>Dissolved Nickel #</b>	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002							<0.002	mg/l	TM30/PM17	
<b>Dissolved Nickel (A10) #</b>	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02							<0.02	mg/kg	TM30/PM17	
<b>Dissolved Selenium #</b>	<0.003	<0.003	<0.003							<0.003	mg/l	TM30/PM17	
<b>Dissolved Selenium (A10) #</b>	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03							<0.03	mg/kg	TM30/PM17	
<b>Dissolved Zinc #</b>	<0.003	0.004	<0.003							<0.003	mg/l	TM30/PM17	
<b>Dissolved Zinc (A10) #</b>	<0.03	0.04	<0.03							<0.03	mg/kg	TM30/PM17	
<b>Mercury Dissolved by CVAF #</b>	<0.00001	<0.00001	<0.00001							<0.00001	mg/l	TM61/PM0	
<b>Mercury Dissolved by CVAF #</b>	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001							<0.0001	mg/kg	TM61/PM0	
<b>Phenol</b>	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01							<0.01	mg/l	TM26/PM0	
<b>Phenol</b>	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1							<0.1	mg/kg	TM26/PM0	
<b>Fluoride</b>	0.5	0.3	0.5							<0.3	mg/l	TM173/PM0	
<b>Fluoride</b>	5	3	5							<3	mg/kg	TM173/PM0	
<b>Sulphate as SO4 #</b>	4.2	0.6	6.7							<0.5	mg/l	TM38/PM0	
<b>Sulphate as SO4 #</b>	42	6	67							<5	mg/kg	TM38/PM0	
<b>Chloride #</b>	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3							<0.3	mg/l	TM38/PM0	
<b>Chloride #</b>	<3	<3	<3							<3	mg/kg	TM38/PM0	
<b>Dissolved Organic Carbon</b>	3	4	10							<2	mg/l	TM60/PM0	
<b>Dissolved Organic Carbon</b>	30	40	100							<20	mg/kg	TM60/PM0	
<b>pH</b>	8.18	8.03	8.04							<0.01	pH units	TM73/PM0	
<b>Total Dissolved Solids #</b>	112	43	116							<35	mg/l	TM20/PM0	
<b>Total Dissolved Solids #</b>	1120	430	1161							<350	mg/kg	TM20/PM0	

# Element Materials Technology

**Client Name:** Ground Investigations Ireland  
**Reference:** 9225-11-19  
**Location:** Hackettstown  
**Contact:** Mike Sutton  
**EMT Job No:** 20/1623

**Report :** EN12457\_2  
**Solids:** V=60g VOC jar, J=250g glass jar, T=plastic tub

EMT Sample No.	2-4	5-7	8-10																		
<b>Sample ID</b>	TPI 101	TP 101	TP 104																		
<b>Depth</b>	0.50	0.50	0.50																		
<b>COC No / misc</b>																					
<b>Containers</b>	V J T	V J T	V J T																		
<b>Sample Date</b>	29/01/2020	30/01/2020	30/01/2020																		
<b>Sample Type</b>	Soil	Soil	Soil																		
<b>Batch Number</b>	1	1	1																		
<b>Date of Receipt</b>	03/02/2020	03/02/2020	03/02/2020																		
													Inert	Stable Non-reactive	Hazardous	LOD LOR	Units	Method No.			
Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms																					
<b>Solid Waste Analysis</b>																					
Total Organic Carbon <sup>#</sup>	0.18	0.27	0.30													3	5	6	<0.02	%	TM21/PM24
Sum of BTEX	<0.025	<0.025	<0.025													6	-	-	<0.025	mg/kg	TM31/PM12
Sum of 7 PCBs <sup>#</sup>	<0.035	<0.035	<0.035													1	-	-	<0.035	mg/kg	TM17/PM8
Mineral Oil	<30	<30	<30													500	-	-	<30	mg/kg	TM5/PM8/PM16
PAH Sum of 6 <sup>#</sup>	0.26	<0.22	<0.22													-	-	-	<0.22	mg/kg	TM4/PM8
PAH Sum of 17	0.66	<0.64	<0.64													100	-	-	<0.64	mg/kg	TM4/PM8
<b>CEN 10:1 Leachate</b>																					
Arsenic <sup>#</sup>	0.040	0.027	0.033													0.5	2	25	<0.025	mg/kg	TM30/PM17
Barium <sup>#</sup>	<0.03	<0.03	0.03													20	100	300	<0.03	mg/kg	TM30/PM17
Cadmium <sup>#</sup>	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005													0.04	1	5	<0.005	mg/kg	TM30/PM17
Chromium <sup>#</sup>	<0.015	<0.015	<0.015													0.5	10	70	<0.015	mg/kg	TM30/PM17
Copper <sup>#</sup>	<0.07	<0.07	<0.07													2	50	100	<0.07	mg/kg	TM30/PM17
Mercury <sup>#</sup>	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001													0.01	0.2	2	<0.0001	mg/kg	TM61/PM0
Molybdenum <sup>#</sup>	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02													0.5	10	30	<0.02	mg/kg	TM30/PM17
Nickel <sup>#</sup>	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02													0.4	10	40	<0.02	mg/kg	TM30/PM17
Lead <sup>#</sup>	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05													0.5	10	50	<0.05	mg/kg	TM30/PM17
Antimony <sup>#</sup>	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02													0.06	0.7	5	<0.02	mg/kg	TM30/PM17
Selenium <sup>#</sup>	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03													0.1	0.5	7	<0.03	mg/kg	TM30/PM17
Zinc <sup>#</sup>	<0.03	0.04	<0.03													4	50	200	<0.03	mg/kg	TM30/PM17
Total Dissolved Solids <sup>#</sup>	1120	430	1161													4000	60000	100000	<350	mg/kg	TM20/PM0
Dissolved Organic Carbon	30	40	100													500	800	1000	<20	mg/kg	TM60/PM0
Mass of raw test portion	0.1006	0.1042	0.1032													-	-	-		kg	NONE/PM17
Dry Matter Content Ratio	89.2	86.4	87.0													-	-	-	<0.1	%	NONE/PM4
Leachant Volume	0.889	0.886	0.887													-	-	-		l	NONE/PM17
Eluate Volume	0.8	0.65	0.45													-	-	-		l	NONE/PM17
pH <sup>#</sup>	8.27	7.91	8.11													-	-	-	<0.01	pH units	TM73/PM11
Phenol	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1													1	-	-	<0.1	mg/kg	TM26/PM0
Fluoride	5	3	5													-	-	-	<3	mg/kg	TM173/PM0
Sulphate as SO4 <sup>#</sup>	42	6	67													1000	20000	50000	<5	mg/kg	TM38/PM0
Chloride <sup>#</sup>	<3	<3	<3													800	15000	25000	<3	mg/kg	TM38/PM0

**Client Name:** Ground Investigations Ireland  
**Reference:** 9225-11-19  
**Location:** Hackettstown  
**Contact:** Mike Sutton

**Matrix : Solid**

EMT Job No.	Batch	Sample ID	Depth	EMT Sample No.	EPH Interpretation
20/1623	1	TPI 101	0.50	2-4	No interpretation possible
20/1623	1	TP 101	0.50	5-7	No interpretation possible
20/1623	1	TP 104	0.50	8-10	No interpretation possible

**Client Name:** Ground Investigations Ireland  
**Reference:** 19/11/9225  
**Location:** Hackettstown  
**Contact:** Mike Sutton

**Note:**

Asbestos Screen analysis is carried out in accordance with our documented in-house methods PM042 and TM065 and HSG 248 by Stereo and Polarised Light Microscopy using Dispersion Staining Techniques and is covered by our UKAS accreditation. Detailed Gravimetric Quantification and PCOM Fibre Analysis is carried out in accordance with our documented in-house methods PM042 and TM131 and HSG 248 using Stereo and Polarised Light Microscopy and Phase Contrast Optical Microscopy (PCOM). Samples are retained for not less than 6 months from the date of analysis unless specifically requested.

Opinions, including ACM type and Asbestos level less than 0.1%, lie outside the scope of our UKAS accreditation.

Where the sample is not taken by a Element Materials Technology consultant, Element Materials Technology cannot be responsible for inaccurate or unrepresentative sampling.

EMT Job No.	Batch	Sample ID	Depth	EMT Sample No.	Date Of Analysis	Analysis	Result
20/1623	1	TPI 101	0.50	3	05/02/2020	General Description (Bulk Analysis)	soil.stones
					05/02/2020	Asbestos Fibres	NAD
					05/02/2020	Asbestos ACM	NAD
					05/02/2020	Asbestos Type	NAD
					05/02/2020	Asbestos Level Screen	NAD
20/1623	1	TP 101	0.50	6	05/02/2020	General Description (Bulk Analysis)	Soil/Stones
					05/02/2020	Asbestos Fibres	NAD
					05/02/2020	Asbestos ACM	NAD
					05/02/2020	Asbestos Type	NAD
					05/02/2020	Asbestos Level Screen	NAD
20/1623	1	TP 104	0.50	9	05/02/2020	General Description (Bulk Analysis)	soil-stones
					05/02/2020	Asbestos Fibres	NAD
					05/02/2020	Asbestos ACM	NAD
					05/02/2020	Asbestos Type	NAD
					05/02/2020	Asbestos Level Screen	NAD

# Element Materials Technology

## Notification of Deviating Samples

**Client Name:** Ground Investigations Ireland

**Reference:** 9225-11-19

**Location:** Hackettstown

**Contact:** Mike Sutton

EMT Job No.	Batch	Sample ID	Depth	EMT Sample No.	Analysis	Reason
No deviating sample report results for job 20/1623						

Please note that only samples that are deviating are mentioned in this report. If no samples are listed it is because none were deviating. Only analyses which are accredited are recorded as deviating if set criteria are not met.

## NOTES TO ACCOMPANY ALL SCHEDULES AND REPORTS

EMT Job No.: 20/1623

### SOILS

Please note we are only MCERTS accredited (UK soils only) for sand, loam and clay and any other matrix is outside our scope of accreditation.

Where an MCERTS report has been requested, you will be notified within 48 hours of any samples that have been identified as being outside our MCERTS scope. As validation has been performed on clay, sand and loam, only samples that are predominantly these matrices, or combinations of them will be within our MCERTS scope. If samples are not one of a combination of the above matrices they will not be marked as MCERTS accredited.

It is assumed that you have taken representative samples on site and require analysis on a representative subsample. Stones will generally be included unless we are requested to remove them.

All samples will be discarded one month after the date of reporting, unless we are instructed to the contrary.

If you have not already done so, please send us a purchase order if this is required by your company.

Where appropriate please make sure that our detection limits are suitable for your needs, if they are not, please notify us immediately.

All analysis is reported on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. Limits of detection for analyses carried out on as received samples are not moisture content corrected. Results are not surrogate corrected. Samples are dried at 35°C ±5°C unless otherwise stated. Moisture content for CEN Leachate tests are dried at 105°C ±5°C.

Where Mineral Oil or Fats, Oils and Grease is quoted, this refers to Total Aliphatics C10-C40.

Where a CEN 10:1 ZERO Headspace VOC test has been carried out, a 10:1 ratio of water to wet (as received) soil has been used.

% Asbestos in Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs) is determined by reference to HSG 264 The Survey Guide - Appendix 2 : ACMs in buildings listed in order of ease of fibre release.

Sufficient amount of sample must be received to carry out the testing specified. Where an insufficient amount of sample has been received the testing may not meet the requirements of our accredited methods, as such accreditation may be removed.

Negative Neutralization Potential (NP) values are obtained when the volume of NaOH (0.1N) titrated (pH 8.3) is greater than the volume of HCl (1N) to reduce the pH of the sample to 2.0 - 2.5. Any negative NP values are corrected to 0.

The calculation of Pyrite content assumes that all oxidisable sulphides present in the sample are pyrite. This may not be the case. The calculation may be an overestimate when other sulphides such as Barite (Barium Sulphate) are present.

### WATERS

Please note we are not a UK Drinking Water Inspectorate (DWI) Approved Laboratory .

ISO17025 accreditation applies to surface water and groundwater and usually one other matrix which is analysis specific, any other liquids are outside our scope of accreditation.

As surface waters require different sample preparation to groundwaters the laboratory must be informed of the water type when submitting samples.

Where Mineral Oil or Fats, Oils and Grease is quoted, this refers to Total Aliphatics C10-C40.

### DEVIATING SAMPLES

All samples should be submitted to the laboratory in suitable containers with sufficient ice packs to sustain an appropriate temperature for the requested analysis. The temperature of sample receipt is recorded on the confirmation schedules in order that the client can make an informed decision as to whether testing should still be undertaken.

### SURROGATES

Surrogate compounds are added during the preparation process to monitor recovery of analytes. However low recovery in soils is often due to peat, clay or other organic rich matrices. For waters this can be due to oxidants, surfactants, organic rich sediments or remediation fluids. Acceptable limits for most organic methods are 70 - 130% and for VOCs are 50 - 150%. When surrogate recoveries are outside the performance criteria but the associated AQC passes this is assumed to be due to matrix effect. Results are not surrogate corrected.

### DILUTIONS

A dilution suffix indicates a dilution has been performed and the reported result takes this into account. No further calculation is required.

### BLANKS

Where analytes have been found in the blank, the sample will be treated in accordance with our laboratory procedure for dealing with contaminated blanks.

### NOTE

Data is only reported if the laboratory is confident that the data is a true reflection of the samples analysed. Data is only reported as accredited when all the requirements of our Quality System have been met. In certain circumstances where all the requirements of the Quality System have not been met, for instance if the associated AQC has failed, the reason is fully investigated and documented. The sample data is then evaluated alongside the other quality control checks performed during analysis to determine its suitability. Following this evaluation, provided the sample results have not been effected, the data is reported but accreditation is removed. It is a UKAS requirement for data not reported as accredited to be considered indicative only, but this does not mean the data is not valid.

Where possible, and if requested, samples will be re-extracted and a revised report issued with accredited results. Please do not hesitate to contact the laboratory if further details are required of the circumstances which have led to the removal of accreditation.

Please include all sections of this report if it is reproduced

**REPORTS FROM THE SOUTH AFRICA LABORATORY**

Any method number not prefixed with SA has been undertaken in our UK laboratory unless reported as subcontracted.

**Measurement Uncertainty**

Measurement uncertainty defines the range of values that could reasonably be attributed to the measured quantity. This range of values has not been included within the reported results. Uncertainty expressed as a percentage can be provided upon request.

**ABBREVIATIONS and ACRONYMS USED**

#	ISO17025 (UKAS Ref No. 4225) accredited - UK.
SA	ISO17025 (SANAS Ref No.T0729) accredited - South Africa
B	Indicates analyte found in associated method blank.
DR	Dilution required.
M	MCERTS accredited.
NA	Not applicable
NAD	No Asbestos Detected.
ND	None Detected (usually refers to VOC and/SVOC TICs).
NDP	No Determination Possible
SS	Calibrated against a single substance
SV	Surrogate recovery outside performance criteria. This may be due to a matrix effect.
W	Results expressed on as received basis.
+	AQC failure, accreditation has been removed from this result, if appropriate, see 'Note' on previous page.
>>	Results above calibration range, the result should be considered the minimum value. The actual result could be significantly higher, this result is not accredited.
*	Analysis subcontracted to an Element Materials Technology approved laboratory.
AD	Samples are dried at 35°C ±5°C
CO	Suspected carry over
LOD/LOR	Limit of Detection (Limit of Reporting) in line with ISO 17025 and MCERTS
ME	Matrix Effect
NFD	No Fibres Detected
BS	AQC Sample
LB	Blank Sample
N	Client Sample
TB	Trip Blank Sample
OC	Outside Calibration Range

EMT Job No: 20/1623

Test Method No.	Description	Prep Method No. (if appropriate)	Description	ISO 17025 (UKAS/S ANAS)	MCERTS (UK soils only)	Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD)	Reported on dry weight basis
PM4	Gravimetric measurement of Natural Moisture Content and % Moisture Content at either 35°C or 105°C. Calculation based on ISO 11465 and BS1377.	PM0	No preparation is required.			AR	
TM4	Modified USEPA 8270 method for the solvent extraction and determination of PAHs by GC-MS.	PM8	End over end extraction of solid samples for organic analysis. The solvent mix varies depending on analysis required.			AR	Yes
TM4	Modified USEPA 8270 method for the solvent extraction and determination of PAHs by GC-MS.	PM8	End over end extraction of solid samples for organic analysis. The solvent mix varies depending on analysis required.	Yes		AR	Yes
TM5	Modified 8015B method for the determination of solvent Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (EPH) within the range C8-C40 by GCFID. For waters the solvent extracts dissolved phase plus a sheen if present.	PM16	Fractionation into aliphatic and aromatic fractions using a Rapid Trace SPE.			AR	
TM5	Modified 8015B method for the determination of solvent Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (EPH) within the range C8-C40 by GCFID. For waters the solvent extracts dissolved phase plus a sheen if present.	PM8/PM16	End over end extraction of solid samples for organic analysis. The solvent mix varies depending on analysis required/Fractionation into aliphatic and aromatic fractions using a Rapid Trace SPE.			AR	Yes
TM5	Modified 8015B method for the determination of solvent Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (EPH) within the range C8-C40 by GCFID. For waters the solvent extracts dissolved phase plus a sheen if present.	PM8/PM16	End over end extraction of solid samples for organic analysis. The solvent mix varies depending on analysis required/Fractionation into aliphatic and aromatic fractions using a Rapid Trace SPE.	Yes		AR	Yes
TM5/TM36	please refer to TM5 and TM36 for method details	PM8/PM12/PM16	please refer to PM8/PM16 and PM12 for method details			AR	Yes
TM17	Modified US EPA method 8270. Determination of specific Polychlorinated Biphenyl congeners by GC-MS.	PM8	End over end extraction of solid samples for organic analysis. The solvent mix varies depending on analysis required.	Yes		AR	Yes
TM20	Modified BS 1377-3: 1990/USEPA 160.3 Gravimetric determination of Total Dissolved Solids/Total Solids	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes		AR	Yes
TM21	Modified BS 7755-3:1995, ISO10694:1995 Determination of Total Organic Carbon or Total Carbon by combustion in an Eltra TOC furnace/analyser in the presence of oxygen. The CO2 generated is quantified using infra-red detection. Organic Matter (SOM) calculated as per EA MCERTS Chemical Testing of Soil, March 2012 v4.	PM24	Dried and ground solid samples are washed with hydrochloric acid, then rinsed with deionised water to remove the mineral carbon before TOC analysis.	Yes		AD	Yes



EMT Job No: 20/1623

Test Method No.	Description	Prep Method No. (if appropriate)	Description	ISO 17025 (UKAS/S ANAS)	MCERTS (UK soils only)	Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD)	Reported on dry weight basis
TM26	Determination of phenols by Reversed Phased High Performance Liquid Chromatography and Electro-Chemical Detection.	PM0	No preparation is required.			AR	Yes
TM30	Determination of Trace Metal elements by ICP-OES (Inductively Coupled Plasma - Optical Emission Spectrometry). Modified US EPA Method 200.7, 6010B and BS EN ISO 11885 2009	PM15	Acid digestion of dried and ground solid samples using Aqua Regia refluxed at 112.5 °C. Samples containing asbestos are not dried and ground.			AD	Yes
TM30	Determination of Trace Metal elements by ICP-OES (Inductively Coupled Plasma - Optical Emission Spectrometry). Modified US EPA Method 200.7, 6010B and BS EN ISO 11885 2009	PM15	Acid digestion of dried and ground solid samples using Aqua Regia refluxed at 112.5 °C. Samples containing asbestos are not dried and ground.	Yes		AD	Yes
TM30	Determination of Trace Metal elements by ICP-OES (Inductively Coupled Plasma - Optical Emission Spectrometry). Modified US EPA Method 200.7, 6010B and BS EN ISO 11885 2009	PM17	Modified method BS EN12457-2 As received solid samples are leached with water in a 10:1 water to soil ratio for 24 hours, the moisture content of the sample is included in the ratio.	Yes		AR	Yes
TM31	Modified USEPA 8015B. Determination of Methylterbutylether, Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and Xylene by headspace GC-FID.	PM12	Modified US EPA method 5021. Preparation of solid and liquid samples for GC headspace analysis.			AR	Yes
TM31	Modified USEPA 8015B. Determination of Methylterbutylether, Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and Xylene by headspace GC-FID.	PM12	Modified US EPA method 5021. Preparation of solid and liquid samples for GC headspace analysis.	Yes		AR	Yes
TM36	Modified US EPA method 8015B. Determination of Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) in the carbon chain range of C4-12 by headspace GC-FID. MTBE by GCFID co-elutes with 3-methylpentane if present and therefore can give a false positive. Positive MTBE results can be confirmed using GCMS.	PM12	Modified US EPA method 5021. Preparation of solid and liquid samples for GC headspace analysis.			AR	Yes
TM36	Modified US EPA method 8015B. Determination of Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) in the carbon chain range of C4-12 by headspace GC-FID. MTBE by GCFID co-elutes with 3-methylpentane if present and therefore can give a false positive. Positive MTBE results can be confirmed using GCMS.	PM12	Modified US EPA method 5021. Preparation of solid and liquid samples for GC headspace analysis.	Yes		AR	Yes
TM38	Soluble Ion analysis using Discrete Analyser. Modified US EPA methods 325.2 (Chloride), 375.4 (Sulphate), 365.2 (o-Phosphate), 353.1 (TON), 354.1 (Nitrite), 350.1 (NH4+) comparable to BS ISO 15923-1, 7196A (Hex Cr)	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes		AR	Yes
TM38	Soluble Ion analysis using Discrete Analyser. Modified US EPA methods 325.2 (Chloride), 375.4 (Sulphate), 365.2 (o-Phosphate), 353.1 (TON), 354.1 (Nitrite), 350.1 (NH4+) comparable to BS ISO 15923-1, 7196A (Hex Cr)	PM20	Extraction of dried and ground or as received samples with deionised water in a 2:1 water to solid ratio using a reciprocal shaker for all analytes except hexavalent chromium. Extraction of as received sample using 10:1 ratio of 0.2M sodium hydroxide to soil for hexavalent chromium using a reciprocal shaker.	Yes		AD	Yes

EMT Job No: 20/1623

Test Method No.	Description	Prep Method No. (if appropriate)	Description	ISO 17025 (UKAS/S ANAS)	MCERTS (UK soils only)	Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD)	Reported on dry weight basis
TM38	Soluble Ion analysis using Discrete Analyser. Modified US EPA methods 325.2 (Chloride), 375.4 (Sulphate), 365.2 (o-Phosphate), 353.1 (TON), 354.1 (Nitrite), 350.1 (NH4+) comparable to BS ISO 15923-1, 7196A (Hex Cr)	PM20	Extraction of dried and ground or as received samples with deionised water in a 2:1 water to solid ratio using a reciprocal shaker for all analytes except hexavalent chromium. Extraction of as received sample using 10:1 ratio of 0.2M sodium hydroxide to soil for hexavalent chromium using a reciprocal shaker.	Yes		AR	Yes
TM60	TC/TOC analysis of Waters by High Temperature Combustion followed by NDIR detection. Based on the following modified standard methods: USEPA 9060, APHA Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Wastewater 5310B, ASTM D 7573, and USEPA 415.1.	PM0	No preparation is required.			AR	Yes
TM61	Modified US EPA methods 245.7 and 200.7. Determination of Mercury by Cold Vapour Atomic Fluorescence.	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes		AR	Yes
TM65	Asbestos Bulk Identification method based on HSG 248.	PM42	Solid samples undergo a thorough visual inspection for asbestos fibres prior to asbestos identification using TM065.	Yes		AR	
TM73	Modified US EPA methods 150.1 and 9045D and BS1377:1990. Determination of pH by Metrohm automated probe analyser.	PM0	No preparation is required.			AR	Yes
TM73	Modified US EPA methods 150.1 and 9045D and BS1377:1990. Determination of pH by Metrohm automated probe analyser.	PM11	Extraction of as received solid samples using one part solid to 2.5 parts deionised water.	Yes		AR	No
TM173	Analysis of fluoride by ISE (Ion Selective Electrode) using modified ISE method 340.2	PM0	No preparation is required.			AR	Yes
NONE	No Method Code	NONE	No Method Code			AD	Yes
NONE	No Method Code	PM17	Modified method BS EN12457-2 As received solid samples are leached with water in a 10:1 water to soil ratio for 24 hours, the moisture content of the sample is included in the ratio.				
NONE	No Method Code	PM17	Modified method BS EN12457-2 As received solid samples are leached with water in a 10:1 water to soil ratio for 24 hours, the moisture content of the sample is included in the ratio.			AR	

EMT Job No: 20/1623

Test Method No.	Description	Prep Method No. (if appropriate)	Description	ISO 17025 (UKAS/S ANAS)	MCERTS (UK soils only)	Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD)	Reported on dry weight basis
NONE	No Method Code	PM4	Gravimetric measurement of Natural Moisture Content and % Moisture Content at either 35°C or 105°C. Calculation based on ISO 11465 and BS1377.			AR	

Ground Investigations Ireland  
Catherinestown House  
Hazelhatch Road  
Newcastle  
Co. Dublin  
Ireland



**Attention :** Mike Sutton  
**Date :** 1st June, 2020  
**Your reference :** 9225-11-19  
**Our reference :** Test Report 20/6499 Batch 1  
**Location :** Hackettstown, Skerries  
**Date samples received :** 22nd May, 2020  
**Status :** Final report  
**Issue :** 1

Four samples were received for analysis on 22nd May, 2020 of which four were scheduled for analysis. Please find attached our Test Report which should be read with notes at the end of the report and should include all sections if reproduced. Interpretations and opinions are outside the scope of any accreditation, and all results relate only to samples supplied.  
All analysis is carried out on as received samples and reported on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. Results are not surrogate corrected.

**Authorised By:**



**Phil Sommerton BSc**  
Senior Project Manager

Please include all sections of this report if it is reproduced

**Client Name:** Ground Investigations Ireland  
**Reference:** 9225-11-19  
**Location:** Hackettstown, Skerries  
**Contact:** Mike Sutton  
**EMT Job No:** 20/6499

**Report : Liquid**

**Liquids/products:** V=40ml vial, G=glass bottle, P=plastic bottle  
 H=H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, Z=ZnAc, N=NaOH, HN=HNO<sub>3</sub>

EMT Sample No.		1-8	9-16	17-24	25-32										Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms		
Sample ID		BH07	BH101	BH103	RC09										LOD/LOR	Units	Method No.
Depth																	
COC No / misc																	
Containers		V H HNUF HCL Z P G	V H HNUF HCL Z P G	V H HNUF HCL Z P G	V H HNUF HCL Z P G												
Sample Date		20/05/2020	20/05/2020	20/05/2020	20/05/2020												
Sample Type		Ground Water	Ground Water	Ground Water	Ground Water												
Batch Number		1	1	1	1												
Date of Receipt		22/05/2020	22/05/2020	22/05/2020	22/05/2020												
Dissolved Arsenic #		<2.5	2.7	<2.5	<2.5									<2.5	ug/l	TM30/PM14	
Dissolved Boron		70	56	53	35									<12	ug/l	TM30/PM14	
Dissolved Cadmium #		<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5									<0.5	ug/l	TM30/PM14	
Total Dissolved Chromium #		<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5									<1.5	ug/l	TM30/PM14	
Dissolved Copper #		<7	<7	<7	<7									<7	ug/l	TM30/PM14	
Dissolved Lead #		<5	<5	<5	<5									<5	ug/l	TM30/PM14	
Dissolved Magnesium #		12.5	17.7	17.7	17.6									<0.1	mg/l	TM30/PM14	
Dissolved Manganese #		161	34	199	2									<2	ug/l	TM30/PM14	
Dissolved Mercury #		<1	<1	<1	<1									<1	ug/l	TM30/PM14	
Dissolved Nickel #		2	2	6	<2									<2	ug/l	TM30/PM14	
Dissolved Potassium #		3.4	5.0	1.7	0.7									<0.1	mg/l	TM30/PM14	
Dissolved Zinc #		<3	<3	<3	<3									<3	ug/l	TM30/PM14	
PAH MS																	
Naphthalene #		<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1									<0.1	ug/l	TM4/PM30	
Acenaphthylene #		<0.013	<0.013	<0.013	<0.013									<0.013	ug/l	TM4/PM30	
Acenaphthene #		<0.013	<0.013	<0.013	<0.013									<0.013	ug/l	TM4/PM30	
Fluorene #		<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014									<0.014	ug/l	TM4/PM30	
Phenanthrene #		<0.011	<0.011	<0.011	<0.011									<0.011	ug/l	TM4/PM30	
Anthracene #		<0.013	<0.013	<0.013	<0.013									<0.013	ug/l	TM4/PM30	
Fluoranthene #		<0.012	<0.012	0.012	<0.012									<0.012	ug/l	TM4/PM30	
Pyrene #		0.030	<0.013	<0.013	<0.013									<0.013	ug/l	TM4/PM30	
Benzo(a)anthracene #		<0.015	<0.015	<0.015	<0.015									<0.015	ug/l	TM4/PM30	
Chrysene #		<0.011	<0.011	<0.011	<0.011									<0.011	ug/l	TM4/PM30	
Benzo(bk)fluoranthene #		<0.018	<0.018	<0.018	<0.018									<0.018	ug/l	TM4/PM30	
Benzo(a)pyrene #		<0.016	<0.016	<0.016	<0.016									<0.016	ug/l	TM4/PM30	
Indeno(123cd)pyrene #		<0.011	<0.011	<0.011	<0.011									<0.011	ug/l	TM4/PM30	
Dibenzo(ah)anthracene #		<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01									<0.01	ug/l	TM4/PM30	
Benzo(ghi)perylene #		<0.011	<0.011	<0.011	<0.011									<0.011	ug/l	TM4/PM30	
PAH 16 Total #		<0.195	<0.195	<0.195	<0.195									<0.195	ug/l	TM4/PM30	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01									<0.01	ug/l	TM4/PM30	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene		<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01									<0.01	ug/l	TM4/PM30	
PAH Surrogate % Recovery		76	76	76	76									<0	%	TM4/PM30	
MTBE #																	
MTBE #		<5	<5	<5	<5									<5	ug/l	TM36/PM12	
Benzene #		<5	<5	<5	<5									<5	ug/l	TM36/PM12	
Toluene #		<5	<5	<5	<5									<5	ug/l	TM36/PM12	
Ethylbenzene #		<5	<5	<5	<5									<5	ug/l	TM36/PM12	
m/p-Xylene #		<5	<5	<5	<5									<5	ug/l	TM36/PM12	
o-Xylene #		<5	<5	<5	<5									<5	ug/l	TM36/PM12	

# Element Materials Technology

**Client Name:** Ground Investigations Ireland  
**Reference:** 9225-11-19  
**Location:** Hackettstown, Skerries  
**Contact:** Mike Sutton  
**EMT Job No:** 20/6499

**Report : Liquid**

**Liquids/products:** V=40ml vial, G=glass bottle, P=plastic bottle  
 H=H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, Z=ZnAc, N=NaOH, HN=HNO<sub>3</sub>

EMT Sample No.	1-8	9-16	17-24	25-32										
<b>Sample ID</b>	BH07	BH101	BH103	RC09										
<b>Depth</b>														
<b>COC No / misc</b>														
<b>Containers</b>	V H HNUF HCL Z P G	V H HNUF HCL Z P G	V H HNUF HCL Z P G	V H HNUF HCL Z P G										
<b>Sample Date</b>	20/05/2020	20/05/2020	20/05/2020	20/05/2020										
<b>Sample Type</b>	Ground Water	Ground Water	Ground Water	Ground Water										
<b>Batch Number</b>	1	1	1	1										
<b>Date of Receipt</b>	22/05/2020	22/05/2020	22/05/2020	22/05/2020										
												Please see attached notes for all abbreviations and acronyms		
TPH CWG														
<b>Aliphatics</b>														
>C5-C6 #	<10	<10	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>C6-C8 #	<10	<10	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>C8-C10 #	<10	<10	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>C10-C12 #	<5	<5	<5	<5								<5	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>C12-C16 #	<10	<10	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>C16-C21 #	<10	<10	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>C21-C35 #	<10	<10	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
Total aliphatics C5-35 #	<10	<10	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
<b>Aromatics</b>														
>C5-EC7 #	<10	<10	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>EC7-EC8 #	<10	<10	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>EC8-EC10 #	<10	<10	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM36/PM12
>EC10-EC12 #	<5	<5	<5	<5								<5	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>EC12-EC16 #	<10	<10	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>EC16-EC21 #	<10	<10	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
>EC21-EC35 #	<10	<10	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
Total aromatics C5-35 #	<10	<10	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
Total aliphatics and aromatics(C5-35) #	<10	<10	<10	<10								<10	ug/l	TM5/PM16/PM30
Total Phenols HPLC	<0.15	<0.15	<0.15	<0.15								<0.15	mg/l	TM26/PM0
Sulphate as SO4 #	26.2	60.1	89.9	21.3								<0.5	mg/l	TM38/PM0
Chloride #	31.2	27.0	49.6	51.2								<0.3	mg/l	TM38/PM0
Nitrate as NO3 #	26.2	45.4	65.2	26.8								<0.2	mg/l	TM38/PM0
Total Cyanide #	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01								<0.01	mg/l	TM89/PM0
Ammoniacal Nitrogen as NH3 #	<0.03	<0.03	0.13	<0.03								<0.03	mg/l	TM38/PM0
Ammoniacal Nitrogen as NH4 #	0.03	<0.03	0.14	<0.03								<0.03	mg/l	TM38/PM0
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	<1	<1	<1	<1								<1	mg/l	TM75/PM0
Electrical Conductivity @25C #	522	487	483	400								<2	uS/cm	TM76/PM0
pH #	7.64	7.82	7.79	7.63								<0.01	pH units	TM73/PM0

**Client Name:** Ground Investigations Ireland  
**Reference:** 9225-11-19  
**Location:** Hackettstown, Skerries  
**Contact:** Mike Sutton

EMT Job No.	Batch	Sample ID	Depth	EMT Sample No.	Analysis	Reason
No deviating sample report results for job 20/6499						

Please note that only samples that are deviating are mentioned in this report. If no samples are listed it is because none were deviating. Only analyses which are accredited are recorded as deviating if set criteria are not met.

## NOTES TO ACCOMPANY ALL SCHEDULES AND REPORTS

EMT Job No.: 20/6499

### SOILS

Please note we are only MCERTS accredited (UK soils only) for sand, loam and clay and any other matrix is outside our scope of accreditation.

Where an MCERTS report has been requested, you will be notified within 48 hours of any samples that have been identified as being outside our MCERTS scope. As validation has been performed on clay, sand and loam, only samples that are predominantly these matrices, or combinations of them will be within our MCERTS scope. If samples are not one of a combination of the above matrices they will not be marked as MCERTS accredited.

It is assumed that you have taken representative samples on site and require analysis on a representative subsample. Stones will generally be included unless we are requested to remove them.

All samples will be discarded one month after the date of reporting, unless we are instructed to the contrary.

If you have not already done so, please send us a purchase order if this is required by your company.

Where appropriate please make sure that our detection limits are suitable for your needs, if they are not, please notify us immediately.

All analysis is reported on a dry weight basis unless stated otherwise. Limits of detection for analyses carried out on as received samples are not moisture content corrected. Results are not surrogate corrected. Samples are dried at 35°C ±5°C unless otherwise stated. Moisture content for CEN Leachate tests are dried at 105°C ±5°C.

Where Mineral Oil or Fats, Oils and Grease is quoted, this refers to Total Aliphatics C10-C40.

Where a CEN 10:1 ZERO Headspace VOC test has been carried out, a 10:1 ratio of water to wet (as received) soil has been used.

% Asbestos in Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs) is determined by reference to HSG 264 The Survey Guide - Appendix 2 : ACMs in buildings listed in order of ease of fibre release.

Sufficient amount of sample must be received to carry out the testing specified. Where an insufficient amount of sample has been received the testing may not meet the requirements of our accredited methods, as such accreditation may be removed.

Negative Neutralization Potential (NP) values are obtained when the volume of NaOH (0.1N) titrated (pH 8.3) is greater than the volume of HCl (1N) to reduce the pH of the sample to 2.0 - 2.5. Any negative NP values are corrected to 0.

The calculation of Pyrite content assumes that all oxidisable sulphides present in the sample are pyrite. This may not be the case. The calculation may be an overestimate when other sulphides such as Barite (Barium Sulphate) are present.

### WATERS

Please note we are not a UK Drinking Water Inspectorate (DWI) Approved Laboratory .

ISO17025 accreditation applies to surface water and groundwater and usually one other matrix which is analysis specific, any other liquids are outside our scope of accreditation.

As surface waters require different sample preparation to groundwaters the laboratory must be informed of the water type when submitting samples.

Where Mineral Oil or Fats, Oils and Grease is quoted, this refers to Total Aliphatics C10-C40.

### DEVIATING SAMPLES

All samples should be submitted to the laboratory in suitable containers with sufficient ice packs to sustain an appropriate temperature for the requested analysis. The temperature of sample receipt is recorded on the confirmation schedules in order that the client can make an informed decision as to whether testing should still be undertaken.

### SURROGATES

Surrogate compounds are added during the preparation process to monitor recovery of analytes. However low recovery in soils is often due to peat, clay or other organic rich matrices. For waters this can be due to oxidants, surfactants, organic rich sediments or remediation fluids. Acceptable limits for most organic methods are 70 - 130% and for VOCs are 50 - 150%. When surrogate recoveries are outside the performance criteria but the associated AQC passes this is assumed to be due to matrix effect. Results are not surrogate corrected.

### DILUTIONS

A dilution suffix indicates a dilution has been performed and the reported result takes this into account. No further calculation is required.

### BLANKS

Where analytes have been found in the blank, the sample will be treated in accordance with our laboratory procedure for dealing with contaminated blanks.

### NOTE

Data is only reported if the laboratory is confident that the data is a true reflection of the samples analysed. Data is only reported as accredited when all the requirements of our Quality System have been met. In certain circumstances where all the requirements of the Quality System have not been met, for instance if the associated AQC has failed, the reason is fully investigated and documented. The sample data is then evaluated alongside the other quality control checks performed during analysis to determine its suitability. Following this evaluation, provided the sample results have not been effected, the data is reported but accreditation is removed. It is a UKAS requirement for data not reported as accredited to be considered indicative only, but this does not mean the data is not valid.

Where possible, and if requested, samples will be re-extracted and a revised report issued with accredited results. Please do not hesitate to contact the laboratory if further details are required of the circumstances which have led to the removal of accreditation.

Please include all sections of this report if it is reproduced



**REPORTS FROM THE SOUTH AFRICA LABORATORY**

Any method number not prefixed with SA has been undertaken in our UK laboratory unless reported as subcontracted.

**Measurement Uncertainty**

Measurement uncertainty defines the range of values that could reasonably be attributed to the measured quantity. This range of values has not been included within the reported results. Uncertainty expressed as a percentage can be provided upon request.

**ABBREVIATIONS and ACRONYMS USED**

#	ISO17025 (UKAS Ref No. 4225) accredited - UK.
SA	ISO17025 (SANAS Ref No.T0729) accredited - South Africa
B	Indicates analyte found in associated method blank.
DR	Dilution required.
M	MCERTS accredited.
NA	Not applicable
NAD	No Asbestos Detected.
ND	None Detected (usually refers to VOC and/SVOC TICs).
NDP	No Determination Possible
SS	Calibrated against a single substance
SV	Surrogate recovery outside performance criteria. This may be due to a matrix effect.
W	Results expressed on as received basis.
+	AQC failure, accreditation has been removed from this result, if appropriate, see 'Note' on previous page.
>>	Results above calibration range, the result should be considered the minimum value. The actual result could be significantly higher, this result is not accredited.
*	Analysis subcontracted to an Element Materials Technology approved laboratory.
AD	Samples are dried at 35°C ±5°C
CO	Suspected carry over
LOD/LOR	Limit of Detection (Limit of Reporting) in line with ISO 17025 and MCERTS
ME	Matrix Effect
NFD	No Fibres Detected
BS	AQC Sample
LB	Blank Sample
N	Client Sample
TB	Trip Blank Sample
OC	Outside Calibration Range

EMT Job No: 20/6499

Test Method No.	Description	Prep Method No. (if appropriate)	Description	ISO 17025 (UKAS/S ANAS)	MCERTS (UK soils only)	Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD)	Reported on dry weight basis
TM4	Modified USEPA 8270D v5:2014 method for the solvent extraction and determination of PAHs by GC-MS.	PM30	Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.				
TM4	Modified USEPA 8270D v5:2014 method for the solvent extraction and determination of PAHs by GC-MS.	PM30	Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.	Yes			
TM5	Modified 8015B v2:1996 method for the determination of solvent Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (EPH) within the range C8-C40 by GCFID. For waters the solvent extracts dissolved phase plus a sheen if present.	PM16/PM30	Fractionation into aliphatic and aromatic fractions using a Rapid Trace SPE/Water samples are extracted with solvent using a magnetic stirrer to create a vortex.	Yes			
TM5/TM36	please refer to TM5 and TM36 for method details	PM12/PM16/PM30	please refer to PM16/PM30 and PM12 for method details	Yes			
TM26	Determination of phenols by Reversed Phased High Performance Liquid Chromatography and Electro-Chemical Detection.	PM0	No preparation is required.				
TM30	Determination of Trace Metals by ICP-OES (Inductively Coupled Plasma – Optical Emission Spectrometry); WATERS by Modified USEPA Method 200.7, Rev. 4.4, 1994; Modified EPA Method 6010B, Rev.2, Dec 1996; Modified BS EN ISO 11885:2009: SOILS by Modified USEP	PM14	Preparation of waters and leachates for metals by ICP OES/ICP MS. Samples are filtered for Dissolved metals, and remain unfiltered for Total metals then acidified				
TM30	Determination of Trace Metals by ICP-OES (Inductively Coupled Plasma – Optical Emission Spectrometry); WATERS by Modified USEPA Method 200.7, Rev. 4.4, 1994; Modified EPA Method 6010B, Rev.2, Dec 1996; Modified BS EN ISO 11885:2009: SOILS by Modified USEP	PM14	Preparation of waters and leachates for metals by ICP OES/ICP MS. Samples are filtered for Dissolved metals, and remain unfiltered for Total metals then acidified	Yes			
TM36	Modified US EPA method 8015B v2:1996. Determination of Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) in the carbon chain range of C4-12 by headspace GC-FID. MTBE by GCFID co-elutes with 3-methylpentane if present and therefore can give a false positive. Positive MTBE re	PM12	Modified US EPA method 5021A v2:2014. Preparation of solid and liquid samples for GC headspace analysis.	Yes			
TM38	Soluble Ion analysis using Discrete Analyser. Modified US EPA methods: Chloride 325.2 (1978), Sulphate 375.4 (Rev.2 1993), o-Phosphate 365.2 (Rev.2 1993), TON 353.1 (Rev.2 1993), Nitrite 354.1 (1971), Hex Cr 7196A (1992), NH4+ 350.1 (Rev.2 1993 (comparabl	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			
TM73	Modified US EPA methods 150.1 (1982) and 9045D Rev. 4 - 2004) and BS1377-3:1990. Determination of pH by Metrohm automated probe analyser.	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			

EMT Job No: 20/6499

Test Method No.	Description	Prep Method No. (if appropriate)	Description	ISO 17025 (UKAS/S ANAS)	MCERTS (UK soils only)	Analysis done on As Received (AR) or Dried (AD)	Reported on dry weight basis
TM75	Modified US EPA method 310.1 (1978). Determination of Alkalinity by Metrohm automated titration analyser.	PM0	No preparation is required.				
TM76	Modified US EPA method 120.1 (1982). Determination of Specific Conductance by Metrohm automated probe analyser.	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			
TM89	Modified USEPA method OIA-1667 (1999). Determination of cyanide by Flow Injection Analyser. Where WAD cyanides are required a Ligand displacement step is carried out before analysis.	PM0	No preparation is required.	Yes			

# APPENDIX 4 – HazWasteOnLine™ Report



# Waste Classification Report



KQRJM-M77KR-G6JX3

## Job name

Hackettstown, Skerries

## Description/Comments

## Project

9225-11-19

## Site

Hackettstown, Skerries

## Related Documents

#	Name	Description
1	EMT-20-1623-Batch-1-File-1.hwol	.hwol file used to create the Job

## Waste Stream Template

Example waste stream template for contaminated soils

## Classified by

Name:	Company:	HazWasteOnline™ Training Record:	
<b>Nicholas Morgan</b>	<b>Ground Investigations Ireland</b>	<b>Course</b>	<b>Date</b>
Date: <b>08 Apr 2020 09:30 GMT</b>	<b>Catherinstown House, Hazelhatch Road, Newcastle Co. Dublin</b>	Hazardous Waste Classification	-
Telephone: <b>(0)1 601 5175</b>		Advanced Hazardous Waste Classification	-

## Report

Created by: Nicholas Morgan  
Created date: 08 Apr 2020 09:30 GMT

## Job summary

#	Sample Name	Depth [m]	Classification Result	Hazard properties	Page
1	TPI 100-29/01/2020-1.50m		Non Hazardous		2
2	TPI 101-29/01/2020-0.50m		Non Hazardous		3
3	TP 101-30/01/2020-0.50m		Non Hazardous		6
4	TP 104-30/01/2020-0.50m		Non Hazardous		9
5	TP 101-30/01/2020-1.50m		Non Hazardous		12

Appendices	Page
Appendix A: Classifier defined and non CLP determinands	13
Appendix B: Rationale for selection of metal species	14
Appendix C: Version	15

**Classification of sample: TPI 100-29/01/2020-1.50m**

✔ **Non Hazardous Waste**  
Classified as **17 05 04**  
in the List of Waste

**Sample details**

Sample Name: <b>TPI 100-29/01/2020-1.50m</b>	LoW Code: Chapter: Entry:	17: Construction and Demolition Wastes (including excavated soil from contaminated sites) 17 05 04 (Soil and stones other than those mentioned in 17 05 03)
---	---------------------------------	--

**Hazard properties**

None identified

**Determinands**

Moisture content: 0% Wet Weight Moisture Correction applied (MC)

#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
1	● pH		PH		7.75 pH		7.75 pH	7.75 pH		
Total:								0%		

**Key**

- User supplied data
- Determinand defined or amended by HazWasteOnline (see Appendix A)

**Classification of sample: TPI 101-29/01/2020-0.50m**

✔ **Non Hazardous Waste**  
**Classified as 17 05 04**  
**in the List of Waste**

**Sample details**

Sample Name: <b>TPI 101-29/01/2020-0.50m</b>	LoW Code: Chapter:	17: Construction and Demolition Wastes (including excavated soil from contaminated sites)
Moisture content: <b>8.3%</b> (wet weight correction)	Entry:	17 05 04 (Soil and stones other than those mentioned in 17 05 03)

**Hazard properties**

None identified

**Determinands**

Moisture content: 8.3% Wet Weight Moisture Correction applied (MC)

#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
1	antimony { antimony trioxide }				2 mg/kg	1.197	2.195 mg/kg	0.00022 %	✓	
	051-005-00-X	215-175-0	1309-64-4							
2	arsenic { arsenic trioxide }				11.9 mg/kg	1.32	14.408 mg/kg	0.00144 %	✓	
	033-003-00-0	215-481-4	1327-53-3							
3	cadmium { cadmium oxide }				0.3 mg/kg	1.142	0.314 mg/kg	0.0000314 %	✓	
	048-002-00-0	215-146-2	1306-19-0							
4	chromium in chromium(III) compounds { chromium(III) oxide }				83.7 mg/kg	1.462	112.179 mg/kg	0.0112 %	✓	
		215-160-9	1308-38-9							
5	chromium in chromium(VI) compounds { chromium(VI) oxide }				<0.3 mg/kg	1.923	<0.577 mg/kg	<0.0000577 %		<LOD
	024-001-00-0	215-607-8	1333-82-0							
6	copper { dicopper oxide; copper (I) oxide }				22 mg/kg	1.126	22.714 mg/kg	0.00227 %	✓	
	029-002-00-X	215-270-7	1317-39-1							
7	lead { lead chromate }			1	12 mg/kg	1.56	17.164 mg/kg	0.0011 %	✓	
	082-004-00-2	231-846-0	7758-97-6							
8	mercury { mercury dichloride }				<0.1 mg/kg	1.353	<0.135 mg/kg	<0.0000135 %		<LOD
	080-010-00-X	231-299-8	7487-94-7							
9	molybdenum { molybdenum(VI) oxide }				5.2 mg/kg	1.5	7.154 mg/kg	0.000715 %	✓	
	042-001-00-9	215-204-7	1313-27-5							
10	nickel { nickel chromate }				42.8 mg/kg	2.976	116.811 mg/kg	0.0117 %	✓	
	028-035-00-7	238-766-5	14721-18-7							
11	selenium { selenium compounds with the exception of cadmium sulphoselenide and those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				2 mg/kg	2.554	4.683 mg/kg	0.000468 %	✓	
	034-002-00-8									
12	zinc { zinc chromate }				57 mg/kg	2.774	145.002 mg/kg	0.0145 %	✓	
	024-007-00-3									
13	TPH (C6 to C40) petroleum group		TPH		<52 mg/kg		<52 mg/kg	<0.0052 %		<LOD
14	tert-butyl methyl ether; MTBE; 2-methoxy-2-methylpropane				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.0000005 %		<LOD
	603-181-00-X	216-653-1	1634-04-4							







#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
15	benzene				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.0000005 %		<LOD
	601-020-00-8	200-753-7	71-43-2							
16	toluene				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.0000005 %		<LOD
	601-021-00-3	203-625-9	108-88-3							
17	ethylbenzene				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.0000005 %		<LOD
	601-023-00-4	202-849-4	100-41-4							
18	xylene				<0.01 mg/kg		<0.01 mg/kg	<0.000001 %		<LOD
	601-022-00-9	202-422-2 [1] 203-396-5 [2] 203-576-3 [3] 215-535-7 [4]	95-47-6 [1] 106-42-3 [2] 108-38-3 [3] 1330-20-7 [4]							
19	pH				8.27 pH		8.27 pH	8.27 pH		
			PH							
20	naphthalene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
	601-052-00-2	202-049-5	91-20-3							
21	acenaphthylene				<0.03 mg/kg		<0.03 mg/kg	<0.000003 %		<LOD
		205-917-1	208-96-8							
22	acenaphthene				<0.05 mg/kg		<0.05 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
		201-469-6	83-32-9							
23	fluorene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		201-695-5	86-73-7							
24	phenanthrene				0.08 mg/kg		0.0734 mg/kg	0.00000734 %	✓	
		201-581-5	85-01-8							
25	anthracene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		204-371-1	120-12-7							
26	fluoranthene				0.16 mg/kg		0.147 mg/kg	0.0000147 %	✓	
		205-912-4	206-44-0							
27	pyrene				0.12 mg/kg		0.11 mg/kg	0.000011 %	✓	
		204-927-3	129-00-0							
28	benzo[a]anthracene				0.11 mg/kg		0.101 mg/kg	0.0000101 %	✓	
	601-033-00-9	200-280-6	56-55-3							
29	chrysene				0.09 mg/kg		0.0825 mg/kg	0.00000825 %	✓	
	601-048-00-0	205-923-4	218-01-9							
30	benzo[b]fluoranthene				0.07 mg/kg		0.0642 mg/kg	0.00000642 %	✓	
	601-034-00-4	205-911-9	205-99-2							
31	benzo[k]fluoranthene				0.03 mg/kg		0.0275 mg/kg	0.00000275 %	✓	
	601-036-00-5	205-916-6	207-08-9							
32	benzo[a]pyrene; benzo[def]chrysene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
	601-032-00-3	200-028-5	50-32-8							
33	indeno[123-cd]pyrene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		205-893-2	193-39-5							
34	dibenz[a,h]anthracene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
	601-041-00-2	200-181-8	53-70-3							
35	benzo[ghi]perylene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		205-883-8	191-24-2							
36	polychlorobiphenyls; PCB				<0.035 mg/kg		<0.035 mg/kg	<0.0000035 %		<LOD
	602-039-00-4	215-648-1	1336-36-3							
37	barium { barium oxide }				59 mg/kg	1.117	60.406 mg/kg	0.00604 %	✓	
		215-127-9	1304-28-5							
38	coronene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		205-881-7	191-07-1							
39	benzo[j]fluoranthene				<1 mg/kg		<1 mg/kg	<0.0001 %		<LOD
	601-035-00-X	205-910-3	205-82-3							
Total:								0.0552 %		



Key

---

	User supplied data
	Determinand values ignored for classification, see column 'Conc. Not Used' for reason
	Determinand defined or amended by HazWasteOnline (see Appendix A)
	Speciated Determinand - Unless the Determinand is Note 1, the Conversion Factor is used to calculate the compound concentration
<b>&lt;LOD</b>	Below limit of detection
<b>ND</b>	Not detected
CLP: Note 1	Only the metal concentration has been used for classification

**Classification of sample: TP 101-30/01/2020-0.50m**

✔ **Non Hazardous Waste**  
**Classified as 17 05 04**  
**in the List of Waste**

**Sample details**

Sample Name: <b>TP 101-30/01/2020-0.50m</b>	LoW Code: Chapter:	17: Construction and Demolition Wastes (including excavated soil from contaminated sites)
Moisture content: <b>10.5%</b> (wet weight correction)	Entry:	17 05 04 (Soil and stones other than those mentioned in 17 05 03)

**Hazard properties**

None identified

**Determinands**

Moisture content: 10.5% Wet Weight Moisture Correction applied (MC)

#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
1	antimony { antimony trioxide }				2 mg/kg	1.197	2.143 mg/kg	0.000214 %	✓	
	051-005-00-X	215-175-0	1309-64-4							
2	arsenic { arsenic trioxide }				9.1 mg/kg	1.32	10.753 mg/kg	0.00108 %	✓	
	033-003-00-0	215-481-4	1327-53-3							
3	cadmium { cadmium oxide }				0.3 mg/kg	1.142	0.307 mg/kg	0.0000307 %	✓	
	048-002-00-0	215-146-2	1306-19-0							
4	chromium in chromium(III) compounds { chromium(III) oxide }				92.9 mg/kg	1.462	121.522 mg/kg	0.0122 %	✓	
		215-160-9	1308-38-9							
5	chromium in chromium(VI) compounds { chromium(VI) oxide }				<0.3 mg/kg	1.923	<0.577 mg/kg	<0.0000577 %		<LOD
	024-001-00-0	215-607-8	1333-82-0							
6	copper { dicopper oxide; copper (I) oxide }				19 mg/kg	1.126	19.146 mg/kg	0.00191 %	✓	
	029-002-00-X	215-270-7	1317-39-1							
7	lead { lead chromate }			1	12 mg/kg	1.56	16.752 mg/kg	0.00107 %	✓	
	082-004-00-2	231-846-0	7758-97-6							
8	mercury { mercury dichloride }				<0.1 mg/kg	1.353	<0.135 mg/kg	<0.0000135 %		<LOD
	080-010-00-X	231-299-8	7487-94-7							
9	molybdenum { molybdenum(VI) oxide }				4.2 mg/kg	1.5	5.639 mg/kg	0.000564 %	✓	
	042-001-00-9	215-204-7	1313-27-5							
10	nickel { nickel chromate }				38.3 mg/kg	2.976	102.022 mg/kg	0.0102 %	✓	
	028-035-00-7	238-766-5	14721-18-7							
11	selenium { selenium compounds with the exception of cadmium sulphoselenide and those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				1 mg/kg	2.554	2.285 mg/kg	0.000229 %	✓	
	034-002-00-8									
12	zinc { zinc chromate }				62 mg/kg	2.774	153.937 mg/kg	0.0154 %	✓	
	024-007-00-3									
13	TPH (C6 to C40) petroleum group				<52 mg/kg		<52 mg/kg	<0.0052 %		<LOD
			TPH							
14	tert-butyl methyl ether; MTBE; 2-methoxy-2-methylpropane				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.0000005 %		<LOD
	603-181-00-X	216-653-1	1634-04-4							







#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
15	benzene				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
	601-020-00-8	200-753-7	71-43-2							
16	toluene				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
	601-021-00-3	203-625-9	108-88-3							
17	ethylbenzene				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
	601-023-00-4	202-849-4	100-41-4							
18	xylene				<0.01 mg/kg		<0.01 mg/kg	<0.000001 %		<LOD
	601-022-00-9	202-422-2 [1] 203-396-5 [2] 203-576-3 [3] 215-535-7 [4]	95-47-6 [1] 106-42-3 [2] 108-38-3 [3] 1330-20-7 [4]							
19	pH				7.91 pH		7.91 pH	7.91 pH		
			PH							
20	naphthalene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
	601-052-00-2	202-049-5	91-20-3							
21	acenaphthylene				<0.03 mg/kg		<0.03 mg/kg	<0.000003 %		<LOD
		205-917-1	208-96-8							
22	acenaphthene				<0.05 mg/kg		<0.05 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
		201-469-6	83-32-9							
23	fluorene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		201-695-5	86-73-7							
24	phenanthrene				<0.03 mg/kg		<0.03 mg/kg	<0.000003 %		<LOD
		201-581-5	85-01-8							
25	anthracene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		204-371-1	120-12-7							
26	fluoranthene				<0.03 mg/kg		<0.03 mg/kg	<0.000003 %		<LOD
		205-912-4	206-44-0							
27	pyrene				<0.03 mg/kg		<0.03 mg/kg	<0.000003 %		<LOD
		204-927-3	129-00-0							
28	benzo[a]anthracene				<0.06 mg/kg		<0.06 mg/kg	<0.000006 %		<LOD
	601-033-00-9	200-280-6	56-55-3							
29	chrysene				<0.02 mg/kg		<0.02 mg/kg	<0.000002 %		<LOD
	601-048-00-0	205-923-4	218-01-9							
30	benzo[b]fluoranthene				<0.05 mg/kg		<0.05 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
	601-034-00-4	205-911-9	205-99-2							
31	benzo[k]fluoranthene				<0.02 mg/kg		<0.02 mg/kg	<0.000002 %		<LOD
	601-036-00-5	205-916-6	207-08-9							
32	benzo[a]pyrene; benzo[def]chrysene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
	601-032-00-3	200-028-5	50-32-8							
33	indeno[123-cd]pyrene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		205-893-2	193-39-5							
34	dibenz[a,h]anthracene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
	601-041-00-2	200-181-8	53-70-3							
35	benzo[ghi]perylene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		205-883-8	191-24-2							
36	polychlorobiphenyls; PCB				<0.035 mg/kg		<0.035 mg/kg	<0.0000035 %		<LOD
	602-039-00-4	215-648-1	1336-36-3							
37	barium { barium oxide }				96 mg/kg	1.117	95.93 mg/kg	0.00959 %	✓	
		215-127-9	1304-28-5							
38	coronene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		205-881-7	191-07-1							
39	benzo[j]fluoranthene				<1 mg/kg		<1 mg/kg	<0.0001 %		<LOD
	601-035-00-X	205-910-3	205-82-3							
Total:								0.0579 %		



Key

---

	User supplied data
	Determinand values ignored for classification, see column 'Conc. Not Used' for reason
	Determinand defined or amended by HazWasteOnline (see Appendix A)
	Speciated Determinand - Unless the Determinand is Note 1, the Conversion Factor is used to calculate the compound concentration
<b>&lt;LOD</b>	Below limit of detection
<b>ND</b>	Not detected
CLP: Note 1	Only the metal concentration has been used for classification

**Classification of sample: TP 104-30/01/2020-0.50m**

✔ **Non Hazardous Waste**  
**Classified as 17 05 04**  
**in the List of Waste**

**Sample details**

Sample Name: <b>TP 104-30/01/2020-0.50m</b>	LoW Code: Chapter:	17: Construction and Demolition Wastes (including excavated soil from contaminated sites)
Moisture content: <b>10.6%</b> (wet weight correction)	Entry:	17 05 04 (Soil and stones other than those mentioned in 17 05 03)

**Hazard properties**

None identified

**Determinands**

Moisture content: 10.6% Wet Weight Moisture Correction applied (MC)





#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
1	antimony { antimony trioxide }				2 mg/kg	1.197	2.14 mg/kg	0.000214 %	✓	
	051-005-00-X	215-175-0	1309-64-4							
2	arsenic { arsenic trioxide }				12.4 mg/kg	1.32	14.637 mg/kg	0.00146 %	✓	
	033-003-00-0	215-481-4	1327-53-3							
3	cadmium { cadmium oxide }				0.2 mg/kg	1.142	0.204 mg/kg	0.0000204 %	✓	
	048-002-00-0	215-146-2	1306-19-0							
4	chromium in chromium(III) compounds { chromium(III) oxide }				82.1 mg/kg	1.462	107.274 mg/kg	0.0107 %	✓	
		215-160-9	1308-38-9							
5	chromium in chromium(VI) compounds { chromium(VI) oxide }				<0.3 mg/kg	1.923	<0.577 mg/kg	<0.0000577 %		<LOD
	024-001-00-0	215-607-8	1333-82-0							
6	copper { dicopper oxide; copper (I) oxide }				26 mg/kg	1.126	26.17 mg/kg	0.00262 %	✓	
	029-002-00-X	215-270-7	1317-39-1							
7	lead { lead chromate }			1	18 mg/kg	1.56	25.101 mg/kg	0.00161 %	✓	
	082-004-00-2	231-846-0	7758-97-6							
8	mercury { mercury dichloride }				<0.1 mg/kg	1.353	<0.135 mg/kg	<0.0000135 %		<LOD
	080-010-00-X	231-299-8	7487-94-7							
9	molybdenum { molybdenum(VI) oxide }				4.9 mg/kg	1.5	6.572 mg/kg	0.000657 %	✓	
	042-001-00-9	215-204-7	1313-27-5							
10	nickel { nickel chromate }				37.4 mg/kg	2.976	99.513 mg/kg	0.00995 %	✓	
	028-035-00-7	238-766-5	14721-18-7							
11	selenium { selenium compounds with the exception of cadmium sulphoselenide and those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				2 mg/kg	2.554	4.566 mg/kg	0.000457 %	✓	
	034-002-00-8									
12	zinc { zinc chromate }				57 mg/kg	2.774	141.365 mg/kg	0.0141 %	✓	
	024-007-00-3									
13	TPH (C6 to C40) petroleum group		TPH		<52 mg/kg		<52 mg/kg	<0.0052 %		<LOD
14	tert-butyl methyl ether; MTBE; 2-methoxy-2-methylpropane				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.0000005 %		<LOD
	603-181-00-X	216-653-1	1634-04-4							



#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
15	benzene				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
	601-020-00-8	200-753-7	71-43-2							
16	toluene				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
	601-021-00-3	203-625-9	108-88-3							
17	ethylbenzene				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
	601-023-00-4	202-849-4	100-41-4							
18	xylene				<0.01 mg/kg		<0.01 mg/kg	<0.000001 %		<LOD
	601-022-00-9	202-422-2 [1] 203-396-5 [2] 203-576-3 [3] 215-535-7 [4]	95-47-6 [1] 106-42-3 [2] 108-38-3 [3] 1330-20-7 [4]							
19	pH				8.11 pH		8.11 pH	8.11 pH		
			PH							
20	naphthalene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
	601-052-00-2	202-049-5	91-20-3							
21	acenaphthylene				<0.03 mg/kg		<0.03 mg/kg	<0.000003 %		<LOD
		205-917-1	208-96-8							
22	acenaphthene				<0.05 mg/kg		<0.05 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
		201-469-6	83-32-9							
23	fluorene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		201-695-5	86-73-7							
24	phenanthrene				<0.03 mg/kg		<0.03 mg/kg	<0.000003 %		<LOD
		201-581-5	85-01-8							
25	anthracene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		204-371-1	120-12-7							
26	fluoranthene				<0.03 mg/kg		<0.03 mg/kg	<0.000003 %		<LOD
		205-912-4	206-44-0							
27	pyrene				<0.03 mg/kg		<0.03 mg/kg	<0.000003 %		<LOD
		204-927-3	129-00-0							
28	benzo[a]anthracene				<0.06 mg/kg		<0.06 mg/kg	<0.000006 %		<LOD
	601-033-00-9	200-280-6	56-55-3							
29	chrysene				<0.02 mg/kg		<0.02 mg/kg	<0.000002 %		<LOD
	601-048-00-0	205-923-4	218-01-9							
30	benzo[b]fluoranthene				<0.05 mg/kg		<0.05 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
	601-034-00-4	205-911-9	205-99-2							
31	benzo[k]fluoranthene				<0.02 mg/kg		<0.02 mg/kg	<0.000002 %		<LOD
	601-036-00-5	205-916-6	207-08-9							
32	benzo[a]pyrene; benzo[def]chrysene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
	601-032-00-3	200-028-5	50-32-8							
33	indeno[123-cd]pyrene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		205-893-2	193-39-5							
34	dibenz[a,h]anthracene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
	601-041-00-2	200-181-8	53-70-3							
35	benzo[ghi]perylene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		205-883-8	191-24-2							
36	polychlorobiphenyls; PCB				<0.035 mg/kg		<0.035 mg/kg	<0.0000035 %		<LOD
	602-039-00-4	215-648-1	1336-36-3							
37	barium { barium oxide }				67 mg/kg	1.117	66.876 mg/kg	0.00669 %	✓	
		215-127-9	1304-28-5							
38	coronene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		205-881-7	191-07-1							
39	benzo[j]fluoranthene				<1 mg/kg		<1 mg/kg	<0.0001 %		<LOD
	601-035-00-X	205-910-3	205-82-3							
Total:								0.054 %		

Key

---

	User supplied data
	Determinand values ignored for classification, see column 'Conc. Not Used' for reason
	Determinand defined or amended by HazWasteOnline (see Appendix A)
	Speciated Determinand - Unless the Determinand is Note 1, the Conversion Factor is used to calculate the compound concentration
<b>&lt;LOD</b>	Below limit of detection
<b>ND</b>	Not detected
CLP: Note 1	Only the metal concentration has been used for classification

**Classification of sample: TP 101-30/01/2020-1.50m**

✔ **Non Hazardous Waste**  
Classified as **17 05 04**  
in the List of Waste

**Sample details**

Sample Name: <b>TP 101-30/01/2020-1.50m</b>	LoW Code: Chapter: Entry:	17: Construction and Demolition Wastes (including excavated soil from contaminated sites) 17 05 04 (Soil and stones other than those mentioned in 17 05 03)
--	---------------------------------	--

**Hazard properties**

None identified

**Determinands**

Moisture content: 0% Wet Weight Moisture Correction applied (MC)

#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
1	● pH		PH		6.94 pH		6.94 pH	6.94 pH		
Total:								0%		

**Key**

- User supplied data
- Determinand defined or amended by HazWasteOnline (see Appendix A)



## Appendix A: Classifier defined and non CLP determinands

### • **pH** (CAS Number: PH)

Description/Comments: Appendix C4  
Data source: WM3 1st Edition 2015  
Data source date: 25 May 2015  
Hazard Statements: None.

### • **chromium(III) oxide** (EC Number: 215-160-9, CAS Number: 1308-38-9)

Conversion factor: 1.462  
Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database  
Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>  
Data source date: 17 Jul 2015  
Hazard Statements: Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 , Aquatic Acute 1 H400 , Repr. 1B H360FD , Skin Sens. 1 H317 , Resp. Sens. 1 H334 , Skin Irrit. 2 H315 , STOT SE 3 H335 , Eye Irrit. 2 H319 , Acute Tox. 4 H302 , Acute Tox. 4 H332

### • **TPH (C6 to C40) petroleum group** (CAS Number: TPH)

Description/Comments: Hazard statements taken from WM3 1st Edition 2015; Risk phrases: WM2 3rd Edition 2013  
Data source: WM3 1st Edition 2015  
Data source date: 25 May 2015  
Hazard Statements: Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 , Repr. 2 H361d , Carc. 1B H350 , Muta. 1B H340 , STOT RE 2 H373 , Asp. Tox. 1 H304 , Flam. Liq. 3 H226

### • **ethylbenzene** (EC Number: 202-849-4, CAS Number: 100-41-4)

CLP index number: 601-023-00-4  
Description/Comments:  
Data source: Commission Regulation (EU) No 605/2014 – 6th Adaptation to Technical Progress for Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. (ATP6)  
Additional Hazard Statement(s): Carc. 2 H351  
Reason for additional Hazards Statement(s):  
03 Jun 2015 - Carc. 2 H351 hazard statement sourced from: IARC Group 2B (77) 2000

### • **acenaphthylene** (EC Number: 205-917-1, CAS Number: 208-96-8)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database  
Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>  
Data source date: 17 Jul 2015  
Hazard Statements: Skin Irrit. 2 H315 , STOT SE 3 H335 , Eye Irrit. 2 H319 , Acute Tox. 1 H310 , Acute Tox. 1 H330 , Acute Tox. 4 H302

### • **acenaphthene** (EC Number: 201-469-6, CAS Number: 83-32-9)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database  
Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>  
Data source date: 17 Jul 2015  
Hazard Statements: Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 , Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 , Aquatic Acute 1 H400 , Skin Irrit. 2 H315 , STOT SE 3 H335 , Eye Irrit. 2 H319

### • **fluorene** (EC Number: 201-695-5, CAS Number: 86-73-7)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database  
Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>  
Data source date: 06 Aug 2015  
Hazard Statements: Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 , Aquatic Acute 1 H400

### • **phenanthrene** (EC Number: 201-581-5, CAS Number: 85-01-8)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database  
Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>  
Data source date: 06 Aug 2015  
Hazard Statements: Skin Irrit. 2 H315 , Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 , Aquatic Acute 1 H400 , Skin Sens. 1 H317 , Carc. 2 H351 , STOT SE 3 H335 , Eye Irrit. 2 H319 , Acute Tox. 4 H302

### • **anthracene** (EC Number: 204-371-1, CAS Number: 120-12-7)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database  
Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>  
Data source date: 17 Jul 2015  
Hazard Statements: Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 , Aquatic Acute 1 H400 , Skin Sens. 1 H317 , Skin Irrit. 2 H315 , STOT SE 3 H335 , Eye Irrit. 2 H319

▪ **fluoranthene** (EC Number: 205-912-4, CAS Number: 206-44-0)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database  
Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>  
Data source date: 21 Aug 2015  
Hazard Statements: Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 , Aquatic Acute 1 H400 , Acute Tox. 4 H302

▪ **pyrene** (EC Number: 204-927-3, CAS Number: 129-00-0)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database; SDS Sigma Aldrich 2014  
Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>  
Data source date: 21 Aug 2015  
Hazard Statements: Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 , Aquatic Acute 1 H400 , STOT SE 3 H335 , Eye Irrit. 2 H319 , Skin Irrit. 2 H315

▪ **indeno[123-cd]pyrene** (EC Number: 205-893-2, CAS Number: 193-39-5)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database  
Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>  
Data source date: 06 Aug 2015  
Hazard Statements: Carc. 2 H351

▪ **benzo[ghi]perylene** (EC Number: 205-883-8, CAS Number: 191-24-2)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database; SDS Sigma Aldrich 28/02/2015  
Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>  
Data source date: 23 Jul 2015  
Hazard Statements: Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 , Aquatic Acute 1 H400

▪ **polychlorobiphenyls; PCB** (EC Number: 215-648-1, CAS Number: 1336-36-3)

CLP index number: 602-039-00-4  
Description/Comments: Worst Case: IARC considers PCB Group 1; Carcinogenic to humans; POP specific threshold from ATP1 (Regulation 756/2010/EU) to POPs Regulation (Regulation 850/2004/EC). Where applicable, the calculation method laid down in European standards EN 12766-1 and EN 12766-2 shall be applied.  
Data source: Regulation 1272/2008/EC - Classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. (CLP)  
Additional Hazard Statement(s): Carc. 1A H350  
Reason for additional Hazards Statement(s):  
29 Sep 2015 - Carc. 1A H350 hazard statement sourced from: IARC Group 1 (23, Sup 7, 100C) 2012

▪ **barium oxide** (EC Number: 215-127-9, CAS Number: 1304-28-5)

Conversion factor: 1.117  
Description/Comments: Data from ECHA's C&L Inventory Database, Sigma Aldrich SDS dated 6/2/20  
Data source: <https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database/-/discli/details/88825>  
Data source date: 02 Apr 2020  
Hazard Statements: Acute Tox. 3 H301 , Skin Corr. 1B H314 , Eye Dam. 1 H318 , Acute Tox. 1 H332

▪ **coronene** (EC Number: 205-881-7, CAS Number: 191-07-1)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database; no entries in Registered Substances or Pesticides Properties databases; SDS: Sigma Aldrich, 1907/2006 compliant, dated 2012 - no entries; IARC – Group 3, not carcinogenic.  
Data source:  
<http://clp-inventory.echa.europa.eu/SummaryOfClassAndLabelling.aspx?SubstanceID=17010&HarmOnly=no?fc=true&lang=en>  
Data source date: 16 Jun 2014  
Hazard Statements: STOT SE 2 H371

## Appendix B: Rationale for selection of metal species

### antimony {antimony trioxide}

Worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight and low solubility. Industrial sources include: flame retardants in electrical apparatus, textiles and coatings (edit as required)

### arsenic {arsenic trioxide}

Reasonable case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight and most common (stable) oxide of arsenic. Industrial sources include: smelting; main precursor to other arsenic compounds (edit as required)

### cadmium {cadmium oxide}

Reasonable case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight, very low solubility in water. Industrial sources include: electroplating baths, electrodes for storage batteries, catalysts, ceramic glazes, phosphors, pigments and nematocides. (edit as required) Worst case compounds in CLP: cadmium sulphate, chloride, fluoride & iodide not expected as either very soluble and/or compound's industrial usage not related to site history (edit as required)

#### **chromium in chromium(III) compounds {chromium(III) oxide}**

Reasonable case species based on hazard statements/molecular weight. Industrial sources include: tanning, pigment in paint, inks and glass (edit as required)

#### **chromium in chromium(VI) compounds {chromium(VI) oxide}**

Worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight. Industrial sources include: production stainless steel, electroplating, wood preservation, anti-corrosion agents or coatings, pigments (edit as required)

#### **copper {dicopper oxide; copper (I) oxide}**

Reasonable case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight and insolubility in water. Industrial sources include: oxidised copper metal, brake pads, pigments, antifouling paints, fungicide. (edit as required) Worse case copper sulphate is very soluble and likely to have been leached away if ever present and/or not enough soluble sulphate detected. (edit as required)

#### **lead {lead chromate}**

Worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight (edit as required)

#### **mercury {mercury dichloride}**

Worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight (edit as required)

#### **molybdenum {molybdenum(VI) oxide}**

Worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight (edit as required)

#### **nickel {nickel chromate}**

Worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight (edit as required)

#### **selenium {selenium compounds with the exception of cadmium sulphoselenide and those specified elsewhere in this Annex}**

Harmonised group entry used as most reasonable case. Pigment cadmium sulphoselenide not likely to be present in this soil. No evidence for the other CLP entries: sodium selenite, nickel II selenite and nickel selenide, to be present in this soil. (edit as required)

#### **zinc {zinc chromate}**

Worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight (edit as required)

#### **barium {barium oxide}**

Cr VI not detected.

## **Appendix C: Version**

HazWasteOnline Classification Engine: **WM3 1st Edition v1.1, May 2018**  
 HazWasteOnline Classification Engine Version: 2020.88.4220.8373 (28 Mar 2020)  
 HazWasteOnline Database: 2020.88.4220.8373 (28 Mar 2020)

This classification utilises the following guidance and legislation:

- WM3 v1.1 - Waste Classification** - 1st Edition v1.1 - May 2018
- CLP Regulation** - Regulation 1272/2008/EC of 16 December 2008
- 1st ATP** - Regulation 790/2009/EC of 10 August 2009
- 2nd ATP** - Regulation 286/2011/EC of 10 March 2011
- 3rd ATP** - Regulation 618/2012/EU of 10 July 2012
- 4th ATP** - Regulation 487/2013/EU of 8 May 2013
- Correction to 1st ATP** - Regulation 758/2013/EU of 7 August 2013
- 5th ATP** - Regulation 944/2013/EU of 2 October 2013
- 6th ATP** - Regulation 605/2014/EU of 5 June 2014
- WFD Annex III replacement** - Regulation 1357/2014/EU of 18 December 2014
- Revised List of Wastes 2014** - Decision 2014/955/EU of 18 December 2014
- 7th ATP** - Regulation 2015/1221/EU of 24 July 2015
- 8th ATP** - Regulation (EU) 2016/918 of 19 May 2016
- 9th ATP** - Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 of 19 July 2016
- 10th ATP** - Regulation (EU) 2017/776 of 4 May 2017
- HP14 amendment** - Regulation (EU) 2017/997 of 8 June 2017
- 13th ATP** - Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 of 4 October 2018
- POPs Regulation 2004** - Regulation 850/2004/EC of 29 April 2004
- 1st ATP to POPs Regulation** - Regulation 756/2010/EU of 24 August 2010
- 2nd ATP to POPs Regulation** - Regulation 757/2010/EU of 24 August 2010

# Waste Classification Report



5X8KZ-VZL4V-BZ99M

## Job name

Hackettstown, Skerries (1)

## Description/Comments

## Project

9225-11-19

## Site

Hackettstown, Skerries

## Related Documents

#	Name	Description
1	EMT-19-19841-Batch-1-File-1.hwol	.hwol file used to create the Job

## Waste Stream Template

Example waste stream template for contaminated soils

## Classified by

Name: <b>Nicholas Morgan</b>	Company: <b>Ground Investigations Ireland</b>	HazWasteOnline™ Training Record:	
Date: <b>08 Apr 2020 09:32 GMT</b>	<b>Catherinstown House,</b>	<b>Course</b>	<b>Date</b>
Telephone: <b>(0)1 601 5175</b>	<b>Hazelhatch Road, Newcastle</b>	Hazardous Waste Classification	-
	<b>Co. Dublin</b>	Advanced Hazardous Waste Classification	-

## Report

Created by: Nicholas Morgan  
Created date: 08 Apr 2020 09:32 GMT

## Job summary

#	Sample Name	Depth [m]	Classification Result	Hazard properties	Page
1	TP05-29/11/2019-0.50m		Non Hazardous		2
2	TP06-29/11/2019-0.50m		Non Hazardous		5
3	TP10-29/11/2019-0.50m		Non Hazardous		8

## Appendices

	Page
Appendix A: Classifier defined and non CLP determinands	11
Appendix B: Rationale for selection of metal species	12
Appendix C: Version	13

**Classification of sample: TP05-29/11/2019-0.50m**

✔ **Non Hazardous Waste**  
**Classified as 17 05 04**  
**in the List of Waste**

**Sample details**

Sample Name: <b>TP05-29/11/2019-0.50m</b>	LoW Code: Chapter:	17: Construction and Demolition Wastes (including excavated soil from contaminated sites)
Moisture content: <b>9.5%</b> (wet weight correction)	Entry:	17 05 04 (Soil and stones other than those mentioned in 17 05 03)

**Hazard properties**

None identified

**Determinands**

Moisture content: 9.5% Wet Weight Moisture Correction applied (MC)

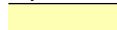



#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
1	antimony { antimony trioxide }				1 mg/kg	1.197	1.083 mg/kg	0.000108 %	✓	
	051-005-00-X	215-175-0	1309-64-4							
2	arsenic { arsenic trioxide }				10.7 mg/kg	1.32	12.785 mg/kg	0.00128 %	✓	
	033-003-00-0	215-481-4	1327-53-3							
3	cadmium { cadmium oxide }				0.5 mg/kg	1.142	0.517 mg/kg	0.0000517 %	✓	
	048-002-00-0	215-146-2	1306-19-0							
4	chromium in chromium(III) compounds { chromium(III) oxide }				53.4 mg/kg	1.462	70.633 mg/kg	0.00706 %	✓	
		215-160-9	1308-38-9							
5	chromium in chromium(VI) compounds { chromium(VI) oxide }				<0.3 mg/kg	1.923	<0.577 mg/kg	<0.0000577 %		<LOD
	024-001-00-0	215-607-8	1333-82-0							
6	copper { dicopper oxide; copper (I) oxide }				20 mg/kg	1.126	20.379 mg/kg	0.00204 %	✓	
	029-002-00-X	215-270-7	1317-39-1							
7	lead { lead chromate }			1	10 mg/kg	1.56	14.116 mg/kg	0.000905 %	✓	
	082-004-00-2	231-846-0	7758-97-6							
8	mercury { mercury dichloride }				<0.1 mg/kg	1.353	<0.135 mg/kg	<0.0000135 %		<LOD
	080-010-00-X	231-299-8	7487-94-7							
9	molybdenum { molybdenum(VI) oxide }				1.2 mg/kg	1.5	1.629 mg/kg	0.000163 %	✓	
	042-001-00-9	215-204-7	1313-27-5							
10	nickel { nickel chromate }				45.1 mg/kg	2.976	121.478 mg/kg	0.0121 %	✓	
	028-035-00-7	238-766-5	14721-18-7							
11	selenium { selenium compounds with the exception of cadmium sulphoselenide and those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				1 mg/kg	2.554	2.311 mg/kg	0.000231 %	✓	
	034-002-00-8									
12	zinc { zinc chromate }				53 mg/kg	2.774	133.062 mg/kg	0.0133 %	✓	
	024-007-00-3									
13	TPH (C6 to C40) petroleum group		TPH		<52 mg/kg		<52 mg/kg	<0.0052 %		<LOD
14	tert-butyl methyl ether; MTBE; 2-methoxy-2-methylpropane				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.0000005 %		<LOD
	603-181-00-X	216-653-1	1634-04-4							

#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
15	benzene				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
	601-020-00-8	200-753-7	71-43-2							
16	toluene				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
	601-021-00-3	203-625-9	108-88-3							
17	ethylbenzene				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
	601-023-00-4	202-849-4	100-41-4							
18	xylene				<0.01 mg/kg		<0.01 mg/kg	<0.000001 %		<LOD
	601-022-00-9	202-422-2 [1] 203-396-5 [2] 203-576-3 [3] 215-535-7 [4]	95-47-6 [1] 106-42-3 [2] 108-38-3 [3] 1330-20-7 [4]							
19	pH				7.3 pH		7.3 pH	7.3 pH		
			PH							
20	naphthalene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
	601-052-00-2	202-049-5	91-20-3							
21	acenaphthylene				<0.03 mg/kg		<0.03 mg/kg	<0.000003 %		<LOD
		205-917-1	208-96-8							
22	acenaphthene				<0.05 mg/kg		<0.05 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
		201-469-6	83-32-9							
23	fluorene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		201-695-5	86-73-7							
24	phenanthrene				<0.03 mg/kg		<0.03 mg/kg	<0.000003 %		<LOD
		201-581-5	85-01-8							
25	anthracene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		204-371-1	120-12-7							
26	fluoranthene				<0.03 mg/kg		<0.03 mg/kg	<0.000003 %		<LOD
		205-912-4	206-44-0							
27	pyrene				<0.03 mg/kg		<0.03 mg/kg	<0.000003 %		<LOD
		204-927-3	129-00-0							
28	benzo[a]anthracene				<0.06 mg/kg		<0.06 mg/kg	<0.000006 %		<LOD
	601-033-00-9	200-280-6	56-55-3							
29	chrysene				<0.02 mg/kg		<0.02 mg/kg	<0.000002 %		<LOD
	601-048-00-0	205-923-4	218-01-9							
30	benzo[b]fluoranthene				<0.05 mg/kg		<0.05 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
	601-034-00-4	205-911-9	205-99-2							
31	benzo[k]fluoranthene				<0.02 mg/kg		<0.02 mg/kg	<0.000002 %		<LOD
	601-036-00-5	205-916-6	207-08-9							
32	benzo[a]pyrene; benzo[def]chrysene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
	601-032-00-3	200-028-5	50-32-8							
33	indeno[123-cd]pyrene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		205-893-2	193-39-5							
34	dibenz[a,h]anthracene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
	601-041-00-2	200-181-8	53-70-3							
35	benzo[ghi]perylene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		205-883-8	191-24-2							
36	polychlorobiphenyls; PCB				<0.035 mg/kg		<0.035 mg/kg	<0.0000035 %		<LOD
	602-039-00-4	215-648-1	1336-36-3							
37	barium { barium oxide }				58 mg/kg	1.117	58.605 mg/kg	0.00586 %	✓	
		215-127-9	1304-28-5							
38	coronene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		205-881-7	191-07-1							
39	benzo[j]fluoranthene				<1 mg/kg		<1 mg/kg	<0.0001 %		<LOD
	601-035-00-X	205-910-3	205-82-3							
Total:								0.0486 %		



Key

---

	User supplied data
	Determinand values ignored for classification, see column 'Conc. Not Used' for reason
	Determinand defined or amended by HazWasteOnline (see Appendix A)
	Speciated Determinand - Unless the Determinand is Note 1, the Conversion Factor is used to calculate the compound concentration
<b>&lt;LOD</b>	Below limit of detection
<b>ND</b>	Not detected
CLP: Note 1	Only the metal concentration has been used for classification

**Classification of sample: TP06-29/11/2019-0.50m**

✔ **Non Hazardous Waste**  
**Classified as 17 05 04**  
**in the List of Waste**

**Sample details**

Sample Name: <b>TP06-29/11/2019-0.50m</b>	LoW Code: Chapter:	17: Construction and Demolition Wastes (including excavated soil from contaminated sites)
Moisture content: <b>12.8%</b> (wet weight correction)	Entry:	17 05 04 (Soil and stones other than those mentioned in 17 05 03)

**Hazard properties**

None identified

**Determinands**

Moisture content: 12.8% Wet Weight Moisture Correction applied (MC)

#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
1	antimony { antimony trioxide }	051-005-00-X	215-175-0	1309-64-4	2 mg/kg	1.197	2.088 mg/kg	0.000209 %	✓	
2	arsenic { arsenic trioxide }	033-003-00-0	215-481-4	1327-53-3	8.4 mg/kg	1.32	9.671 mg/kg	0.000967 %	✓	
3	cadmium { cadmium oxide }	048-002-00-0	215-146-2	1306-19-0	0.4 mg/kg	1.142	0.398 mg/kg	0.0000398 %	✓	
4	chromium in chromium(III) compounds { chromium(III) oxide }		215-160-9	1308-38-9	63.6 mg/kg	1.462	81.057 mg/kg	0.00811 %	✓	
5	chromium in chromium(VI) compounds { chromium(VI) oxide }	024-001-00-0	215-607-8	1333-82-0	<0.3 mg/kg	1.923	<0.577 mg/kg	<0.0000577 %		<LOD
6	copper { dicopper oxide; copper (I) oxide }	029-002-00-X	215-270-7	1317-39-1	14 mg/kg	1.126	13.745 mg/kg	0.00137 %	✓	
7	lead { lead chromate }	082-004-00-2	231-846-0	7758-97-6	15 mg/kg	1.56	20.402 mg/kg	0.00131 %	✓	
8	mercury { mercury dichloride }	080-010-00-X	231-299-8	7487-94-7	<0.1 mg/kg	1.353	<0.135 mg/kg	<0.0000135 %		<LOD
9	molybdenum { molybdenum(VI) oxide }	042-001-00-9	215-204-7	1313-27-5	2.6 mg/kg	1.5	3.401 mg/kg	0.00034 %	✓	
10	nickel { nickel chromate }	028-035-00-7	238-766-5	14721-18-7	27.9 mg/kg	2.976	72.409 mg/kg	0.00724 %	✓	
11	selenium { selenium compounds with the exception of cadmium sulphoselenide and those specified elsewhere in this Annex }	034-002-00-8			<1 mg/kg	2.554	<2.554 mg/kg	<0.000255 %		<LOD
12	zinc { zinc chromate }	024-007-00-3			53 mg/kg	2.774	128.21 mg/kg	0.0128 %	✓	
13	TPH (C6 to C40) petroleum group			TPH	<52 mg/kg		<52 mg/kg	<0.0052 %		<LOD
14	tert-butyl methyl ether; MTBE; 2-methoxy-2-methylpropane	603-181-00-X	216-653-1	1634-04-4	<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.0000005 %		<LOD









#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
15	benzene				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
	601-020-00-8	200-753-7	71-43-2							
16	toluene				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
	601-021-00-3	203-625-9	108-88-3							
17	ethylbenzene				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
	601-023-00-4	202-849-4	100-41-4							
18	xylene				<0.01 mg/kg		<0.01 mg/kg	<0.000001 %		<LOD
	601-022-00-9	202-422-2 [1] 203-396-5 [2] 203-576-3 [3] 215-535-7 [4]	95-47-6 [1] 106-42-3 [2] 108-38-3 [3] 1330-20-7 [4]							
19	pH				7.12 pH		7.12 pH	7.12 pH		
			PH							
20	naphthalene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
	601-052-00-2	202-049-5	91-20-3							
21	acenaphthylene				<0.03 mg/kg		<0.03 mg/kg	<0.000003 %		<LOD
		205-917-1	208-96-8							
22	acenaphthene				<0.05 mg/kg		<0.05 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
		201-469-6	83-32-9							
23	fluorene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		201-695-5	86-73-7							
24	phenanthrene				<0.03 mg/kg		<0.03 mg/kg	<0.000003 %		<LOD
		201-581-5	85-01-8							
25	anthracene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		204-371-1	120-12-7							
26	fluoranthene				<0.03 mg/kg		<0.03 mg/kg	<0.000003 %		<LOD
		205-912-4	206-44-0							
27	pyrene				<0.03 mg/kg		<0.03 mg/kg	<0.000003 %		<LOD
		204-927-3	129-00-0							
28	benzo[a]anthracene				<0.06 mg/kg		<0.06 mg/kg	<0.000006 %		<LOD
	601-033-00-9	200-280-6	56-55-3							
29	chrysene				<0.02 mg/kg		<0.02 mg/kg	<0.000002 %		<LOD
	601-048-00-0	205-923-4	218-01-9							
30	benzo[b]fluoranthene				<0.05 mg/kg		<0.05 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
	601-034-00-4	205-911-9	205-99-2							
31	benzo[k]fluoranthene				<0.02 mg/kg		<0.02 mg/kg	<0.000002 %		<LOD
	601-036-00-5	205-916-6	207-08-9							
32	benzo[a]pyrene; benzo[def]chrysene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
	601-032-00-3	200-028-5	50-32-8							
33	indeno[123-cd]pyrene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		205-893-2	193-39-5							
34	dibenz[a,h]anthracene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
	601-041-00-2	200-181-8	53-70-3							
35	benzo[ghi]perylene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		205-883-8	191-24-2							
36	polychlorobiphenyls; PCB				<0.035 mg/kg		<0.035 mg/kg	<0.0000035 %		<LOD
	602-039-00-4	215-648-1	1336-36-3							
37	barium { barium oxide }				65 mg/kg	1.117	63.284 mg/kg	0.00633 %	✓	
		215-127-9	1304-28-5							
38	coronene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		205-881-7	191-07-1							
39	benzo[j]fluoranthene				<1 mg/kg		<1 mg/kg	<0.0001 %		<LOD
	601-035-00-X	205-910-3	205-82-3							
Total:								0.0444 %		

Key

---

	User supplied data
	Determinand values ignored for classification, see column 'Conc. Not Used' for reason
	Determinand defined or amended by HazWasteOnline (see Appendix A)
	Speciated Determinand - Unless the Determinand is Note 1, the Conversion Factor is used to calculate the compound concentration
<b>&lt;LOD</b>	Below limit of detection
<b>ND</b>	Not detected
CLP: Note 1	Only the metal concentration has been used for classification

**Classification of sample: TP10-29/11/2019-0.50m**

✔ **Non Hazardous Waste**  
**Classified as 17 05 04**  
**in the List of Waste**

**Sample details**

Sample Name: <b>TP10-29/11/2019-0.50m</b>	LoW Code: Chapter:	17: Construction and Demolition Wastes (including excavated soil from contaminated sites)
Moisture content: <b>10.5%</b> (wet weight correction)	Entry:	17 05 04 (Soil and stones other than those mentioned in 17 05 03)

**Hazard properties**

None identified

**Determinands**

Moisture content: 10.5% Wet Weight Moisture Correction applied (MC)

#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.		Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number								
1	antimony { antimony trioxide }				1 mg/kg	1.197	1.071 mg/kg	0.000107 %	✓		
	051-005-00-X	215-175-0	1309-64-4								
2	arsenic { arsenic trioxide }				9.3 mg/kg	1.32	10.99 mg/kg	0.0011 %	✓		
	033-003-00-0	215-481-4	1327-53-3								
3	cadmium { cadmium oxide }				0.5 mg/kg	1.142	0.511 mg/kg	0.0000511 %	✓		
	048-002-00-0	215-146-2	1306-19-0								
4	chromium in chromium(III) compounds { chromium(III) oxide }				64.5 mg/kg	1.462	84.372 mg/kg	0.00844 %	✓		
		215-160-9	1308-38-9								
5	chromium in chromium(VI) compounds { chromium(VI) oxide }				<0.3 mg/kg	1.923	<0.577 mg/kg	<0.0000577 %		<LOD	
	024-001-00-0	215-607-8	1333-82-0								
6	copper { dicopper oxide; copper (I) oxide }				15 mg/kg	1.126	15.115 mg/kg	0.00151 %	✓		
	029-002-00-X	215-270-7	1317-39-1								
7	lead { lead chromate }			1	10 mg/kg	1.56	13.96 mg/kg	0.000895 %	✓		
	082-004-00-2	231-846-0	7758-97-6								
8	mercury { mercury dichloride }				<0.1 mg/kg	1.353	<0.135 mg/kg	<0.0000135 %		<LOD	
	080-010-00-X	231-299-8	7487-94-7								
9	molybdenum { molybdenum(VI) oxide }				1.2 mg/kg	1.5	1.611 mg/kg	0.000161 %	✓		
	042-001-00-9	215-204-7	1313-27-5								
10	nickel { nickel chromate }				39.1 mg/kg	2.976	104.153 mg/kg	0.0104 %	✓		
	028-035-00-7	238-766-5	14721-18-7								
11	selenium { selenium compounds with the exception of cadmium sulphoselenide and those specified elsewhere in this Annex }				<1 mg/kg	2.554	<2.554 mg/kg	<0.000255 %		<LOD	
	034-002-00-8										
12	zinc { zinc chromate }				47 mg/kg	2.774	116.694 mg/kg	0.0117 %	✓		
	024-007-00-3										
13	TPH (C6 to C40) petroleum group		TPH		<52 mg/kg		<52 mg/kg	<0.0052 %		<LOD	
14	tert-butyl methyl ether; MTBE; 2-methoxy-2-methylpropane				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.0000005 %		<LOD	
	603-181-00-X	216-653-1	1634-04-4								



#	Determinand			CLP Note	User entered data	Conv. Factor	Compound conc.	Classification value	MC Applied	Conc. Not Used
	CLP index number	EC Number	CAS Number							
15	benzene				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
	601-020-00-8	200-753-7	71-43-2							
16	toluene				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
	601-021-00-3	203-625-9	108-88-3							
17	ethylbenzene				<0.005 mg/kg		<0.005 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
	601-023-00-4	202-849-4	100-41-4							
18	xylene				<0.01 mg/kg		<0.01 mg/kg	<0.000001 %		<LOD
	601-022-00-9	202-422-2 [1] 203-396-5 [2] 203-576-3 [3] 215-535-7 [4]	95-47-6 [1] 106-42-3 [2] 108-38-3 [3] 1330-20-7 [4]							
19	pH				7.04 pH		7.04 pH	7.04 pH		
			PH							
20	naphthalene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
	601-052-00-2	202-049-5	91-20-3							
21	acenaphthylene				<0.03 mg/kg		<0.03 mg/kg	<0.000003 %		<LOD
		205-917-1	208-96-8							
22	acenaphthene				<0.05 mg/kg		<0.05 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
		201-469-6	83-32-9							
23	fluorene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		201-695-5	86-73-7							
24	phenanthrene				<0.03 mg/kg		<0.03 mg/kg	<0.000003 %		<LOD
		201-581-5	85-01-8							
25	anthracene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		204-371-1	120-12-7							
26	fluoranthene				<0.03 mg/kg		<0.03 mg/kg	<0.000003 %		<LOD
		205-912-4	206-44-0							
27	pyrene				<0.03 mg/kg		<0.03 mg/kg	<0.000003 %		<LOD
		204-927-3	129-00-0							
28	benzo[a]anthracene				<0.06 mg/kg		<0.06 mg/kg	<0.000006 %		<LOD
	601-033-00-9	200-280-6	56-55-3							
29	chrysene				<0.02 mg/kg		<0.02 mg/kg	<0.000002 %		<LOD
	601-048-00-0	205-923-4	218-01-9							
30	benzo[b]fluoranthene				<0.05 mg/kg		<0.05 mg/kg	<0.000005 %		<LOD
	601-034-00-4	205-911-9	205-99-2							
31	benzo[k]fluoranthene				<0.02 mg/kg		<0.02 mg/kg	<0.000002 %		<LOD
	601-036-00-5	205-916-6	207-08-9							
32	benzo[a]pyrene; benzo[def]chrysene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
	601-032-00-3	200-028-5	50-32-8							
33	indeno[123-cd]pyrene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		205-893-2	193-39-5							
34	dibenz[a,h]anthracene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
	601-041-00-2	200-181-8	53-70-3							
35	benzo[ghi]perylene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		205-883-8	191-24-2							
36	polychlorobiphenyls; PCB				<0.035 mg/kg		<0.035 mg/kg	<0.0000035 %		<LOD
	602-039-00-4	215-648-1	1336-36-3							
37	barium { barium oxide }				67 mg/kg	1.117	66.951 mg/kg	0.0067 %	✓	
		215-127-9	1304-28-5							
38	coronene				<0.04 mg/kg		<0.04 mg/kg	<0.000004 %		<LOD
		205-881-7	191-07-1							
39	benzo[j]fluoranthene				<1 mg/kg		<1 mg/kg	<0.0001 %		<LOD
	601-035-00-X	205-910-3	205-82-3							
Total:								0.0467 %		



Key

---

	User supplied data
	Determinand values ignored for classification, see column 'Conc. Not Used' for reason
	Determinand defined or amended by HazWasteOnline (see Appendix A)
	Speciated Determinand - Unless the Determinand is Note 1, the Conversion Factor is used to calculate the compound concentration
<b>&lt;LOD</b>	Below limit of detection
<b>ND</b>	Not detected
CLP: Note 1	Only the metal concentration has been used for classification

## Appendix A: Classifier defined and non CLP determinands

### • **chromium(III) oxide** (EC Number: 215-160-9, CAS Number: 1308-38-9)

Conversion factor: 1.462

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database

Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>

Data source date: 17 Jul 2015

Hazard Statements: Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 , Aquatic Acute 1 H400 , Repr. 1B H360FD , Skin Sens. 1 H317 , Resp. Sens. 1 H334 , Skin Irrit. 2 H315 , STOT SE 3 H335 , Eye Irrit. 2 H319 , Acute Tox. 4 H302 , Acute Tox. 4 H332

### • **TPH (C6 to C40) petroleum group** (CAS Number: TPH)

Description/Comments: Hazard statements taken from WM3 1st Edition 2015; Risk phrases: WM2 3rd Edition 2013

Data source: WM3 1st Edition 2015

Data source date: 25 May 2015

Hazard Statements: Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 , Repr. 2 H361d , Carc. 1B H350 , Muta. 1B H340 , STOT RE 2 H373 , Asp. Tox. 1 H304 , Flam. Liq. 3 H226

### • **ethylbenzene** (EC Number: 202-849-4, CAS Number: 100-41-4)

CLP index number: 601-023-00-4

Description/Comments:

Data source: Commission Regulation (EU) No 605/2014 – 6th Adaptation to Technical Progress for Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. (ATP6)

Additional Hazard Statement(s): Carc. 2 H351

Reason for additional Hazards Statement(s):

03 Jun 2015 - Carc. 2 H351 hazard statement sourced from: IARC Group 2B (77) 2000

### • **pH** (CAS Number: PH)

Description/Comments: Appendix C4

Data source: WM3 1st Edition 2015

Data source date: 25 May 2015

Hazard Statements: None.

### • **acenaphthylene** (EC Number: 205-917-1, CAS Number: 208-96-8)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database

Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>

Data source date: 17 Jul 2015

Hazard Statements: Skin Irrit. 2 H315 , STOT SE 3 H335 , Eye Irrit. 2 H319 , Acute Tox. 1 H310 , Acute Tox. 1 H330 , Acute Tox. 4 H302

### • **acenaphthene** (EC Number: 201-469-6, CAS Number: 83-32-9)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database

Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>

Data source date: 17 Jul 2015

Hazard Statements: Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 , Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 , Aquatic Acute 1 H400 , Skin Irrit. 2 H315 , STOT SE 3 H335 , Eye Irrit. 2 H319

### • **fluorene** (EC Number: 201-695-5, CAS Number: 86-73-7)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database

Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>

Data source date: 06 Aug 2015

Hazard Statements: Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 , Aquatic Acute 1 H400

### • **phenanthrene** (EC Number: 201-581-5, CAS Number: 85-01-8)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database

Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>

Data source date: 06 Aug 2015

Hazard Statements: Skin Irrit. 2 H315 , Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 , Aquatic Acute 1 H400 , Skin Sens. 1 H317 , Carc. 2 H351 , STOT SE 3 H335 , Eye Irrit. 2 H319 , Acute Tox. 4 H302

### • **anthracene** (EC Number: 204-371-1, CAS Number: 120-12-7)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database

Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>

Data source date: 17 Jul 2015

Hazard Statements: Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 , Aquatic Acute 1 H400 , Skin Sens. 1 H317 , Skin Irrit. 2 H315 , STOT SE 3 H335 , Eye Irrit. 2 H319

▪ **fluoranthene** (EC Number: 205-912-4, CAS Number: 206-44-0)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database  
Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>  
Data source date: 21 Aug 2015  
Hazard Statements: Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 , Aquatic Acute 1 H400 , Acute Tox. 4 H302

▪ **pyrene** (EC Number: 204-927-3, CAS Number: 129-00-0)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database; SDS Sigma Aldrich 2014  
Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>  
Data source date: 21 Aug 2015  
Hazard Statements: Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 , Aquatic Acute 1 H400 , STOT SE 3 H335 , Eye Irrit. 2 H319 , Skin Irrit. 2 H315

▪ **indeno[123-cd]pyrene** (EC Number: 205-893-2, CAS Number: 193-39-5)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database  
Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>  
Data source date: 06 Aug 2015  
Hazard Statements: Carc. 2 H351

▪ **benzo[ghi]perylene** (EC Number: 205-883-8, CAS Number: 191-24-2)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database; SDS Sigma Aldrich 28/02/2015  
Data source: <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database>  
Data source date: 23 Jul 2015  
Hazard Statements: Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 , Aquatic Acute 1 H400

▪ **polychlorobiphenyls; PCB** (EC Number: 215-648-1, CAS Number: 1336-36-3)

CLP index number: 602-039-00-4  
Description/Comments: Worst Case: IARC considers PCB Group 1; Carcinogenic to humans; POP specific threshold from ATP1 (Regulation 756/2010/EU) to POPs Regulation (Regulation 850/2004/EC). Where applicable, the calculation method laid down in European standards EN 12766-1 and EN 12766-2 shall be applied.  
Data source: Regulation 1272/2008/EC - Classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. (CLP)  
Additional Hazard Statement(s): Carc. 1A H350  
Reason for additional Hazards Statement(s):  
29 Sep 2015 - Carc. 1A H350 hazard statement sourced from: IARC Group 1 (23, Sup 7, 100C) 2012

▪ **barium oxide** (EC Number: 215-127-9, CAS Number: 1304-28-5)

Conversion factor: 1.117  
Description/Comments: Data from ECHA's C&L Inventory Database, Sigma Aldrich SDS dated 6/2/20  
Data source: <https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database/-/discli/details/88825>  
Data source date: 02 Apr 2020  
Hazard Statements: Acute Tox. 3 H301 , Skin Corr. 1B H314 , Eye Dam. 1 H318 , Acute Tox. 1 H332

▪ **coronene** (EC Number: 205-881-7, CAS Number: 191-07-1)

Description/Comments: Data from C&L Inventory Database; no entries in Registered Substances or Pesticides Properties databases; SDS: Sigma Aldrich, 1907/2006 compliant, dated 2012 - no entries; IARC – Group 3, not carcinogenic.  
Data source:  
<http://clp-inventory.echa.europa.eu/SummaryOfClassAndLabelling.aspx?SubstanceID=17010&HarmOnly=no?fc=true&lang=en>  
Data source date: 16 Jun 2014  
Hazard Statements: STOT SE 2 H371

## Appendix B: Rationale for selection of metal species

### antimony {antimony trioxide}

Worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight and low solubility. Industrial sources include: flame retardants in electrical apparatus, textiles and coatings (edit as required)

### arsenic {arsenic trioxide}

Reasonable case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight and most common (stable) oxide of arsenic. Industrial sources include: smelting; main precursor to other arsenic compounds (edit as required)

### cadmium {cadmium oxide}

Reasonable case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight, very low solubility in water. Industrial sources include: electroplating baths, electrodes for storage batteries, catalysts, ceramic glazes, phosphors, pigments and nematocides. (edit as required) Worst case compounds in CLP: cadmium sulphate, chloride, fluoride & iodide not expected as either very soluble and/or compound's industrial usage not related to site history (edit as required)

#### **chromium in chromium(III) compounds {chromium(III) oxide}**

Reasonable case species based on hazard statements/molecular weight. Industrial sources include: tanning, pigment in paint, inks and glass (edit as required)

#### **chromium in chromium(VI) compounds {chromium(VI) oxide}**

Worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight. Industrial sources include: production stainless steel, electroplating, wood preservation, anti-corrosion agents or coatings, pigments (edit as required)

#### **copper {dicopper oxide; copper (I) oxide}**

Reasonable case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight and insolubility in water. Industrial sources include: oxidised copper metal, brake pads, pigments, antifouling paints, fungicide. (edit as required) Worse case copper sulphate is very soluble and likely to have been leached away if ever present and/or not enough soluble sulphate detected. (edit as required)

#### **lead {lead chromate}**

Worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight (edit as required)

#### **mercury {mercury dichloride}**

Worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight (edit as required)

#### **molybdenum {molybdenum(VI) oxide}**

Worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight (edit as required)

#### **nickel {nickel chromate}**

Worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight (edit as required)

#### **selenium {selenium compounds with the exception of cadmium sulphoselenide and those specified elsewhere in this Annex}**

Harmonised group entry used as most reasonable case. Pigment cadmium sulphoselenide not likely to be present in this soil. No evidence for the other CLP entries: sodium selenite, nickel II selenite and nickel selenide, to be present in this soil. (edit as required)

#### **zinc {zinc chromate}**

Worst case CLP species based on hazard statements/molecular weight (edit as required)

#### **barium {barium oxide}**

Cr VI not detected

## **Appendix C: Version**

HazWasteOnline Classification Engine: **WM3 1st Edition v1.1, May 2018**

HazWasteOnline Classification Engine Version: 2020.88.4220.8373 (28 Mar 2020)

HazWasteOnline Database: 2020.88.4220.8373 (28 Mar 2020)

This classification utilises the following guidance and legislation:

**WM3 v1.1 - Waste Classification** - 1st Edition v1.1 - May 2018

**CLP Regulation** - Regulation 1272/2008/EC of 16 December 2008

**1st ATP** - Regulation 790/2009/EC of 10 August 2009

**2nd ATP** - Regulation 286/2011/EC of 10 March 2011

**3rd ATP** - Regulation 618/2012/EU of 10 July 2012

**4th ATP** - Regulation 487/2013/EU of 8 May 2013

**Correction to 1st ATP** - Regulation 758/2013/EU of 7 August 2013

**5th ATP** - Regulation 944/2013/EU of 2 October 2013

**6th ATP** - Regulation 605/2014/EU of 5 June 2014

**WFD Annex III replacement** - Regulation 1357/2014/EU of 18 December 2014

**Revised List of Wastes 2014** - Decision 2014/955/EU of 18 December 2014

**7th ATP** - Regulation 2015/1221/EU of 24 July 2015

**8th ATP** - Regulation (EU) 2016/918 of 19 May 2016

**9th ATP** - Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 of 19 July 2016

**10th ATP** - Regulation (EU) 2017/776 of 4 May 2017

**HP14 amendment** - Regulation (EU) 2017/997 of 8 June 2017

**13th ATP** - Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 of 4 October 2018

**POPs Regulation 2004** - Regulation 850/2004/EC of 29 April 2004

**1st ATP to POPs Regulation** - Regulation 756/2010/EU of 24 August 2010

**2nd ATP to POPs Regulation** - Regulation 757/2010/EU of 24 August 2010



# APPENDIX 5 - WAC Summary Data





# APPENDIX 6 – S4UL Data



**S4UL - Metals (Residential with homegrown produce), Hackettstown, Skerries, November 2019 - January 2020**

Sample ID	TP-05	TP-06	TP-10	TPI-101	TP-101	TP-104
<b>Sample Depth (m)</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>0.5</b>
Antimony	1	2	1	2	2	2
Arsenic	10.7	8.4	9.3	11.9	9.1	12.4
Barium	58	65	67	59	96	67
Cadmium	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.2
Chromium	53.4	63.6	64.5	83.7	92.9	82.1
Copper	20	14	15	22	19	26
Lead	10	15	10	12	12	18
Mercury	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Molybdenum	1.2	2.6	1.2	5.2	4.2	4.9
Nickel	45.1	27.9	39.1	42.8	38.3	37.4
Selenium	1	<1	<1	2	1	2
Zinc	53	53	47	57	62	57
Hexavalent Chromium	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3

Max Level Detected	Units	Residential with homegrown produce
2	mg/kg	ne
12.4	mg/kg	37
96	mg/kg	ne
0.5	mg/kg	11
92.9	mg/kg	910
26	mg/kg	2,400
48	mg/kg	ne
0	mg/kg	1.2
5.2	mg/kg	ne
45.1	mg/kg	130
2	mg/kg	250
62	mg/kg	3,700
0	mg/kg	6*

S4UL - Organic Compounds (Residential with homegrown produce), Hackettstown, Skerries, November 2019 - January 2020

Residential	TP-05	TP-06	TP-10	TPI-101	TP-101	TP-104
	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
<b>Aliphatics</b>						
>C5-C6	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
>C6-C8	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
>C8-C10	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
>C10-C12	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
>C12-C16	<4	<4	<4	<4	<4	<4
>C16-C21	<7	<7	<7	<7	<7	<7
>C21-C35	<7	<7	<7	<7	<7	<7
>C16-C35	<14	<14	<14	<14	<14	<14
>C35-C40	<7	<7	<7	<7	<7	<7
Total aliphatics C5-40	<26	<26	<26	<26	<26	<26
>C6-C10	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
>C10-C25	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
>C25-C35	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
<b>Aromatics</b>						
>C5-EC7	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
>EC7-EC8	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
>EC8-EC10	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
>EC10-EC12	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
>EC12-EC16	<4	<4	<4	<4	<4	<4
>EC16-EC21	<7	<7	<7	<7	<7	<7
>EC21-EC35	<7	<7	<7	<7	<7	<7
>EC35-EC40	<7	<7	<7	<7	<7	<7
Total aromatics C5-40	<26	<26	<26	<26	<26	<26
Total aliphatics and aromatics(C5-40)	<52	<52	<52	<52	<52	<52
>EC6-EC10	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
>EC10-EC25	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
>EC25-EC35	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
<b>BTEX</b>						
MTBE	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Benzene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Toluene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Ethylbenzene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
m/p-Xylene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
o-Xylene	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
TOC	0.18	1.75	0.25	0.18	0.27	0.3
SOM (Note 1)	0.31	3.02	0.43	0.31	0.47	0.52

Note 1 - TOC \* 1.724

Max Level Detected	Units	Residential with homegrown produce		
		LQM/ClEH Suitable 4 Use Levels (S4ULs) [mg/kg DW]		
		1 % SOM	2.5 % SOM	6 % SOM
0.00	mg/kg	42	78	160
0.00	mg/kg	100	230	530
0.00	mg/kg	27	65	150
0.00	mg/kg	130	330	760
0.00	mg/kg	1,100	2,400	4,300
0.00	mg/kg	ne	ne	ne
0.00	mg/kg	ne	ne	ne
0.00	mg/kg	65000	92000	110000
0.00	mg/kg	ne	ne	ne
0.00	mg/kg	ne	ne	ne
0.00	mg/kg	ne	ne	ne
0.00	mg/kg	ne	ne	ne
0.00	mg/kg	ne	ne	ne
0.00	mg/kg	70	140	300
0.00	mg/kg	130	290	660
0.00	mg/kg	34	83	190
0.00	mg/kg	74	180	380
0.00	mg/kg	140	330	660
0.00	mg/kg	260	540	930
0.00	mg/kg	1,100	1,500	1,700
0.00	mg/kg	ne	ne	ne
0.00	mg/kg	ne	ne	ne
0.00	mg/kg	ne	ne	ne
0.00	mg/kg	ne	ne	ne
0.00	mg/kg	ne	ne	ne
0.00	mg/kg	ne	ne	ne
0.00	mg/kg	0.087	0.17	0.37
0.00	mg/kg	130	290	660
0.00	mg/kg	47	110	260
0.00	mg/kg	56	130	310
0.000	mg/kg	60	140	330
	%			

S4UL - PAHs (Residential with Homegrown Produce), Hackettstown, Skerries, November 2019 - January 2020

	TP-05	TP-06	TP-10	TPI-101	TP-101	TP-104
	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Naphthalene	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
Acenaphthylene	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
Acenaphthene	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Fluorene	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
Phenanthrene	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	0.08	<0.03	<0.03
Anthracene	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
Fluoranthene	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	0.16	<0.03	<0.03
Pyrene	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	0.12	<0.03	<0.03
Benzo(a)anthracene	<0.06	<0.06	<0.06	0.11	<0.06	<0.06
Chrysene	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	0.09	<0.02	<0.02
Benzo(bk)fluoranthene	<0.07	<0.07	<0.07	0.1	<0.07	<0.07
Benzo(a)pyrene	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
Indeno(123cd)pyrene	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
Dibenzo(ah)anthracene	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
Benzo(ghi)perylene	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
Coronene	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
PAH 6 Total	<0.22	<0.22	<0.22	0.26	<0.22	<0.22
PAH 17 Total	<0.64	<0.64	<0.64	0.66	<0.64	<0.64
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	0.07	<0.05	<0.05
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	0.03	<0.02	<0.02
Benzo(j)fluoranthene	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
TOC	0.18	1.75	0.25	0.18	0.27	0.3
SOM (Note 1)	0.31	3.02	0.43	0.31	0.47	0.52

Note 1 - TOC \* 1.724

		Residential with homegrown produce		
Max Level Detected	Units	LQM/CIEH Suitable 4 Use Levels (S4ULs) (mg/kg DW)		
		1 % SOM	2.5 % SOM	6 % SOM
0.00	mg/kg	2.3	5.6	13
0.00	mg/kg	170	420	920
0.00	mg/kg	210	510	1,100
0.00	mg/kg	170	400	860
0.08	mg/kg	95	220	440
0.00	mg/kg	2,400	5,400	11,000
0.16	mg/kg	280	560	890
0.12	mg/kg	620	1,200	2,000
0.11	mg/kg	7.2	11	13
0.09	mg/kg	15	22	27
0.10	mg/kg	ne	ne	ne
0.00	mg/kg	2.2	2.7	3
0.00	mg/kg	27	36	41
0.00	mg/kg	0.24	0.28	0.3
0.00	mg/kg	320	340	350
0.00	mg/kg	ne	ne	ne
0.26	mg/kg	ne	ne	ne
0.66	mg/kg	ne	ne	ne
0.07	mg/kg	2.6	3.3	3.7
0.03	mg/kg	77	93	100
0.00	mg/kg	ne	ne	ne
	%			

# APPENDIX 7 – Potential Material Outlets



<b>Waste Category</b>	<b>Classification Criteria</b>	<b>Potential Outlets</b>
Category A Unlined Soil Recovery Facilities	Soil and Stone only which are free from <sup>14</sup> anthropogenic materials such as concrete, brock timber. Soil must be free from "contamination" e.g. PAHs, Hydrocarbons.	Soil Recovery Facilities, Waste Facility Permitted Sites, COR Sites or potential by-product if deemed not to be a waste and complying with requirements under Article 27 of European Waste Directive Regulations (2011). <sup>15</sup>
Category B1 Inert Landfill	Reported concentrations within inert waste limits, which are set out by the adopted EU Council Decision 2003/33/EC establishing criteria and procedures for the acceptance of waste at landfills pursuant to Article 16 and Annex II of Directive 1999/31/EC (2002). Results also found to be non-hazardous using the HWOL application.	Integrated Materials Solutions Limited Partnership (IMS), Naul, County Dublin W0129-02  Walshestown Landfill Walshestown, Blackhall, Tipperkevin & Bawnoge, Naas, County Kildare W0254-01
Category B2 Inert Landfill	Reported concentrations greater than Category B1 criteria but less than IMS Hollywood Landfill acceptance criteria, as set out in their Waste Licence W0129-02. Results also found to be non-hazardous using the HWOL application*	Integrated Materials Solutions Limited Partnership (IMS), Naul, County Dublin W0129-02  Walshestown Landfill Walshestown, Blackhall, Tipperkevin & Bawnoge, Naas, County Kildare W0254-01 <sup>16</sup>
Category C Non-Haz Landfill	Reported concentrations greater than Category B2 criteria but within non-haz landfill waste acceptance limits set out by the adopted EU Council Decision 2003/33/EC establishing criteria and procedures for the acceptance of waste at landfills pursuant to Article 16 and Annex II of Directive 1999/31/EC (2002). Results also found to be non-hazardous using the HWOL application.	Walshestown Landfill Walshestown, Blackhall, Tipperkevin & Bawnoge, Naas, County Kildare W0254-01 <sup>17</sup>  Ballynagran Landfill, Co. Wicklow. W165-02  Drehid Landfill, Co. Kildare. W0201-01  East Galway Landfill, Co. Galway. W0178-02  Knockharley Landfill, Co. Meath. W0146-02
Category C 1 Non-Haz Landfill	As Category C but containing < 0.001% w/w asbestos fibres.	RILTA Environmental LTD. W0192-03  Enva Portlaoise.

<sup>14</sup> Free from equates to less than 2%.

<sup>15</sup> S.I. No. 126/2011 - European Communities (Waste Directive) Regulations 2011 (Article 27).

<sup>16</sup> Licenced to accept Category B2 material for recovery.

<sup>17</sup> Licenced to accept Category C material for recovery.



		W0184-02
Category C 2 Non-Haz Landfill	As Category C but containing >0.001% and <0.01% w/w asbestos fibres	RILTA Environmental LTD. W0192-03  Enva Portlaoise. W0184-02
Category C Non-Haz Landfill	As Category C but containing >0.01% and <0.1% w/w asbestos fibres.	RILTA Environmental LTD. W0192-03  Enva Portlaoise. W0184-02
Category D Hazardous Treatment	Results found to be hazardous using HWOL Application.	RILTA Environmental LTD. W0192-03  Enva Portlaoise. W0184-02
Category D 1 Hazardous Treatment	Results found to be hazardous due to the presence of asbestos (>0.1%).	RILTA Environmental LTD. W0192-03